NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXI. No. 23266. 報西林字 SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1939 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent: abroad 30 cents.) TWENTY CENTS

東京帝國大學法學部研究室

THE BOY SCOUTS' ASSOCIATION
Shanghai Branch

The Annual Meeting will be held by kind permission of Sir Allan Mossop at H.B.M. Supreme Court, British Consulate-General, on Wednesday, November 15, 1939 at 5.30 p.m. The President of the Association, Sir Herbert Phillips, K.C.M.G. will preside. The Meeting is open to all interested in Scouting. 12388

NOTICE

The Annual General Meeting of the American Club will be held November 21, 1939, at 6 p.m., in the Assembly Room of the Club.

By Order of the General Committee,
A. C. CHAPIN,
Secretary.
12382

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the First Class Passenger Fare Shanghai/Chinwangtao by the Administration's steamers will be reduced as from November 15, 1939, to $150.

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION.
12390

ANNOUNCEMENT

We beg to announce that we have moved one of our Carpet Factories, complete with looms, weavers, foremen, etc., from Tientsin to Shanghai where it is located at the corner of Yulin and Whashing Roads, just off Pingliang Road, Yangtzepoo.

We will have no showroom at present in the Central District but are prepared to take orders at the factory where a complete collection of designs and colour samples are available. Mr. Andrew will be in charge of our factory.

NICHOLS CHINESE RUGS, INC.
-7607

THE NEW ENGINEERING AND SHIPBUILDING WORKS, LTD.
(In Voluntary Liquidation)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Transfer Books of the above-named Company will remain open until 5 p.m. on Tuesday, November 21, 1939, after which date no transfer will be accepted for registration.

I. E. ROBERTS,
T. D. DRYSDALE,
Liquidators.
Shanghai, November 11, 1939.
12389

THE SHANGHAI DOCK AND ENGINEERING CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)

LOST SCRIP

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that certificate No. 4088 for Ten shares numbered 49744 to 49753 in the name of Yu Tien Kee deceased (尤聶記) is alleged to have been lost.

Letters of Administration having been granted by the First District Court: Shanghai to Yu Tse Chien (尤子謙) the legal heir of the deceased, and application having been made to the Directors for issue of a duplicate certificate, in the name of Yu Tse Chien (尤子謙), should no objection be lodged with the Company within thirty days from the date hereof, the application will be complied with, subject to such guarantees as may be approved by the Directors.

By Order of the Board,
D. R. GLASS, A.C.A.,
Secretary.
Shanghai, November 14, 1939.
12386

THE SHANGHAI COTTON MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.
(THE SHANGHAI BOSHOKU KABUSHIKI KWAISHA)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Thirty-Third Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders in the Company will be held at the Head Office, No. 185 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, on Wednesday, November 29, 1939, at 4 p.m. for the purpose of passing the resolutions set forth in the notice to Shareholders dated November 15, 1939.

The Transfer Books will be closed from November 17 to November 29, 1939, both days inclusive.

THE SHANGHAI COTTON MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.
Shanghai, November 15, 1939.
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To-day's Events
NOVEMBER

15 Boy Scouts' Annual Meeting, H. M. Supreme Court, 5.30
15 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
15 Violin Recital, Prof. A. Wittenberg, American Women's Club, 9
15 A.D.C., 'The Man with a Load of Mischief,' (net proceeds for the United Services Association) Lyc. Theatre, 9.15
15 Brazilian National Day (1889)
15 Empress Dowager died (1908)
15 Philippines Commonwealth inaugurated (1935)

N.C.D.N. Broadcast: 12.45 and 9 p.m.
Station XMHD: 760 kilo., 395 metres

Coming Events
NOVEMBER

16 Rotary Club Metropole Hotel, 12.15
16 Cradle bridge/mahjongg, International Bridge Club, 304 Mohawk Road, 3
16 Royal Asiatic Society Meeting, 5.30
16 B.U.S.C. Lecture: 'Chinese Agriculture' by Dr. J. G. Ledwidge, 114 Peking Rd., 5.30
16 For. Y. Debate: 'Wives and Employment'
16 Song Recital, N. Schwarz, A.W.C., 9
16 A.D.C., 'The Man with a Load of Mischief,' (net proceeds for the United Services Association) Lyc. Theatre, 9.15
17 B.W.A. Home & G'den. Section, 10
17 Shanghai Camera Club, Lecture, 330 Szechuen Road, 9
17 A.D.C., 'The Man with a Load of Mischief,' (net proceeds for the United Services Association) Lyc. Theatre, 9.15
18 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
18 A.D.C. 'The Man With A Load of Mischief' (net proceeds for the United Services Association) Lyc. Theatre, 3
18 J.R.C. annual dance, A.W.C., 9
18 A.D.C., 'The Man with a Load of Mischief,' (net proceeds for the United Services Association) Lyc. Theatre, 9.15
19 Municipal Orchestra, 6th Symphony Concert, Lyceum Theatre, 5.15
20 Engineering Society Meeting, 5.45
20 Rotary Club, Inter-City Meeting, Bankers' Club, 8
21 A.W.C. Library Tiffin, 12.30
21 Vladimir Havsky in a piano recital, Lyceum Theatre, 9.15
21 For. Y. Lecture: 'Living Costs' by Miss E. M. Hinder
22 S'hai. Horticultural Society's Autumn Flower Show, Shanghai Race Club
22 Lions Club tiffin, Navy Y. 12.30
23 S'hai. Horticultural Society's Autumn Flower Show, Shanghai Race Club
23 American Thanksgiving Service, Holy Trinity Cathedral, 11 a.m.
23 'Vagabond King', music by W. Kollo, Russian Light Opera, Lyceum, 8.45
24 B.W.A. Jumble Sale, 9.30 a.m.
24 Shanghai Golf Club annual general meeting, American Club, 6.15
25 'Vagabond King,' Lt. Opera, Lyc., 8.45
26 'Vagabond King,' Lt. Opera, Lyc., 8.45
27 League of Pals, First Annual General Meeting
28 For. Y. Lecture: 'Chinese Art' by Dr. J. C. Ferguson
28 A.W.C. Bridge/Mahjongg, 3
29 Prof. Porgé Cello-Recital. At the piano: Hans Baer, A.W.C., 9
30 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
30 B.W.A. Tea and Concert, 4.15
30 B.U.S.C. Lecture: 'Chaucer', R. B. Whittington, M.SC., C. C. Club, 5.30
30 Community Church Concert, 9
30 Ballet Russe, gala performance of 'Notre Dame de Paris', ballet in 3 acts, music by Drigo, Lyceum, 9

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THE CHINA HONG LIST

Closing of Entries for 1940 Edition

SHANGHAI Firms and Residents are notified that entries for the 1940 Edition of the China Hong List will close TO-DAY, after which no changes will be considered.

THE PUBLISHERS, 17 THE BUND

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Board of Directors have this day declared an Interim Dividend on account of the year ending January 31, 1940 of Three Chinese Dollar cents per share payable on November 25, 1939 to Shareholders on the Register on that date.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from November 20 to November 25, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries & General Managers.
Shanghai, November 13, 1939.
12384

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Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

A Personal Note

A personal Christmas Card with a message of your own, to your relatives and friends is a very pleasant way of saying "A Merry Christmas." Choose your appropriate message card from our selection, printed with your name, in our up-to-date jobbing plant. Also accept all kinds of printing, cocktail cards, wedding invitations and stationery. Children's books and toys, Push and 4-colour pencils and fountain pens; also undertake repairs of any make. We solicit a visit to our shop.

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PHOTOGRAPHS

Boy Scouts' Jamboree
Comic Dog Show
Autumn Race Meeting
Corps Sergeants Mess Dinner
Police Parade Reception
French Ambassador's Departure
Annual Police Parade
Local Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" and Sunday PICTORIAL SECTION are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

The "North-China Daily News" will be glad to send its photographer to public and private parties and events without obligation. Requests should be addressed to Photograph Department, "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS."

COST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

4 x 6 enlargements	$1.50 each
5 x 7 enlargements	$2.50 each
6 x 8 enlargements	$3.00 each
8 x 10 enlargements	$4.00 each

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The "North-China Daily News" is now supplementing its service of daily news broadcasts by the addition of two broadcasts in Chinese, Sundays excepted. These will be given over Station XMHD at 1.30 p.m. and 9.15 p.m.

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor"

Misrepresentation :

Effect of Ignorant Bias

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In its issue of November 3, 1939 a local contemporary published an editorial article entitled "Significant Documents of the War" in which statements by a Shanghai weekly paper were quoted. It is to be feared that the article is misleading in several respects. Firstly, it is incorrect that the world had to wait "nearly weeks" before it was told that Britain was receptive to the idea of friendship with Germany. On the contrary British statesmen often made statements to that effect and in particular the Prime Minister in his speech in the House of Commons on August 29 stated that "His Majesty's Government have also frequently expressed their desire to see the realisation of such an Anglo-German understanding." (Blue Book p.132). Secondly, after giving word for word part of a telegram from Sir Nevile Henderson to Lord Halifax on August 28 in which the sentence "Herr Hitler asked whether England would be willing to accept an alliance with Germany" occurred, the comment was made "More—that even a *military* alliance with Nazi Germany was not out of the question." Why should the writer of the article insert the word "military" if not to mislead?

It is evident that the anti-British bias of the writer leads him to see hypocrisy in every action of Great Britain. After all, is it not a principle of every-day life that if a person does the right thing he or she is worthy of friendship? Similarly, if a nation is prepared to conduct its affairs with humanity and justice the hand of friendship should surely not be withdrawn from it. Of course it is sometimes a very big "IF".

The writer sneers at Great Britain because she has concluded a part of mutual assistance with Turkey, but it would indeed be a sad state of affairs if nations which were once at enmity could never again be friends. Even if the motives for such friendship are those of mutual interest, does that make the friendship any the worse?

BRITON.

Shanghai, Nov. 14.

A Decoration :

More Explanations

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Permit me to reply to the argument submitted by M.I.M.E. supporting his opinion that the decoration should have been given to the chief engineer instead of the master of the Mopan for the following reasons which, by the way, cannot be based on Reuter's rather brief report, but are more or less as M.I.M.E. imagines them to be :—

1. The chief engineer screwed down the boiler safety valves thus bringing the speed up to 16½ knots.
2. He broke B.O.T. Regulations by interfering with safety valves and endangered his Certificate if he had revealed this.

I will not dispute the possibility of this being the case but I shall endeavour to point out that it gives no valid reason why the decoration should have gone to anyone other than the master as there was no individual case of outstanding gallantry reported.

In the first case, it is also possible that the Mopan escaped not because her speed was reportedly increased to 16½ knots but because, on account of some defect or otherwise, the sub's engines could not be opened out to their normal surface speed at short notice after having been stopped for some time. However, assuming that the Chief screwed down the safety valves the position aboard would be :—The Master (in command of all departments) orders the Chief Engineer, who is only head of one department, to get maximum steam pressure and open engines out to the limit. The Chief screws down the safety valves, directs subordinate engineers, etc., and gets the firemen to pile on the coal. Now every man in the engine-room and stokehold takes the same physical risk, so the only reason for the Chief to be specially recognized would be because he was head of his department and carried the responsibility. So is it with the Master who ran no more risks than the others but was responsible for the entire ship.

In the second case, assuming that the speed had been abnormally increased, it would be immediately apparent to any B.O.T. officer that some considerable risk had been taken with the engines and boilers, implying unusual risks taken by the Chief Engineer, but as circumstances warranted such risks no action against the Chief would even be considered. Risking a certificate in itself can scarcely call for a decoration. Take, for instance, a Master in charge of a mail boat who, if he slows down in fog and cannot keep a time-table, probably gets shifted to a cargo boat, but if he maintains his speed and has a serious accident he loses his certificate and his livelihood. Just another of a seaman's blessings.

Suppose a number of the Mopan's crew had been killed by shell-fire and the vessel finally sunk, it is quite possible that the Master would have been censured for taking unnecessary risks with the lives of the men under his command.

I do not wish to minimize the importance of the Chief Engineer's work and I am sure that when the usual enquiry is held, and it transpires that his work called for recognition, he will be given a suitable decoration. If otherwise, he will still have the satisfaction of knowing that he did what Britain expected of him—his duty.

MAC.

Shanghai, Nov. 11.

***This correspondence is now closed. —ED.

Sunday's Concert :

Programme Criticized

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Maestro Paci rendered a very bad service to Italian music when arranging last Sunday's programme. Respighi's "Gregorian Concerto" is one of the most uninspired symphonies composed by the great Italian musician. The two impressions by Malipiero could be included in a programme arranged differently but certainly not in yesterday's. As to the Entr'acte and Viennese Waltz, these were so flat and bombastic that even Shanghai's excellent orchestra failed to convince the public that they were rendering something which was meant to be original.

Surely Maestro Paci could have chosen more inspired music for the Italian Concert.

LYRIC.

Shanghai, Nov. 13.

Low Price Shares :

High Brokerage Rate

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Landlords have recently been severely criticized as profiteers in the local press, but I suggest that stockbrokers also should be so dubbed.

Purchasing a small number of rubber shares round about a dollar I find I have been charged two cents a share brokerage plus another two cents I must pay when I sell, which means my stock must advance four cents a share for the broker's benefit alone. I consider the brokerage absolutely excessive and in the future shall circumvent such retention by buying and selling my shares via your classified advertising column.

BABOOSHKA.

Shanghai, Nov. 12.

Local Conditions :

Need for Men of Character

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Several significant points are raised by V.F.G. in her apology for Chinese students who have dissociated themselves from their country in the grave crisis now facing it. She speaks of the "overproduction of man-power" in China, but she fails to add that there has been an appalling wastage of it because of the lack of trained and competent leaders. The masses of China have been largely left to fend for themselves, or to submit to the conquerors, whose attitude towards and treatment of them has been no more callous than that of their own superior fellow countrymen. I should like to point out that in Shanghai there is a very great surplus of competent doctors who consider it cheaper to let their defenders die uncared for than to risk their precious lives bothering with them. Also there is a surplus of "political scientists" in Shanghai who might more profitably be serving their country in educating the people. If ever there will be a time when trained men are needed in China, it is now before large areas of China are permanently lost to the Central Government. Those of us who have come from the interior realize the great need of leaders to organize the great man-power of China into effective resistance. Whether the type of education received in Shanghai produces the kind of leaders needed is of course another question. Men of character are far more essential to China right now than students with a superficial knowledge of Western subjects will be in the very uncertain future.

The point is not whether Chinese students should fight but whether they should assume some responsibility for the welfare of the great masses of people. If they are conceived as an inexhaustible horde that can be endlessly pitted against Japanese guns, then for what are the Chinese fighting? Is their attitude towards this "surplus of man-power" any different from that of former Chinese officials who made no effort to relieve famines because they considered them checks against a surplus population? If Chinese so lightly disregard their own fellow countrymen, then why not let Japanese-sponsored governments take over the job? Several heads of local educational institutions and a considerable number of students have seen the hopelessness of remaining inactive in Shanghai and are on the point of severing completely their ties to Chungking. Even those who have chosen to remain inert indefinitely will very soon have to jump off the fence, on which there has too long been a surplus of man-power. If every human creature does not have the same right to live, then by what criterion should the surplus be judged?

DEMOCRAT.

Shanghai, Nov. 13.

The Country Diarist :

Questions from a Reader

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Mr. Wilkinson will, perhaps, kindly give some enlightenment on the following subject.

I was, yesterday afternoon, walking in the country near Chipao, when, above the horizon, rose two flights of what I believe were wild ducks or geese. The birds were undoubtedly very large, as, navigating quite high, they still appeared of a great size. Their wings were beating very fast and they made a tremendous speed as less than two minutes were required to disappear to the South. There were about fifty birds in V-formation and this great flock in perfect order made a thrilling picture in the cloudy and already dark autumn sky. What were they, where did they come from and where did they go? What instinct urged them to adopt this flight formation and what is the advantage of it?

They followed their leader whose size did not exceed that of the other birds. Why was he the leader? Was it by chance or by an instinctive understanding among those migrators who recognized him as the one who would the most surely lead them to their final destination? Were they going to land for the night and would their leader select a place for them?

From time to time they cawed as if tired and asking for rest but their powerful wings beat ceaselessly and it seemed that those "pilgrims of the air" were in a hurry to reach those "tepid shores" mentioned by Maupassant in his beautiful poetry "The wild geese."

R. D.

Shanghai, Nov. 14.

Tokyo Sends Exhibits To Siamese Show

Bangkok Fair to Celebrate Thailand Constitution

Tokyo, Nov. 14.

The M.B.K. steamer Akashisan Maru sailed from Kobe yesterday, carrying many Japanese articles for display at the Bangkok exhibition, starting on December 12, in commemoration of the promulgation of the Thailand constitution.

Mr. Shinji Sekido, Director of the Foreign Trade Department of the Tokyo Chamber of Commerce and Industry, sailed in the same ship to supervize the Japanese department in the Bangkok exhibition.

A brilliant float, contributed by the Society of International Cultural Relations to Miss Siam, was also taken by Mr. Sekido.

All exhibits will be contributed to Siam after the exhibition is over. The Miss Siam of 1940 will also be chosen at the forthcoming erhibition. —Reuter.

Pope Pius Denounces Materialism

Christian Youth Facing Distressing Errors

Rome, Nov. 13.

Christian youth faced the distressing errors of naturalism and materialism which, by precipitating the world into an appalling catastrophe, had given cruel proof of the falseness of a philosophy grounded on human bases, declared Pope Pius XII today in a broadcast to America on the 50th anniversary of the Catholic University at Washington.

In conclusion, the Pope blessed the teachers and pupils of the University, as well as the Episcopate and all Catholics in the United States.—Reuter.

The Destitute :

Sick Men in the Streets

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I address you with a question, which has, it seems to me, a right to general attention. I often see in different parts of the town, in the most crowded roads of the French Concession as well as, for instance, in Brenan Road, in front of the Tuberculosis Hospital, an evidently seriously-ill man laying on the street for hours or even for days. The unfortunate often cannot drag himself on. I saw one, who was not able even to eat the food which was brought to him by kind-hearted coolies. Neither the policeman nor the passers-by made any attempt to help them. I wonder whether there is anywhere in Shanghai a hospital to bring such unfortunate men to or at least a sheltered place; and if there is any, what has one to do, who wishes to help in such cases?

HUMANITY.

Shanghai, Nov. 14.

Wanted :

Map of Shanghai Environs

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—May I encroach on your space with a view to obtaining information on the following subject: I have recently visited the majority of local bookstores trying to find a map showing, more or less in detail, the country in the vicinity of Shanghai (I am interested essentially in the map that shows highways), but the best I was offered was a map of Shanghai proper which embraces the area whose outermost points are: Hungjao Aerodrome-Southern confines of Kiangwan-Shanghai College-South Station. Certainly there must be a somewhat more extensive map. Could you, or any of your readers, kindly suggest where such a map can be procured?

MOTOR.

Shanghai, Nov. 13.

Refugee Milk Fund :

A Welcome Donation

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Mr. I. Abrams of New York was good enough to donate yesterday US$10—to the Milk Fund.

This generous donation enables me to supply milk, for a time, to two special cases of invalids who would, otherwise, not have benefited by the milk which the doctors ordered for them as absolutely necessary diet.

Whilst I deprecate appearing in print with such frequency, I trust that the public will forgive me and allow that, in this case, "the end justifies the means."

PAUL KOMOR.

Shanghai, Nov. 14.

Cinema Millinery :

Those Towering Headpieces

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It is my fervent hope that considerate ladies will incline more to the pancake style rather than the turret shapes. For a man of average stature, sitting behind, these towering structures are literally a pain in the neck.

Why not those coloured handkerchiefs tied around the heads for cinema shows?

J. C. DE B.

Shanghai, Nov. 14.

A Success :

Churchill's Broadcast Speech

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I consider the above a masterpiece, and as valuable as any military success.

I suggest you reprint it on a loose leaf, and present it with your tomorrow's issue of the "N.C.D.N." for further publicity.

Perhaps our Nazi friends would like to send a copy home.

JOHN C. PORTER.

Shanghai, Nov. 14.

How the Bible Came to China

Broadcast Over the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association by Rev. W. H. Hudspeth, October 30

IF the narrative be true that Thomas, one of the twelve disciples, called also Didymus, visited China, then it is possible that he brought with him a copy of some parts of the Old Testament and this would have been the first occasion on which the Scriptures may be said to have come to this country. As, however, the story of St. Thomas's Chinese ministry is not found in authoritative Church history, we cannot regard it as by any means certain, though its interest and sacred pathos are so deep that we would like to have had sufficient evidence to authenticate it.

The first known missionaries to preach the Word of God in China were the Nestorians who, in the year A. D. 635, led by A-Lo-pen, arrived at Ch'ang-an, now known as Hsi-an in Shensi, then the capital of China. From the renowned Nestorian tablet which was erected in 781 and which may still be seen in the Pei-lin, a collection of ancient inscriptions in Hsi-an, we learn that books were brought to China by these Nestorian missionaries and some of them translated. That great Chinese scholar Alexander Wylie, who by the way was a secretary of this Bible Society, was of the opinion that possibly the whole of the New Testament was translated into Chinese though it was not printed. We have no trace of these manuscripts now but it is beyond doubt that the translated Word was made known to many followers. The Nestorians seem to have been kindly received and to have made large numbers of converts. Then, for some reason, their influence waned and disappeared.

A Franciscan Arrives

In 1294, Brother John de Monte Corvina of the Roman Catholic Church (a Franciscan) arrived in China. He too was kindly received and was highly successful in his work. A Church was built in Peking and the New Testament and the Psalms were probably translated into Chinese. This too has disappeared and in 1368 there was a change in the ruling dynasty and the new rulers bitterly persecuted what they regarded as a foreign religion.

Another entrance into China was effected by Matteo Ricci and his illustrious companions in 1580. Again the work was, for many years, crowned with success, but once more persecution broke out and in 1724 Christianity was forbidden by edict and all missionaries were banished. Ricci, a prodigy of industry and learning, does not appear to have found time to translate the Scriptures.

An Old Book

In 'Christians in China before the Year 1550' Professor A. C. Moule of Cambridge gives some interesting sidelights on Latin Bibles in this country. He gives a quotation from Martinus Martini (1655) which says "My companion and I also saw here (in Ch'ang-Chou, Kiangsu...not far from Shanghai) an old book in the house of a scholar very well written in Gothic letters, on the thinnest parchment in place of paper and containing the greater part of the holy Scripture in Latin. I tried to obtain the book, but its owner, though he was a heathan, could not be prevailed upon by entreaty or money to give it up, for he said that the book had been kept in his family for many generations past as a most rare relic of antiquity." I like to think that that Chinese wouldn't part with his Latin Bible for money or gifts!

In the Laurentian Library at Florence there is a Latin Bible of the 13th century which was obtained at Ch'ang-chou and it seems to be quite possible that this is the book which Martini says he saw. I wonder.

While it is fascinatingly interesting to glimpse at these early days of bringing the Scriptures to China, the Church which truly gave the Bible to China was the Protestant Church and the spiritual father of this Bible was Robert Morrison.

Now I wish to give to you an account of this great missionary from the March number of the Society's magazine 'The Bible In The World.'

Robert Morrison

Robert Morrison was of humble parentage and used to work with his father sometimes twelve or fourteen hours a day making shoe-lasts. Yet he would read and study whenever opportunity offered—often making the opportunity by having a book propped up on his bench—and so he acquired a good education. It was his dream to become a minister or a missionary. There seemed very little chance of that dream ever coming true and his relations gave him every discouragement, yet he persisted in it. Time proved that that dream was more than a dream and that it was the very call of God, for that great Missionary Society The London Missionary Society accepted him as a missionary and appointed him to China.

So Morrison began to learn the language, sharing rooms with a Chinese lad in London in order to pick it up more quickly. At last the time came for him to begin his great adventure, and he travelled to China by way of America, since the East India Company were no more willing to accept him as a passenger than they had been to take Carey to India. In New York he met a man who said to him sarcastically, "So, Mr. Morrison, you really expect to make an impression on the idolatry of the vast Chinese Empire?" To which Morrison replied, "No sir, but I expect God will."

Lands in China

On September 7, 1807, Morrison landed in China to find himself hemmed in with problems. No Chinese dared to teach the Chinese language to a stranger, under penalty of death. Foreigners were only allowed in China for purposes of trade. What could he do in the circumstances? He disguised himself as a Chinese, cultivated a pig-tail and became quite skilful in the use of chop-sticks. Driven out of Canton, he went to the Portuguese settlement of Macao, where he lived for some time in a wretched little room, the rent of which the landlord doubled when its roof fell in on him.

His First Convert

Everything seemed against him until in 1809 the East India Company made him their official translator, a position which not only entitled him to reside in China but provided him with the means for more efficiently and speedily carrying out his work. After seven years—seven years, mark you—Morrison baptized his first convert. That was the beginning of the Protestant Church in China—one Christian. Today Protestant Missions report over 807,000 adherents and 239,655 pupils in their schools. In 1812 Morrison finished his Grammar, in 1813 the New Testament, in 1819 the whole Bible, and in 1821 his great Dictionary. In 1824 Morrison returned to England, when he was received by the King. He went to China again in 1826 and stayed there until his death in 1834.

Gave Bible to China

Were you to judge Morrison only by the handful of converts he made or by the area of China in which he endeavoured to preach the Gospel, you would be estimating the value of his work without including the task that before all else he set himself to accomplish, the task of giving the Chinese the Bible in their own tongue. That task he was enabled by God to carry to a successful conclusion, and that is what we should bear in mind when we think of Morrison today. It is what he himself desired. "By the Chinese Bible," he said, "when dead, I shall yet speak." So Britain sent the Bible to China."

During these days of stress and strain, of hatred and bitter estrangement, to be engaged in a labour which breaks down national and racial barriers and makes one community of all the nations of the earth is to be engaged in real creative work. We would ask you therefore to continue to pray for us and to share with us the responsibility as well as the joy of distributing God's Word and of making known the Good News throughout this great country.

Dominion Ministers Visit R.A.F. Base

Display of Fighter Squadron Witnessed in France

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Nov. 13.

Mr. Anthony Eden, Secretary of State for the Dominions, and representatives of the Dominions and India today visited the Royal Air Force headquarters in France, where they lunched.

They inspected the key-room, where details of R.A.F. operations are planned, and later witnessed a display of flying given by a fighter squadron, a young New Zealand member of which last week destroyed a Dornier bomber over a nearby village.

The party met and talked to other Dominion members of the R.A.F. —Reuter.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," OF NOVEMBER 15, 1869

We have not space to comment at length today on the proceedings at the last meeting of the Municipal Council, but we must express satisfaction that the plot of open land adjoining the present Municipal premises has been purchased at a reasonable rate. It is admirably situated for Municipal purposes, and there is little danger that the purchase will be rejected by the land renters, although it has been made without their special authorization.

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In Cargo Salesroom—Now On View
To-day, Wednesday, November 15, 1939, at 2 p.m.
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HUGH MARTIN, Managing Director.

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at 5 p.m.
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2 GREY GELDING 13-2, N/123, aged, "Y" Class.
3 BLACK END Brown 13-1, A/72, "Y" Class, Griffin of 1939 started, Good jumper. Excellent cross country pony. Believed sound.
4 CLEVER CHAP Brown 13-0, A/39, S.R.C. 1939 griffin, started.
5 INTERIM Bay 13-0, A/86, S.R.C. 1939 Sub-griffin, winner of two-races and placed several times. Last race won at The Autumn Official Race Meeting 5th day.
6 THE MARS Grey 13-2, L/78, "Y" Class, Winner of many races. Owner reducing stable.
7 ELOPEMENT Chestnut 13-1, J/191, Griffin of 1937, winner and placed many times. Owner reducing stable.
8 SOOTYLIGHT Black 13-1, F/18, "Y" Class, winner and placed.
9 BACULOT Chestnut 13-1, G/299, "Y" Class, Good jumper.
10 GREAT SURPRISE Grey 13-0, A/63, S.R.C. 1939 Sub-griffin, winner of one race.
11 GREAT BLESSING Grey 13-0, A/109, "Y" Class.
12 STOLZENFELS Grey 13-2, P/171, "Y" Class, winner and placed. Good jumper, Played polo and excellent cross country pony.
13 1-PING Dark Grey pony 13-1.
14 SCHOUBERT Chestnut pony 13-0.

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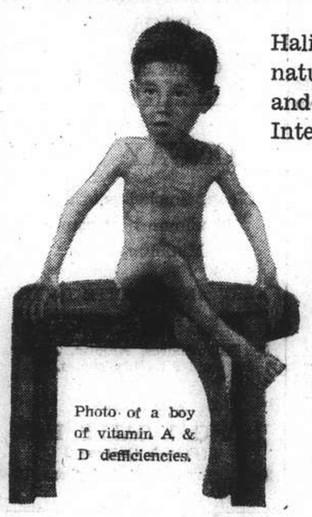

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Germany's Economic Weakness Contrasted With 1914

In the Last War, German Economists Held That the Nation Was Unconquerable with Regard to Her Food

By Barnard Ellinger

(In "The Times" Trade and Engineering Supplement)

DR. Helferich, formerly Director of the Deutsche Bank, and a Minister in the German Government during the last war, wrote in 1913: "The increase of our economic power supports and strengthens our political and military position. Our economic development has enabled us, and will continue to enable us, to raise the huge sum needed to bring our defensive forces on land and water to such a point in numbers and equipment as will permit us to confront our enemy without fear."

Sixteen German economists and statisticians reported in 1914 on Germany's food position. They wrote that a conclusion which could be drawn from their investigations was "that Germany with proper care is unconquerable even with regard to her food supply." Four years later both these prophecies were proved to be false. The resistance of Germany was worn down by the economic forces operating against her.

The purpose of this article is to examine the economic position of our enemies at the outbreak of war in 1914—the German Empire and the dual monarchy of Austria-Hungary—and to compare that position with the conditions now existing in Germany, including the late Austrian Republic and Czecho-Slovakia which she has recently subjugated.

Areas Compared

Germany and Austria-Hungary entered the last war with a territory, excluding colonies, approximately double that of the new German Reich including Austria and Czecho-Slovakia, and in that territory in 1914 there lived 103,000,000 inhabitants, against a present population of 86,000,000—in other words, a territory nearly double that which they now possess fed and maintained a population which was only 17 per cent. larger. At the conclusion of the war of 1914 Germany ceded Eupen and Malmedy to Belgium and restored Schleswig-Holstein to Denmark. But the cession of these two territories involved no great economic sacrifices. Much more important was the loss of part of Upper Silesia with its coal and of Alsace-Lorraine with its coal, iron, and great textile exporting industry. Austria's losses to Yugoslavia of Croatia and Bosnia and Herzegovina were also of minor economic importance. Much more serious were the losses of territory in Poland, including the oilfields in Galicia and the great grainbearing plains of Hungary, for after the war the dual monarchy ceased to exist.

In 1914 all the iron, coal, oil, and grain which were furnished to our then enemies by the territories which they have since lost were paid for in German marks or in Austrian crowns. Today, in so far as Germany can secure these products at all, they must be paid for either by her manufactured goods or by foreign money which by some means she must acquire.

German Productivity

It is necessary, however, in order to judge Germany's economic position now relative to 1914 to examine whether she has made up in increased productivity for any loss which she suffered through her cession of territory. Figures given by Dr. Elsas in the London and Cambridge Economic Service show that even with her reduced territory the new Reich (excluding Bohemia and Moravia) produced 30 per cent. more coal, over double the amount of lignite, 80 per cent. more iron, and double the quantity of steel that she produced in 1913.

Other authorities show that in coal she is self-sufficient but has to import 68 per cent. of the iron ore which she uses in order to satisfy her peace-time requirements, which, of course, will be greatly augmented during the war. Of Buna (her substitute for rubber) she is producing only about one-fifth of her peace-time consumption, but has built a large works and hopes to produce considerably more.

Meanwhile Buna is costing her six or seven times the world price of rubber. Although she produced in 1938 61 per cent. of light motor fuel and 82 per cent. of peace-time consumption of kerosene, taking mineral oils together, her home production was little more than one-third of her consumption. Her war-time needs are estimated to be at least two or three times greater than her peace-time consumption.

Germany has made great efforts to become self sufficient in synthetic textile fibres by means of her production of Zellwolle, which increased sevenfold between 1932 and 1938, and yet now forms only 42 per cent. of her consumptive capacity. Quality has materially suffered by substitution of synthetic fibres for cotton and wool, and the cost is far greater than the world price of these commodities.

Of minor commodities the old Reich produced in 1937, 6 per cent. of her consumption of bauxite, 12 per cent. of sulphur, 20 per cent. of copper metal, no manganese ore (but Austria produces some), no cotton, 10 per cent. of flax and hemp, 40 per cent. of lead ore, and half the zinc which she consumes in peace-time. Of many other metals used in the manufacture of armament steel Germany has no home production.

Self-Sufficiency Broken Reed

Speaking at Nuremberg on September 17, 1936, Herr Hitler said: "If anyone should say to us 'Germany cannot buy enough rubber,' then I should answer: 'Factories will spring up and we shall ride on our own rubber soon.' If anyone should say to me, 'You talk so much of motorization,' yet you are without petrol,' then I will say. 'We will take the petrol we need from our own German soil and distil it from German coal.'"

In the following month General Goering said: "New factories will be erected for artificial petrol, for wool to clothe us. I shall make Hitler's promise come true—that in eighteen months we shall be independent of foreign oil and petrol. Experts will explore the whole of Germany. It would be strange if there were no copper or nickel in all Germany." Again, Herr Hitler, speaking in the Reichstag on February 20, 1938, said: "By means of the measures introduced earlier the production of iron ore will be increased by 1940 to 20,000,000 tons. In addition, there is the supplementary production initiated by Field-Marshal Goering in execution of the Four-year Plan.

In this connection the Hermann-Göring works will in 1940 represent a contribution of over 21,000,000 tons. German iron-ore production will thus amount in 1940 to at least 45,000,000 tons, as compared with 1,000,000-2,000,000 tons in 1932."

The war has come a few months before 1940, but it is abundantly clear that neither in rubber, petrol and other mineral oils, copper, nickel, nor iron ore is German production sufficient even for her peace-time needs, and falls far short of her war-time consumption of these commodities.

Between the outbreak of the war of 1914 and the commencement of Hitler's war Germany's self-sufficiency in foodstuffs has not materially improved. In 1909-13 she was producing on the average 80 per cent. of her consumption, and in 1937, 82 per cent. The "Institut für Konjunkturforschung's" last report says that the volume of agricultural production to-day is about as high as that of 1913-14.

That is for the old Reich, but neither Austria nor Czechoslovakia is nearly as self-sufficient in the production of foods as is Germany. Germany may be slightly better off as regards volume, but in calorific value it is estimated there has been a decline of 8 per cent. During the war of 1914 Germany experienced a serious shortage of fats, and today the old Reich still has to import about half of her supply. Austria exported to Germany and other countries and can make up some of the deficiency; on the other hand, Sudetenland, as regards shortage, is in the same position as the old Reich. So that again in this war her position as regards fats is likely to be serious.

The old Reich in 1937 was self-sufficient in barley, rye, and oats, and possibly meat, but produced only about four-fifths of her peace-time production of butter, wheat, fruit, fish, and eggs.

Labour Factor

In comparing Germany's present food position with that of the commencement of the war of 1914, there are other serious factors existing to-day which must be taken into consideration. The amount of labour which she had available in 1914 to increase her production was considerable; to-day it is non-existent.

It has been officially estimated in Germany that before the present war broke out there was already a shortage of 800,000 agricultural farm workers, and it is notorious that in industry generally there has been for some time a serious shortage of both skilled and unskilled industrial labour. Moreover, hours have been lengthened, woman's labour was already fully employed at the outbreak of war, and there have been signs that the strain imposed on workers has reduced efficiency and led to a decline in their productivity.

The case in 1914 was entirely different. Mr. J. M. Keynes, writing about Germany in the "Economic Journal" at the beginning of the war of 1914, pointed out that although during the first three weeks 20 to 25 per cent. of her trade unionists had been called to the colours there was 20 per cent. on the average (varying from ten to 50 per cent.) of unemployed workers. He said that there was "widespread unemployment, far more widespread than even was the case in this country.

"The reduction of this enormous volume of unemployment was one of the principal preoccupations of German economists during these two months. ... The public was besought not to postpone their demands but to purchase what was necessary as nearly as possible as usual. The discovery that the fundamental difficulty would turn out to be not unemployment but shortage of labour had not apparently been made."

To Tighten Belts

Relief works were started in many cities, and a beginning was made in Berlin with the construction of further underground railways in order to give employment to the many starving workers in the capital. Although all able-bodied men up to 40 had been called up, there remained 100,000 unemployed in Berlin. Today Field-Marshal Goering is exhorting the people not to buy as usual but to tighten their belts, as indeed they have been told to do for some time. As more and more men are called to the colours the amount of agricultural and industrial production must decline, although more industrial commodities will be required for military purposes, and probably more agricultural products, for armies must be well fed.

In dealing with this aspect of Germany's problems it must be remembered that her people have for some time been accustomed to short commons in various foodstuffs, and that she starts the present war with ration cards which were only introduced into Germany many months after the commencement of the war of 1914. This cuts both ways: on one hand civilian consumption of food is diminished at the beginning or even before the beginning of the war, consequently such food as is available can be spread over a longer time; on the other hand the shortage already experienced and the earlier introduction of ration cards begin the reduction in the stamina of the people earlier than was the case between 1914 and 1918.

Stocks in Hand

It is claimed, however, that in addition to her current production, Germany has in many commodities built up stocks during the last couple of years. In 1914 there were large stocks of materials in private hands; there was also an excellent harvest. Germany boasted at the outbreak of the last war that she had stocks of foodstuffs for eighteen months. Stocks of sugar were so superabundant at that time that traders did not know what to do with them. Germany was then a large sugar exporting country. At the outbreak of the present war she is already rationing sugar.

Field-Marshal Goering stated on September 12, 1938, that they had sufficient livestock for many years. According to German official figures the number of cattle in Germany in 1913 was 20,000,000. According to the latest returns it was still 20,000,000 in 1938. The number of pigs increased from 21,000,000 to 23,000,000, but there has certainly been no improvement in the number of sheep.

Germany's position as regards livestock today is not materially better than it was in 1913, and what she possessed then did not suffice her needs for the war of 1914. Field-Marshal Goering said nothing about fodder. Germany was short of fodder in 1914, and she will be short of fodder again, for in this respect she is certainly not self-sufficient; large quantities, including oilcake, have to be imported.

Field-Marshal Goering gave some other figures. He claimed there were two years' stocks of bread grain (but when he spoke the harvest had already been gathered), and enough fats to last 7½ months. English authorities at that time put the possible stocks at nine months' supply of wheat, nearly a year's supply of rye, and four months' supply of fats.

During the war of 1914 the shortage of fats was a most serious problem, and even taking Field-Marshal Goering's figure of 7½ months' stock this will not carry her very far if the war lasts any considerable time.

As regards stocks of raw materials, Buna, iron ore, copper, nickel, and petrol, Germany may conceivably have larger stocks than she had at the outbreak of the last war, but with mechanized warfare her need for all these commodities will be far greater than it was from 1914-18, and even if her stocks should be greater in volume than they were in 1914—it is not known if they are—the quantity in stock relative to the prospective consumptive demand may well be smaller.

Empty War Chest

Accepting even Field-Marshal Goering's estimates of existing stocks, the time will come when these will be exhausted, and when the increasing demands of her army for men must lead to a decline in industrial and agricultural production (even allowing for the labour of prisoners which she may employ).

Germany can then only make good her growing deficiency by means of imports. How does her position in that respect compare with that which existed in 1914? Imports must either be bought on credit or be paid for immediately. In 1914 Germany had in the Reichsbank, in the Austrian-Hungarian bank, and in the pockets of her people the equivalent of about £250,000,000 of gold at the then existing value. In addition she had a comparatively small amount, possibly £10,000,000-£15,000,000, in the Spandau war chest, and in a special reserve in the Reichsbank.

Today the Reichsbank has about £6,000,000 of gold and Germany may have in the item in the Reichsbank's return of "Other Assets" some remainder of the Austrian and Czechoslovakian gold which she seized when she occupied those two countries. She certainly has not one-fifth of the gold which she possessed in 1914, and possibly not more than one-tenth. In addition, in 1914, Germany had foreign investments to the amount of about the equivalent of £1,200,000,000, and Austria also possessed considerable foreign investments.

These disappeared entirely as a result of the war of 1914. Some were confiscated in enemy countries, others disposed of in order to buy imports. Germany instead of being a creditor country has become a debtor country, and any foreign investments which she may possess today in a realizable form must be a mere fraction of what she held in 1914.

No Credit in 1939

At the outbreak of the war of 1914 Germany's credit in the world was good, and some German authorities have stated that during that war she was able to buy, partly by paying in German marks and partly by means of foreign credits, approximately £500,000,000 of imports. What country in the world today would be willing and able voluntarily to sell goods to Germany on credit or to accept payment in German marks?

With upwards of 40 countries, she has been for some time carrying on a barter trade under clearing agreements and in many cases even in peacetime her imports were reduced from those countries with which she had, under the clearing agreement, a debit balance to the extent of the equivalent of a few millions sterling.

How does she stand, compared with 1914, in regard to paying for her imports of food stuffs and raw materials by means of her exports of manufactured goods? Germany's exports in marks in the first six months of 1914 were almost as great as the value of her exports for the whole of the twelve months of 1938. In 1914 she had large stocks of manufactured goods which she exported in payment for her imports before she started to use her gold for foreign investments. The quality of her goods was excellent and they found an entry into all markets.

Today she has no stocks of the kind of manufactured goods which the world wants, nor was she able even before the outbreak of war, owing to the shortage of labour, to effect delivery of her contracts within a reasonable time; and owing to the defectiveness and obsolescence of her machinery and the use of substitute materials, the reputation of her goods abroad has suffered very considerably.

"Cash and Carry"

Apart altogether from Germany's difficulty in paying for imports she is faced at the outbreak of this war with a problem which did not seriously arise in the last war until the second year. During the last war Mr. A. D. Waller, of the Physiological Laboratory of the University of London, wrote: "We have exported (in a large part to Germany via Holland) from August 14, 1914, to August 15, 1915, more than three times as much cocoa as during the corresponding ten months of the previous year."

During the first period of the war of 1914 Germany was drawing supplies from all over the world through adjacent neutral countries. This war starts with the publication of the list of conditional contraband which can be seized by British ships under the doctrine of ultimate destination.

No interference will take place with the transit to any neutral country of goods destined to fulfil the legitimate requirements of that country, but Germany will be stopped forthwith from importing goods from oversea through adjacent neutral countries in the same way as our ships will prevent her from importing direct.

Above all, the great source of the United States has been closed to her under the "Cash and Carry" clause. It is possible that Germany may, by a species of blackmail, force certain adjacent neutral countries to continue to supply her with goods which they produce, but the great free markets of the world are closed to her today to a far greater extent than was the case at the commencement of the war of 1914.

Worn-out Railways

As regards transport, Germany's new motor roads are doubtless an asset which she did not possess in 1914. On the other hand, at that time her railways were in excellent condition. For some time their condition now has been very bad. The rolling-stock is outworn and was insufficient even for the peace-time requirements, and it was announced only a short time ago that during the next few years a sum equivalent to about £300,000,000 would have to be found to restore the railways to a proper degree of efficiency.

There are certain intangible economic factors now existing in Germany which were absent in 1914. We already hear of sabotage. Such a thing was unheard of at the beginning of the war of 1914. Germany today has lost by persecution so many great men that she may find it difficult to replace men like Ballin, or Haber who found for her the means of extracting nitrogen from the air during the war of 1914.

Her people are already suffering in health and spirit from the excessive working hours to which they have been subjected for some time, and from the financial aspect the German people are haunted today by the spectre of inflation and repudiation, a fore-knowledge of which could have only been possessed in 1914 by a few financial experts.

It is perhaps desirable to repeat once more that the intention of this article is to deal with conditions as they existed at the outbreak of the two wars. The speedy over-running of Belgium in 1914 and the early entry of Turkey into the war had their economic effects, just as today the position of Russia, and the over-running of Poland on the one hand, and the progress of the French in the Saar on the other, must affect the economic position, as will many other factors as the war progresses.

Famous French "75" Has Powerful Successor

The French "75" was one of the most useful pieces of artillery during the last World War, but in its place has developed the high-explosive and far-carrying 155 mm. rifle. This gun, practically a six-inch weapon, is potentially a greater destroyer. Here is one in action on the Western Front

Southern Military Offensive

Chinese Strategy to Follow Nanyao Plans

From Our Own Correspondent

Hongkong, Nov. 8.

Future military movements in Kuangtung particularly the counter-offensive on Canton was mapped out in the recent conference in Nanyao in southern Hunan, which was attended by Gen. Li Han-yun, Chairman of the Kwangtung Provincial Government, who is said to have been assigned as general officer in command of the vanguard units, according to a Shaokwan report received in Hongkong.

Gen. Li Han-yun was recently appointed concurrently Commander-in-Chief of the 35th Army Group of the Ninth War Zone. This appointment is in connection with the advance on Canton in view of Chairman Li's experience with Japanese soldiers on the Lunghai and Kiukiang-Nanchang Railways last year. He was appointed Chairman of Kwangtung because of his successful repulse of Doihara division at Lowangchai on the Lunghai Railway.

Chinese troops north of Canton are consolidating their recent gains before starting another push towards the southern metropolis. Taipingchang, air base of the Japanese 35 miles north of Canton, is the objective of the Chinese forces who have occupied the surrounding heights, according to the Shaokwan report.

Guerillas on Canton Outskirts

Guerillas have been lurking on the outskirts of Canton, so that enemy troops may not be able to proceed to other sectors. The proposed attack on Canton is opportune in view of the difference of views among the puppet officials to support of Mr. Wang Ching-wei or Mr. Wang Kehming. Another big factor is "General" Li Tao-chien who commands over 20,000 riff-raffs, liable to change sides for mercenary motive.

For the past two weeks, Chinese reports stated that familes of Japanese army officers and puppet politicians have been leaving Canton for Macao and Hongkong, indicating the general disquieting conditions in the southern city. It appears the present Chinese strategy is following the instructions of the Nanyao conference, which was presided over by the Generalissimo.

Vernacular papers here stated that some of the puppet troops in Canton mutined and fought with the enemy on the outskirts of the city. This message is not confirmed. The Hongkong correspondent of the Canton "Daily Sun" stated that the city was practical normal when he was there in November 7.

Hupeh Peasants to Be Granted Loans

Chungking, Nov. 14.

The Hupeh Provincial Government has obtained from the Farmers Bank of China a loan of $1,000,000 for the relief of farmers in ten counties in north Hupeh.

Farmers and industrial co-operative societies will be granted loans from the relief fund. Such relief loans will be payable within three years and will bear interest at six per cent. a year.—Reuter.

Floating Mines Driven Into Kattegat

Copenhagen, Nov. 13.

Violent winds drove before them floating mines from the North Sea into the Kattegat and Skagerrak, causing much anxiety to merchant shipping, it was reported here today. Two mine-sweepers have already been sent out post haste to fish out the mines and leave open shipping lanes.—Havas.

Concurrent Posts in North China

Peiping, Nov. 14.

Mr. Wang Keh-min, Chairman of the Executive Commission of the Provisional Government, and Dr. Tang Erh-ho, Minister of Education, will assume their concurrent posts as president and vice-president of the Hsinminhui towards the end of this month, Chinese reports state.

They add that following Mr. Wang's decision to accept the presidency of the Hui, Lieut-Gen. Ando, superviser of the Hui, has had several conversations with Mr. Wang.—Reuter.

The London County Council has decided to send, Eros, the famous figure, surmounting the Shaftesbury Memorial in Piccadilly Circus, to a place of safety for the duration of the war.

Japan Facing Much Heavier Budget

Increased Bond Issue is Anticipated

Tokyo, Nov. 14.

With the next Diet session scheduled to take place on December 23, the Finance Ministry is speeding up its examination of budgets and Revenue estimates. According to a preliminary survey made at a conference yesterday, the Finance Ministry found that the ordinary revenue estimates for the next fiscal year, excluding revenue from bonds, would reach 3,352,043,000 yen, or an increase of 275,232,000 yen over estimated revenues for the present fiscal year.

Since the projected revision of the taxation system has not yet been decided upon, the estimate of revenue from taxation was made according to the present taxation system. If the projected revision of the system goes into effect, an additional sum of 730,000,000 yen is expected to be made available, making next year's ordinary revenues total 4,080,000,000 yen.

Huge Army Expenditure

At the same time, it is expected that bonds issued for the next fiscal year will reach a total of more than 5,000,000,000 yen, of which 1,000,000,000 yen will cover the deficit of the General Account Budget and 4,000,000,000 will go towards Extraordinary Military Expenditures. An examination of extraordinary military expenditures, however, is still going on.

With some bonds for the present fiscal year yet to be issued, saving and economy will be further encouraged and financial control strengthened next year. The Finance Ministry yesterday completed a preliminary trimming of the budget estimates submitted by various Ministries.

Beginning next week, the Finance Ministry will examine the estimated budgets of the Army and Navy, as well as the estimates of other Ministries, on which a final decision was reserved.—Reuter.

U-Boats Sank Only One Ship Last Week

Neutral Made Victims of German Submarines

Special to the "N.C.D.N."

London, Nov. 14.

It is authoritatively stated that U-boats claimed only one victim last week, the 960-tons Carmarthe Coast.

To date 32 neutral ships, aggregating 88,461 tons, have been sunk by German action.

The British Contraband Control, it is understood, is now working much more smoothly, and ships are hardly ever delayed more than two days in examination. During the first fortnight of the war, it is stated, more British ships were seized carrying contraband than the ships of all other nations put together. This was due to the vessels loading before the war started, and to ships similarly loaded in the Far East arriving in British waters with contraband aboard.—Reuter.

When Your Child Is Feverish

When your child is feverish the cause thereof should at once be determined. In simple cases it is usually due to some congestion in the digestive organs which can be put right with Baby's Own Tablets.

These tablets stimulate a flow of bile from the liver and gall bladder which starts digestive and intestinal activity and helps to remove congestion and alleviate feverishness.

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君如爲胃腸病所困，請每日於餐後，服用若素四片至八片，定能使君飲食舒適，一切之煩燥苦痛盡消，如獲新生，此乃屢試不爽者，望君勿用遲疑，速購服之。

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No girl can hope to be wholly attractive to a man if she's careless about underarm perspiration. It *does* offend. That's why sensible, civilised women are nowadays making the use of Odo-ro-no as much a part of their regular toilet routine as cleaning their teeth.

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ODO-RO-NO

THE SPORTS PAGE

Columbia Club "Acorns" Rise To Top in Bowling League

Now Tied with Y.M.C.A.; Race Club Defeated by Marines; Cotton Gets Evening's Best Single

WINNING two of the three games bowled against the American Club in home alleys last night, the Foreign Y.M.C.A. hung grimly to top place in the Shanghai Inter-Club Duck Pins League. The team took the first two strings handily, but dropped the third one to their opponents by three pins with a tally of 504-501. Miller, who took Inwood's place, served the champions well by scoring an impressive 308. Jerry Kleffel and Tom Butler showed fine form with scores of 338 and 330 respectively. Kleffel faded in the third game in which he singled 96 and this was one of the reasons for giving the visitors the game by a 3-pin margin.

The Columbia Country Club "Acorns" gained a 3-0 victory over their club-mates, the "Oaks," and now are tied with the "Y" team for leadership, each having fifteen games won and six lost. Cardwell was in rare form as he countered a triple of 349.

At the Marines Club the homesters vanquished the Race Club by 3-0 and boosted their standing considerably. Cotton chalked up the evening's highest single of 143. The racing people were way below their usual form as the team totalled a poor 1,391.

In the Second Division, the servicemen did exceedingly well. The "Whites" took all three games from the Race Club "Spares" and built up a big lead in the Pine Section. The "Reds" scored a 2-1 victory over the Foreign Y.M.C.A. "Flukes" and are on even terms with the "Luckies," another Foreign Y.M.C.A. team who beat the Marine Officers by 2-1.

G.C.C. ACORNS

Huebner	87	118	86	291
Cardwell	133	113	103	349
Bourne	113	102	100	315
Hilden	90	131	100	321
Squires	103	107	101	311
	526	671	490	1,581

C.C.C. OAKS

Henningsen	97	97	92	286
Honeycutt	96	103	98	297
Laidlaw	98	79	91	268
Dalton	107	92	100	299
Gray	120	113	98	331
	576	484	479	1,479

FOURTH MARINES

Keyes	89	97	86	272
Cotton	91	114	143	328
Fiori	88	98	135	321
Messersmith	94	105	97	296
Dolinsek	107	97	95	299
	469	511	536	1,516

RACE CLUB

Xavier	83	98	105	286
L. C. Kew	95	97	104	296
Meathrel	92	81	98	271
Watton	87	78	88	253
Pote-Hunt	108	93	84	285
	465	447	479	1,391

FOREIGN Y.M.C.A.

Kohnert	92	112	92	296
Gonsalves	112	102	98	312
Miller	107	111	100	308
Kleffel	131	111	96	339
Butler	97	118	115	330
	539	544	501	1,584

AMERICAN CLUB

Robinson	93	92	111	296
Klovekorn	94	109	105	308
Smith	89	87	111	287
Deegan	104	105	81	294
Carson	115	105	96	315
	495	501	504	1,500

Second Division

MAPLE SECTION

Marine Officers (1)	493	501	477	1,471
"Y" Luckies (2)	517	480	545	1,542
"Y" Flukes (1)	465	482	471	1,418
Marine Reds (2)	514	572	467	1,453
C.C.C. Bears (0)	471	463	437	1,371
S.R.C. Strikes (3)	519	487	506	1,512

PINE SECTION

American Club (1)	484	503	455	1,447
"Y" Horseshoes (2)	503	483	513	1,499
Marine Blues (3)	490	461	461	1,414
C.C.C. Bulls (0)	472	448	441	1,361
S.R.C. Spares (0)	451	473	469	1,393
Marine Whites (3)	504	528	515	1,547

Bowls Dinner Held In Hongkong

Interport Captain Says Shanghai Made Mistake; Ultra-Fast Greens

"It is my privilege and great pleasure to hand over to you the Prentiss Cup and the Shanghai flag. I should add 'for your safe custody.' I was asked by Shanghai to warn you that this 'safe custody' would, they hope, be of very short duration."

With these words Mr. B. W. Bradbury, captain and manager of the Hongkong Lawn Bowls Association Interport team, handed over to Dr. J. T. Smalley at the Interport Dinner at the Hongkong Hotel on November 4 the trophy won by Hongkong, says the "South China Morning Post."

About 120 members and guests were present. The Chair was taken by Dr. Smalley, President of the Association, and among those present were His Excellency the Governor, Sir Geoffry Northcote, the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, Mr. Justice R. E. Lindsell, the Hon. Mr. N. L. Smith and the Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.

Congratulating the Interport team, His Excellency the Governor said it was really a splendid victory. It was the excellence of the skipping, rinking and captaining that brought victory to Hongkong.

"I feel proud that this trophy has come back to us," His Excellency concluded amid applause. "We propose to hang on to it!" The toast to the health of the team was drunk amid loud cheers.

"How We Did It"

Mr. B. W. Bradbury, on behalf of his team, spoke on "How we did it." He was commissioned by the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Association, Mr. Bradbury said, to convey to the Hongkong Association on this occasion their greetings and to congratulate them on winning the ashes.

Shanghai had heard that Hongkong greens were very slow, he said. Shanghai greens were, of course, much faster. To make things more awkward, therefore, they practically shaved the greens, so that there was very little grass at all, and then rolled them continually. The result was that the greens were almost like glass—and Shanghai could not themselves play on them. This was Shanghai's mistake.

He thought local green rangers should take note of this, for Hongkong too, had a tendency to make its own greens abnormal for interport matches, whereas normal greens would benefit local players.

To Bowler's Memory

Following Mr. Bradbury's speech, Mr. T. Armstrong presented to the Hongkong Lawn Bowls Association, on behalf of the subscribers, the Phil Knight Memorial Cup. The Cup is to be held by the Open Singles Champion each year.

Mr. Armstrong said, "Most of you are well acquainted with Phil and it is the hope of the donors, over a hundred in number, that this cup will help to perpetuate the memory of a good bowler and true sportsman."

In proposing the toast of "Our Guests," Dr. Smalley took occasion to thank His Excellency the Governor on behalf of all Hongkong bowlers for the impetus he had, by his interest, given the game of bowls in the Colony.

In replying to the toast to "Our Guests," Sir Atholl MacGregor spoke in humorous vein of his own experiences as a "wood pusher."

Mr. Justice Lindsell also spoke.

Aga Khan's Bloodstock Interests Affected

According to the "Sunday Express," "The limitation of prize-money to modest sums, and the "devaluation" of stud fees, are the considerations which, it is believed, have led the Aga Khan to restrict his vast racing and bloodstock interests. Since he made his spectacular entry into the racing world as a buyer of yearlings and blood mares eighteen years ago, he has spent nearly £1,000,000 in perfecting his world-famous studs. He has, however, never been a betting man.

If prize-money for races continues to be limited—and £500 is the maximum advertised for any race this year—it will be impossible for him to keep his usual string of fifty horses in training without showing a heavy loss. The Aga Khan has, however, been noted throughout his racing career for his business acumen. He sold Blenheim, his first Derby winner, to an American syndicate three years ago for £35,000. It is inevitable that a large proportion of the Aga Khan's stud fill go to America—one of the few countries still on racing's "gold standard." Between eighty and 100 foals are produced yearly at his studs.

Film Star and Fielder

San Francisco, Nov. 11.

Mr. Joe Di-Maggio, New York Yankee's baseball star, and Miss Dorothey Arnold, film actress, filed an application for a marriage license here Friday. They intend to be married on November 19 in a church in the North Beach section of the city.—United Press.

Duesenberg to Build High-Speed Car

Expects to See Record Reach 400 M.P.H.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 14.

August S. Duesenberg, noted Indianapolis automobile designer, plans to make a car in the near future able to fulfil John Cobb's prediction that a speed of 400 miles an hour on wheels can be attained.

Duesenberg recently returned here from the Utah Salt flats, where he watched the Mormon Meteor III he designed break all records between the 50-mile and 40-hour events under the guidance of Abe Jenkins.

If a 400-mile-an-hour car can be built, Duesenberg has the necessary background for putting it together.

Some of his achievements include construction of the first motorboat to travel 60 miles and hour, an automobile that covered a measured mile at 156 miles an hour in 1920, the first straight eight engine, the first supercharger, the first four-wheel brakes on production automobiles, and many other developments of modern automotive engineering.

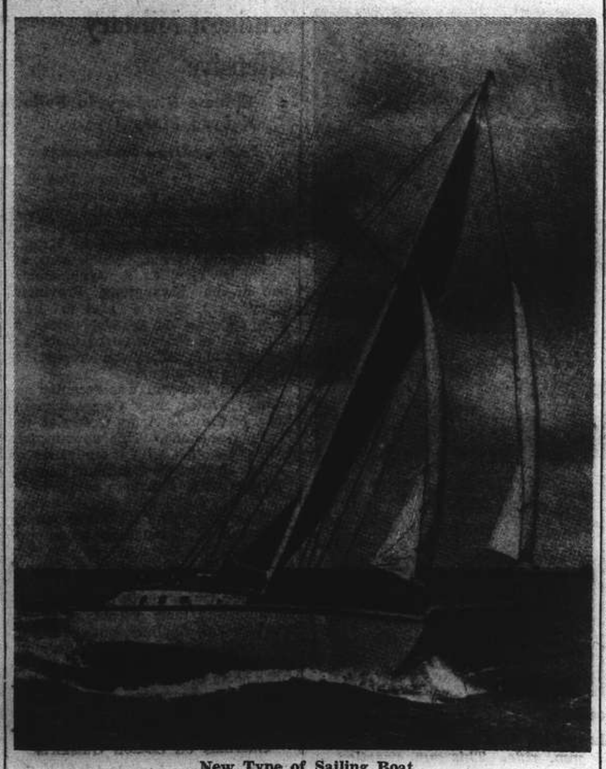
"If the right type aeroplane motor is available we can build a car that will go 400 miles an hour," he said. "With a 2,500 horsepower motor and a car of the right size and weight it can be done. And I want to do it."

The Thunderbolt racer in which Cobb expects to break the existing record of 368,85 miles an hour has "speed and wonderful streamlining," Duesenberg believes, but he added, "I can't make myself believe it is designed for adequate safety."

Lack of a fin to hold the car steady, a topheavy condition in a spin due to front wheels set farther apart than the rear ones, and a driver's seat forward of the rear axle all cut down on the safety of Cobb's car, Duesenberg believes.

He is particularly enthusiastic about a new-type of front axle that he designed for the Mormon Meteor III, which made the car handle remarkably well at terrific speeds and which drew praise from such veteran drivers as Rex Mays and Cliff Bergere, who drove relief for Jenkins.—United Press.

SIGNOR Bruno Mussolini, Il Duce's son, arrived in Sevilla on Sunday in his own private plane. This trip is considered important though the reason for it is not known.



New Type of Sailing Boat

This picturesque view at Cowes shows a Sea Wind, a new boat, which was designed by her owner, Mr. Ducker.

Women's Open Golf at Hungjao Course

Mme. H. Laffond Carries Off Most Prizes

A large crowd turned up yesterday at the Hungjao Golf Club for the open meeting for local women golfers, which was a great success with Mme. H. Laffond carrying off the lion's share of honours.

In the morning, Mme. Laffond won the 18 holes medal contest with a gross score of 84 which, with her handicap of 16 gave her 68. Second was Mrs. H. F. G. Gardener with 96, minus her handicap of 27, or 69. The best scratch score was Mme. Laffond's 84.

There followed a Hidden Six Holes competition (medal play) which was likewise won by Mme. H. Laffond with 27, minus 5½ or 21½.

In the afternoon a foursomes against Bogey contest was held and here the winners proved to be Mrs. P. J. Innes and Mrs. C. S. King who finished splendidly, 5 up. In second place were Mme. Laffond and Mme. O. Laborne, 2 down.

The final event of the day was a putting competition which was won by Mrs. E. Germ who showed considerable skill on the greens to win with a score of eight strokes.

Some Important Matches In Chess Tonight

Tourney Continuing with Many Contests

The fourth round of the Shanghai Chess Championship and classified tournaments will be played at the International Chess Club tonight. Among the games scheduled for the championship those between Poliakoff and Dr. Lippiner and Kosovsky and Jiritsky are especially important.

The following is the complete draw for the round:

Championship:—Serejnikoff—Zerkovitz; Poliakoff—Dr. Lippiner; Prof. Ely—Stasinevitch; Karpen—Shishkin; Kosovsky—Jiritsky; Galkin—Harnik.

Major "A":—Erkku—Ross; Rogoff—Sabouroff; Panchenko—Dr. Kollek; Efimoff—Fineland; Abrosimoff—Favstritsky; Schultzer—Haritonoff; Froelich—Orielick; Spitzer—Baromidze; Williams—Odintseff; Boidman—Skobiaeff; Shifsten and Pnieff bye.

Major "B":—Lukianoff — Kobejsky; Lockhart—Oksus; Dr. Wrany—Shamavsky; Poate—Kopitlin; Dr. Mandel—Pennecard; Karmiloff—Braun; Roudniansky—Keijola; Langer—Orishak; Karateeff—Donskoy; Luchich—Tokmakoff.

Minor:—Kohlhauser — Chernosvitoff; Vinogradoff—Schneider; Uvadieff—Fleiman; Pollack—Assey; Price—Moknieff; Ibanoff—Beldin; Ceatell.—Tonnochy.

Another DiMaggio Now In Major Leagues

San Francisco, Nov. 17.

Dominic DiMaggio, 21-year-old outfielder, and Larry Powell, 23-year-old southpaw pitcher, have been sold by the San Francisco Seals to the Boston Red Sox of the American League, it was announced here today. The deal was a cash one but the sum involved was not announced. Dominic is a brother of Joe DiMaggio of the New York Yankees.—United Press.

Cotton Urges Golfers To Do Their Duty

London, Nov. 14.

Henry Cotton, British Ryder Cup Captain, suggests that Britain's leading professionals should play exhibition matches in aid of war charities. "I am convinced that golf can play an important part," said Cotton, "and I am quite willing to play matches in any part of the country, against my brother professionals with the gate-moneys going to deserving causes. It is up to all of us to do what we can to entertain the public."—Reuter.

November Cup Honours At Seekingjao

McCutcheon and Black Get Best Net Scores

November golfing honours at Seekingjao went chiefly to W. R. McCutcheon who won the "A" Class competition and F. C. B. Black who won the "B" Class contest. The best scratch score was turned in by J. A. Grubb whose 78 was the finest performance of the lot. Results were:

"A" CLASS

W. R. McCutcheon	85	12	73
J. A. Grubb	78	3	75
J. S. MacDonald	81	3	78
R. D. Bell	85	7	78

"B" CLASS

F. C. B. Black	85	15	70
W. W. Jourdin	88	16	72
R. H. Ball	93	14	79

P.G.A. President Resigns

New York, Nov. 11.

Mr. George Jacobus, who resigned as President of the Professional Golfers Association here after a term of six years, said on Friday that he believed the time had come for him to make room for a successor who will carry on for the good of the P.G.A. and players because he wished to avoid a split in the organization's ranks. Mr. Jacobus added that he would not run for the office at the annual meeting in Chicago to be held December 13 to 15.—United Press.

Augusta Sunk in First Game

Furious Rally Fails to Stop Marines in Cates Basketball Play-off

Scoring a series of shots towards the latter part of the second half, "A" Company won the first leg of the final 3-game play-off in the Colonel Cates basketball League yesterday evening at the Navy Y.M.C.A. over the U.S.S. Augusta "B" by a score of 28 to 21.

The winners were slightly superior in virtually every respect. They started off with a 6-point lead when Pasko, Hughes and Goush countered. The sailors woke up and began to offer stubborn resistance. Near the interval the difference between the two teams read 10-7, but a few seconds before the time-keeper blew his whistle Hughes converted a pair of foul shots for the "A" team to lead by 12-7.

Upon the resumption the sailors rallied furiously. Spiess scored under the basket, but Koreis immediately replied with a similar shot. Tierney put through a beautiful one-hand goal. Koreis retaliated, making the score read 16-11. Chirdon sank a long one way over the middle of the court, cutting the margin down once again. Atkinson tapped in following a missed foul shot. The atmosphere immediately became tense. Tierney wasted two foul tries and the sailors lost a rare opportunity to forge ahead.

Hughes suddenly came in the limelight, netting a pretty long shot. Pasko turned in three points.

"A" COMPANY

	fg.	ft.	f.	pts.
Pasko, rf.	2	1	3	5
Hughes, lf.	4	2	2	10
Koreis, c.	3	3	1	9
Goush, rg.	2	0	2	4
Erickson, lg.	0	0	0	0
Pensachih, lg.	0	0	0	0
	11	6	8	28

AUGUSTA "B"

Spiess, rg.	1	1	0	3
Barnes, lf.	1	0	1	2
Atkinson, c.	1	0	2	2
Baker, c.	1	0	2	2
Chirdon, c.	2	0	0	4
Hurst, rg.	0	1	4	1
Tierney, lg.	3	1	1	7
	9	3	10	21

1st half:—"B" Coy 12, Augusta 7.
2nd half:—"B" Coy 16, Augusta 14.

Homeless Football Clubs

Several Football Clubs are homeless, including the Arsenal, and Aston Villa. The Birmingham club are in an extraordinary position. Their ground has been put "out of bounds" and they played their first "home" match against Wolverhampton Wanderers on the Wolverhampton ground on October 21. The gate money from each match was equally divided between the clubs. In these circumstances Birmingham may not incur any financial loss and they will benefit by the temporary closing down of Aston Villa, six of whose players have promised to assist them. The usual admission fee of a shilling will be charged at all games—with no reduction for men in the Services.

Ice Hockey in U.S.

New York, Nov. 13.

The Detroit Redwings defeated the Boston Bruins by 2-1 today in a game in the National Ice Hockey League.—Reuter.

Royal Yacht Squadron's Commodore

Sir Richard Williams-Bulkeley, Bart., Commodore of the Royal Yacht Squadron of which he has been a member since 1884.

Hudlow Defends South-West Tennis Title

Phoenix, Arizona, Nov. 11.

Mr. Darrell Hudlow, of Phoenix, opened defence of his title in the annual Southwest Tennis Association tournament here with a 6-2 6-3 second-round victory over Mr. Jack Hill Tempt, from Arizona, Mr. Hudlow drew a bye in first round play. Mr. Irving Fisher, of Los Angeles, seded number 6 in the tournament, advanced into third-round play by defeating Dr. Robert Hicks of Tucson 6-3 8-6.—United Press.

Baseball Item

Portland, Ore., Nov. 13.

W. C. Tuttle today was re-elected president of the Pacific Coast baseball league for a term of three years.—United Press.

Joe Louis' Next Foe Arrives in U.S.

New York, Nov. 14.

Arturo Godoy of Chile arrived aboard the liner Uruguay on Monday and said he would knock out Joe Louis with a left hook when they fight for the heavyweight championship in Madison Square Garden on February 9. Godoy, former South American titleholder, came here with his pretty dark-haired wife after an 18-day voyage from Buenos Aires. He appeared in excellent physical shape. He said he would take off six of his 200 pounds to get in trim for Louis.—United Press.

Der Schlager Goes Home

Barcelona, Nov. 14.

Max Schmeling, former world heavyweight boxing champion, left for Berlin today by way of Rome. He is expected back here shortly.—Havas.

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Chinese Make Counter-Drive In West Shansi Province

Japanese Thwarted in Attacks on Bases of Local Guerillas; Harassing Tactics on Tsinpu Line

Chungking, Nov. 14.

SINO-JAPANESE fighting during the past week was mainly confined to the Japanese attempts to capture bases of Chinese mobile units operating in Shansi, Hupeh, Kiangsi, Kiangsu and Anhwei provinces, said the Chinese military spokesman today. The Japanese attacks, he claimed, had been repulsed.

Referring to fighting in West Shansi, where the Japanese launched an attack on Chinese positions on the east bank of the Yellow River, in the vicinity of Chihsen, Shihhien, Pusien and Hsiannaing, the spokesman said Chinese columns has attacked the westward-moving Japanese units from the north and south, the Chinese northern column moving down from Chuntu, the southern column moving to the north-east from the north bank of the Fen River.

As a result of the Chinese counter-offensive, the spokesman claimed, Japanese forces in West Shansi were at present falling back to the east. The east bank of the Yellow River in West Shansi, he added, had been cleared of Japanese troops.

Commenting on fighting in West Hupeh, on the north bank of the Yangtze River, the Chinese spokesman declared that Chinese columns had launched a counter-attack against the Japanese forces which had captured Meinyang, on the south bank of the Han River. After attacking the city from three directions, the Chinese forces recaptured Meinyang on November 10, and the Japanese were retreating towards Sentaocheng.

Tsinpu Railway Attacked

In North Anhwei and Kiangsu, the spokesman continued, Chinese troops had been very active attacking the southern section of the Tientsin-Pukow Railway, also the Grand Canal. The Japanese had therefore attacked the Chinese mobile units' base at Fengtai and Shouhsien, south-west of Pengpu. These two towns, the spokesman alleged, were recaptured on November 7, giving the Chinese a favourable position from which to attack the railway. Chinese forces had also occupied Kaoyu and Shaopeh, thus enabling them to cut communications along the Grand Canal.

In North Kiangsi the Japanese had attacked Chinese units operating from a base in Minshan mountain, from where they constantly raided the Nanchang-Kiukiang Railway. The Japanese had attacked from Yanghsin and Tehan, but the offensive had also failed, the spokesman concluded.—Reuter.

Japanese Capture Arsenal

Shihchiarchwang, Nov. 14.

A Chinese military arsenal was captured as Japanese forces gained ground in mopping-up operations in the Langya mountains area in Hopei province during the week-end.

The arsenal, in the vicinity of Wumuti, north-east of Yinfang, 40 kilometres north-west of Wanhsien, was taken on Saturday night. The Japanese forces then drove on to enter Yinfang on Sunday.

Another Japanese detachment overwhelmed a group of Chinese troops, remnants of a Chinese army unit, in the vicinity of Peishih, 10 kilometres south of Laiyuan, on Saturday, and captured Shangchwangtzu, south-west of Laiyuan, that night. The detachment was then successful in breaking through a Chinese line near Sangkochwang and by dawn on Monday had reached the vicinity of Pekwantow, 20 kilometres south-east of Laiyuan.—Domei.

Shansi Guerillas Routed

Taiyuan, Nov. 14.

A Japanese army detachment routed a force of about 5,000 Chinese guerillas north-east of Siaoyi in the central part of Shansi province on Friday. The guerillas left nine dead. Japanese forces captured two prisoners.

Between November 6 and November 8, a Japanese detachment attacked about 1,700 Chinese troops attached to the 109th Division of the Chinese army north-east of Siaolichen, east of Fenglingtu, in the south-eastern corner of Shansi province.—Domei.

Japanese Succeed in Salvaging Ship

Owners Expect Huge Profit Out of Old British Vessel

Osaka, Nov. 14.

Bought by Japanese salvagers for Y.15,000, the 1,159-ton former British steamer Makambo will bring its new owners Y.700,000, it was announced here today.

Abandoned as a derelict off Sandwich Island in the New Hebrides, the ship formerly owned by the Burns, Philip Company, steamed into port yesterday, its hull rust red by exposure to sun and rain and partly covered with sea weed.

The vessel ran aground 2½ years ago. When efforts to refloat her by British and French salvage firms proved futile, she was sold for Y.15,000 to the Okada Company here. She steamed 3,600 miles under her own power into Osaka yesterday to undergo repairs, which its new owners claim, will make her worth Y.700,000.

Mr. Kyuchi Iwami, who directed the salvage operations, told reporters here that the ship had left Sandwich Island on October 10. Steaming at five knots, the vessel negotiated the long journey successfully although she met with a violent monsoon, the Japanese salvage expert said.

Costs of salvaging the ship, including miscellaneous expenses, were placed by Mr. Iwami at Y.12,000.—Domei.

Fritz Kuhn Blushes In Court

Prosecution Says Bund Funds Used on Women

New York, Nov. 13.

The usually dictatorial leader of the Nazi German-American Bund, Fritz Kuhn, shed his mantle of self-assurance and showed acute embarrassment in court today when the prosecution brought to light details of his private life with Miss America, 1928, whom he supported on Bund funds.

Kuhn embezzled $15,000 to support his Miss America and other girls, the prosecution asserted. Counsel for the State produced telegrams of a private nature to corroborate its allegations, and the contents of these messages, when read out aloud, caused Kuhn to blush a deep red.

To date Kuhn, with superficial self-assurance, told the court that the Bund's General Assembly had unanimously voted confidence in him and that he therefore had to make no explanations to the American court. The case took on a far different hue today, when leaders of the Bund admitted in court that the rules of the Bund do not authorize the Bund Fuehrer to use association funds for his own benefit.—Havas.

Japanese Police Hold Shooting Suspect

Tokyo, Nov. 14.

Police in Fukuoka city, Kyushu prefecture, are now holding Ujitoshi Kohi, aged 31, in connection with the recent shooting of Mr. Chikuhei Nakajima, leader of the so-called Nakajima faction of the Seiyukai party.

Kohi is said to be a "political adventurer" and it is suspected he was a witness of the shooting.

The Fukuoka police arrested Kohi in his native city at the request of the Metropolitan Police Board. An officer of the Board arrived in Fukuoka yesterday to escort Kohi back to Tokyo.—Reuter.

French Premier Visits French Airmen

Paris, Nov. 13.

Visits to French air force bases near the front were paid today and yesterday by the Premier, M. Edouard Daladier, and the Air Minister, M. Guy La Chambre, who in person congratulated many of the pilots who have earned their country's praise. The two statesmen also attended a number of investitures of decorations newly won.—Havas.

Germany Pours Arms, Warplanes into Bulgaria; Balkans Trouble Feared

Yugoslavia Stops Railway "Fruit" Traffic But Cannot Stop Passage of "Commercial" Aircraft

Belgrade, Nov. 13.

The "Powder-barrel of Europe" may explode once more and cause the conflagration in the West to spread to the south-east, Yugoslav observers stated today, commenting on the Reich's steady despatch of munitions and warplanes to Bulgaria.

The Balkans, long known as the sore spot of the Continent, may erupt once again and Yugoslav political quarters fear they may be involved by virtue of their obligations as members of the Balkan Entente.

Since the beginning of September, 540 wagonsful of munitions have crossed Yugoslavia en route from Germany to Bulgaria. The munitions were camouflaged under baskets of fruits and similar harmless materials and goods. German military planes are flown over Yugoslavia to Bulgaria and Belgrade can say nothing because Berlin claims the craft are for civit use.

Three times a week, squadrons of planes follow regular aviation routes between the Reich and Bulgaria. From nine to fifteen pilots form the crews of the craft. The transport of munitions was stopped when the Yugoslav authorities discovered the true nature of the "fruit trains" but they are helpless against this aerial smuggling of warplanes.

All these war materials may be destined to supply Sofia for an offensive against the strategic Dardanelles, observers here said. Then the "powder-barrel" will blow up with a vengeance.—Havas.

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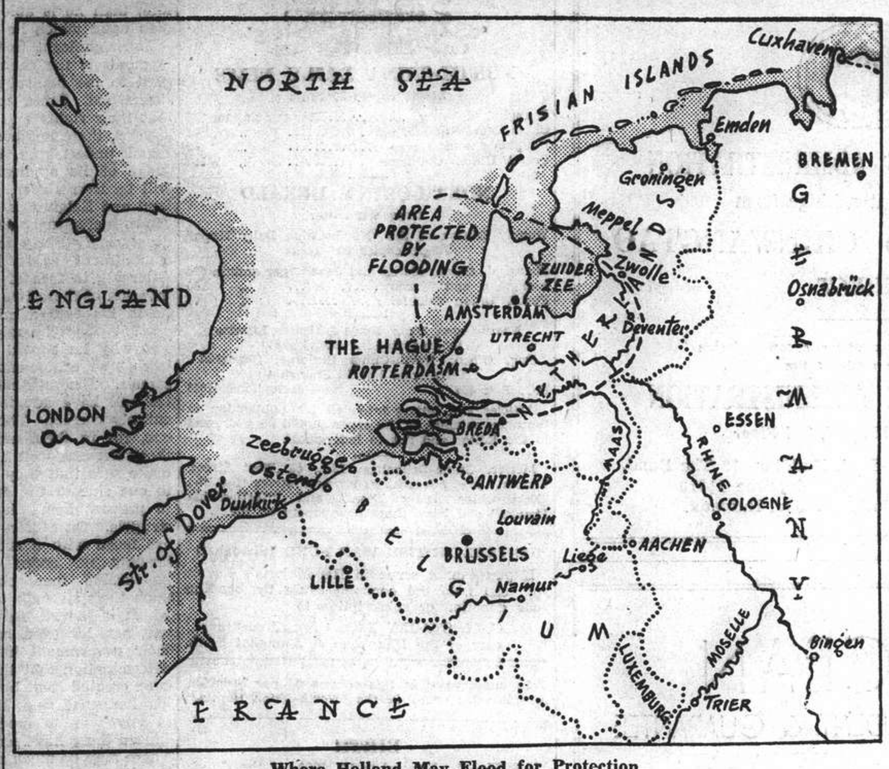

Where Holland May Flood for Protection

The above map shows the region which Holland is flooding or may flood to stem a possible German advance. The region is specified by a line of dashes.

Britain Can Economise On Farm Labour

Exchange Possibilities, Better Organization

London, Sov. 14.

Whereas Germany requires the labour of 140 men to produce food for every 1,000 people, Great Britain requires only 66 workers, according to figures compiled by the "Economist."

This, the journal says, is due to the poor organization of German agriculture and the fact that the greater part of German food is home-grown. Great Britain, it continues, obtains the greater part of her food in exchange for industrial products, and reaps benefit from the division of labour on an international scale. It follows, the "Economist" concludes, that Great Britain has a proportionally larger quantity of labour available to devote to war purposes.—Reuter.

Japan Appoints Border Commission Members

Berlin, Nov. 14.

The names of Japanese and Manchoukuo representatives for the mixed commission to delimit the boundary between Russia and Manchoukuo have been submitted to M. Molotov, Soviet Foreign Commissar, by Mr. Togo, the Japanese Ambassador, according to a Moscow message to the German News Agency.

The commission, it is added, will meet at Chita, and will later transfer to Harbin.—Reuter.

Genro Said Worried by Japan's Position

Tokyo, Nov. 14.

Prince Saionji, the last of Japan's Elder Statesmen, is worried over Japan's domestic and international situation, the "Kokumin Shimbun" reported today. The paper said the Prince would ask the Premier, Genl. Nobuyuki Abe, to call on him soon for a discussion of Japan's many pressing problems. The last of the genro has never met the present Premier.—United Press.

Sailor Injured in Fire On Swedish Freighter

Another Missing in Blaze In Yokohama

Tokyo, Nov. 14.

Damage estimated to be in the neighbourhood of Yen 40,000 was caused by a fire which broke out this morning in the crew's quarters of the 6,890-ton Swedish freighter Tamara, which arrived at Yokohama yesterday.

One sailor is reported to be missing and another seriously injured.

The fire is reported to have been caused by the careless handling of a lighted cigarette by a sailor. It broke out at 1.10 a.m. and was brought under control at 8.10 a.m. today, after destroying four rooms.—Reuter.

Sir Arthur Salter Given Government Post

Parliamentary Secretary to Shipping Ministry

London, Nov. 14.

Sir Arthur Salter, economic expert, who headed missions to China in 1931 and 1933, has been appointed Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Shipping.

Sir Arthur Salter, who is Independent M.P. for Oxford University, was Chairman of the Allied Maritime Transport Executive in the last war. He was for nine years Director of the Economic and Finance section of the League of Nations, and is well known for his works on international economic. The Minister of Shipping is Sir John Gilmour.—Reuter.

Japan's Largest Plane Tested Successfully

Giant Craft Bought from United States

Tokyo, Nov. 14.

A 42-passenger 'plane, the D.C.4, bought by Japan Airway's Limited from the Douglas Aircraft Company Incorporated for the reported sum of U.S.$750,000 last August, successfully went through a 15-minute test flight at the international airport of Haneda, in the suburbs of Tokyo, yesterday.

Resembling a zeppelin with wings, the D.C.4 was the largest land-'plane in the United States and it is now the largest in Japan.

It took three weeks to assemble the machine, whose wing-span is 42.17 metres and over-all length is 29.83 metres, while its height is 7.47 metres.

The D.C.4 is equipped with four motors, each developing 1,400 horse-power. Its cruising speed is 320 kilometres an hour, with a maximum speed of 384 kilometres.

The 'plane is expected to cover the flight from Tokyo to Osaka in an hour. It is capable of making a non-stop flight from Tokyo to Canton.—Reuter.

Lithuania to Shelter Expelled Jews

Kaunas, Nov. 14.

Lithuania has agreed to grant asylum to 1,500 Jews whom the Nazis have expelled from the Suvalki district. Lithuania has already protested to Berlin regarding the thousands of Jews driven towards her frontier, but has received no reply.—Reuter.

Shuttle Ships Will Run To Kobe

The Shanghai Maru and Nagasaki Maru will run between Kobe and Shanghai instead of Nagasaki and Shanghai starting next summer, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported yesterday. The ships, the paper quoted Toa K. K. line officials as saying, would continue to call at Nagasaki, and also at Moji.

A third ship will be placed on the Kobe-Shanghai run in August, the paper said, pointing out that the Kobe Maru, a 7,400-ton vessel, now being built at the Nagasaki Dockyards, will be completed by then.

The Shanghai Maru and Nagasaki Maru have been on the China-Japan route for 20 years.

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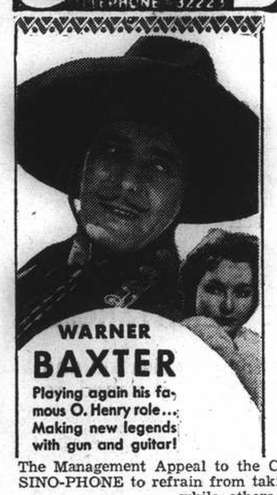
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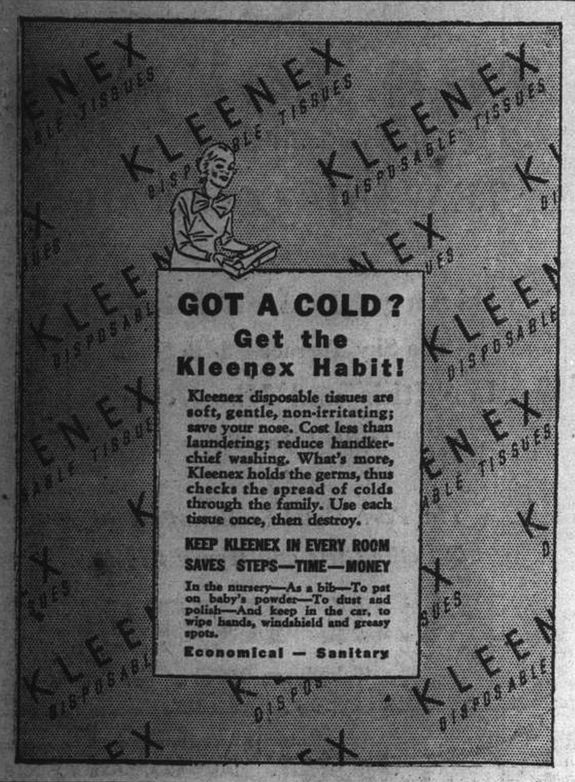

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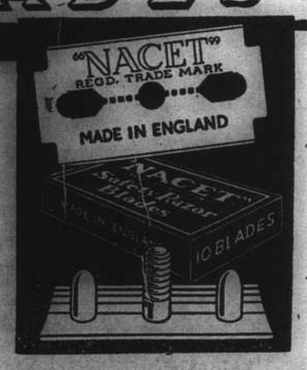

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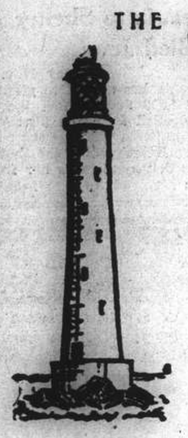

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BIRTH

MARCH.—On November 14, 1939, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. MARCH, a brother for Ann. 12395

ENGAGEMENT

MEYNELL—WEEKS.—The engagement is announced between Surgeon Lieutenant JOSEPH FRANCIS MEYNELL, R.N., elder son of the late Dr. J. L. Meynell, M.D., M.R.C.S., D.P.H., and Mrs. J. H. G. Meynell of Old Trafford, Manchester, and ELIZABETH MARY KATHLEEN, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Weeks of Shanghai. 12397

DEATH

WILBY.—At Shanghai on November 7, 1939, Doctor EDWARD WILBY, aged 38 years. The funeral will take place at the Lokawei Cemetery today, Wednesday, November 15, at 3 p.m. All friends are invited to attend. 12396

IN MEMORIAM

In memory of our dear Father, JOHN JOHNSON, who passed away on November 15, 1937. -7691

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

HANGING FIRE

While the situation of Germany vis-à-vis Belgium, and Holland appears for the moment to remain static, nothing has as yet transpired to show that the fears, which have been expressed relative to a possible invasion of Holland, and perhaps Belgium as well, are not justified. That they are felt in Holland itself is amply demonstrated by the decision to commence flooding the country, a step which could not be left to the last minute for fear the floods would not be deep enough to impede the progress of the invader once he starts to move. As it has already been pointed out, the decision to take this step was a grave one, but, nevertheless fully justified in view of the massing of German forces along the Belgian and Netherlands' frontiers. The German explanation that because of the shortness of the western front, these men, really reserves, had to be spread out fanwise is by no means acceptable, for many of those troops between Aachen and the Elbe are as far away from the western theatre of war as if they were still on the German-Polish frontier. The latest German pronouncement on the subject declares that Germany intends to respect the neutrality of Holland and Belgium so long as Great Britain and France do so, and so long as the first two countries show themselves capable of preserving their neutrality. If words meant anything at all, it would seem that that assurance was sufficient guarantee that the two threatened countries might yet escape scatheless from the present struggle, but Herr Hitler's government has made it perfectly clear that the neutrality which it desires from those two countries is one in which they shall actively assist in breaching the system of economic control which is proving so effective a weapon for the purpose of depriving Germany of war supplies. The Allied control of the import of supplies into those two neutral countries is an accomplished fact. Should Belgium and Holland not do their utmost successfully to help in breaking the blockade Herr Hitler will dub them as not neutral; should he for reasons of his own desire to move even more swiftly than he apparently originally contemplated, all it is necessary for him to decide is that they are not capable of preserving their neutrality, whereupon he will proceed to preserve it for them by means of an invasion.

There is probably much ground for the stories seeping out from Germany that a regular battle is being fought behind the scenes in Berlin between two factions, one headed by Field-Marshal Goering, the moderate, and the other by Herr von Ribbentrop, the extremist, the former reluctant to go to extremes against Holland and the latter ready to attack the Netherlanders regardless of whatever effect it might have upon world opinion in general and American in particular. Herr von Ribbentrop is a desperate man. His incompetent assessment of the political situation before the onslaught on Poland, his *idée fixe* that the Allies would never be prevailed upon to fight, and his confirmed hatred of Britain have helped to create him the evil genius behind Herr Hitler. Having landed Der Fuehrer in the mess in which he is at present, there can be for him only one doctrine, that of the completest audaciousness in the hope that something will eventuate to redeem his own broken prestige, and the fortunes of his leader. Herr Hitler will in all probability, as he has done in the past, make his own decision. That he is to some extent influenced by the opinions of his advisers is proved by what has already happened, and though it is claimed that he makes his own immutable decisions, the very fact that there is this behind-the-scenes battle in progress clearly indicates that there are amongst his advisers men who hope that their counsels will prevail. There can be not the slightest doubt that this proposed venture into Holland has about it features which should commend themselves to Herr Hitler. As one of the methods by which an early termination may be made to the war,—in German opinion,—it has doubtless much to commend it. But when he comes to make the decision, he has naturally to ask himself whether in fact it will produce the desired effect. The Allies are determined that it shall not, and they are in a much better position to thwart him, than he is able to carry out whatever plan upon which he may decide.

The significant feature about recent developments is the change of attitude with regard to the neutrality of the two countries threatened. From unconditional assurances that their rights and integrity would be respected, there has been a change to a conditional undertaking, one in which the sole judge of its applicability or inapplicability will be Herr Hitler, and the danger to Holland and Belgium is that, as his position becomes increasingly desperate, he will become decreasingly likely to honour this particular commitment as he has been in the past. After all, in face of his major perfidies, the invasion of these two neutral countries would be in his eyes a minor matter and in his present plight he might very well ask himself why he should strain at a gnat after having so competently swallowed so many camels. The attitude which Belgium and Holland have adopted throughout has been entirely correct. Their position is a difficult one, for in their neutrality they owe it to themselves as well as to the belligerents to make sure that they shall not deviate either to one side or the other in their endeavour to prevent being involved in this present struggle. On their eastern borders they are faced with a ruthless, relentless enemy, heeding no codes such as those which honourable men observe, and depending upon their strength to escape the retribution which is the reward for wrongdoing. They will not, however, escape it. The deeds of their government have aroused the firmest determination that this evil thing which has been created shall be exterminated. Nothing has happened since the outbreak of the war in any way to modify that determination. Indeed there has been much to strengthen it. There may be much more in the future when the dogs of war are finally unleashed. It may be that both the threatened countries will be overrun or at least made the cockpit of contending nations, but of this they may rest assured, an Allied victory means for them a continuance of their history; an Allied defeat means their subjugation and slavery such as has been fastened around the necks of Czechoslovakia, Austria, and Poland. That they will resist invasion is clear. In doing so they will receive the assistance of the Allies, and all the world wants to know now is when Herr Hitler will drive them out of their neutrality into Allied arms.

Back to Walking Sticks

Black-outs in Britain are providing an impetus for the revival of all sorts of fashions, and not the least among them is the walking stick—or cane as American cousins somewhat disdainfully describe it. In recent years, the walking stick has been out of fashion, although in London, of course, the umbrella has long been the trusted friend of the businessman, much before it gained universal if not historic fame through its connection with Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, and his peace efforts which, alas, proved so futile. According to the latest reports from London, the demand for walking sticks for use by night walkers, who have to feel their way through the gloom owing to the absence of lights, has increased so greatly that manufacturers claim that they cannot handle any more orders from firms until after Christmas. From Nottingham, comes a novel invention by an engineer who has produced a walking stick which lights up—within reasonable Air Raid Precaution and Defence of the Realm Limits—when used by the pedestrian. He states he conceived the idea after he walked into a lamp post during a black-out. The stick has a metal frame and automatically flashes on when touching the ground. Small protected bulbs give off a yellow light in front and a red light at the back, and by a simple adjustment it becomes an ordinary walking stick for day use. Another advantage is that it can be used for reading in darkened trains, although this may not be so important as experiments are being made in running trains with black-out devices which permit normal interior lighting without shedding rays outside. With such inventions being conceived, there should be a great market for a glow worm cultivator in this struggle for illumination which illumines but does not betray.

Scoutmasters Wanted

The very successful Scout Jamboree on Monday, in which lads of several nations met in friendly competition, draws attention to the excellent work which Boy Scouts Association has been doing in China and Shanghai since first the movement was brought here The rules of Scouting have been framed on such broad lines as to embrace all classes and all religious creeds. Scouting starts with the Wolf Cubs (aged 8 to 12), then the Scouts (12 to 18) and finally Rovers (17 upwards). The movement has spread to every civilized country in the world and numbers over 3,000,000 members. Recently the international side of Scouting—the world-wide brotherhood of Scouts—has been especially emphasized. At World Jamborees but also on a smaller scale Scouts are encouraged to visit other countries and to camp alongside foreign Scouts. This summer Great Britain entertained literally thousands of foreign Scouts and thousands of British Scouts visited the continent. Here in Shanghai the British Boy Scouts have admitted to their Association Scouts of perhaps 20 other nationalities, partly because Scout Troops are generally connected with local schools and partly because it was felt that it would be doing an essential duty to this international community. Thus the Cathedral School, the two foreign Public Schools of the Municipal Council, the Jewish School and St. Xaviers each have strong Scout Troops and Wolf Cub Packs. At this moment the Association has enrolled over 560 Rovers, Scouts, Sea Scouts and Wolf Cubs belonging to three Rover Crews, seven Scout Troops, a Sea Scout Section and ten Wolf Cub Packs. Apart from these there are in Shanghai small French, Russian and United States Scout Associations, which are affiliated to but independent of the British Scouts. Chinese and Japanese Scout organizations also exist. The importance of Scouting to the Shanghai boy needs no emphasis. It is self-evident that here the activities which Scouting practises are far more necessary than in most places. Camping and out-of-door occupations are of particular value in a crowded town like this where boys are handicapped by their environment. The Association owns a fine camping ground on Hungjao Road. Finance is obtained by annual donations from some 30 leading firms and by subscriptions from about 30 members of the Association (excluding Scoutmasters) who pay a subscription of $5 and upwards. It is rather surprising that there should only be 80 subscribers in an Association looking after 560 boys, and more public interest would be very helpful, but the greatest and most urgent need is for additional Scoutmasters who have served as such elsewhere, and also for those who are willing to learn or otherwise help in Scout work. The number of Scouts in the various Groups has increased by more than 100 in the past year, and it will not be possible to maintain the high aims and principles of Scouting without more help; the alternative is to limit future enrolments.

A COUNTRY DIARY

Nov. 12.—The man who invented steak and kidney puddings, and laid down the plan for their construction, certainly did something for the bird world. These puddings have an immense dome of suety crust fashioned after the style of Sir Christopher Wren, and very little inside except a volume of pungent gas which occasionally makes one wish that home-side war measures were being enforced here: the crust is, in fact, far too large for the contents and reminds me of Herbert Campbell's old song of the penny ice— "Can not I have the top off for a ha'penny? I cried; there's nothing in the vacuum, it's all outside!". And this is where the birds come in: if we have steak and kidney pudding on Saturday, there is always a lot of the crust left over for the birds on Sunday morning, and it does my heart good to see how they enjoy it: the succulent smell of the meat-impregnated suet seems to attract every bird in the neighbourhood. The Blackbirds were first on the scene this morning, four of them all screaming their heads off and far too busy eating even to think of fighting: the garden Magpies were naturally "amongst those present" .... and the scene became more lively when the seven young Magpies from the field outside came in to join the feast: while a series of running fights were in progress, a band of Rooks joined in and poor Maggie and Father lost the best part of their meal driving all strangers away: the sparrows and bulbuls were here, there, and everywhere; and even the doves with their dainty bills managed to swallow their share. It may have been merely a coincidence, but I noticed that a Green Woodpecker arrived on the scene....too late to get a share even if he wanted it.... and I am trying to believe that he did not come to eat....for that might have been taken as a nasty aspersion on the skill of our cook.

IN PARENTHESIS

Power or Mower

"THERE used to be two windmills here, used there not?"

"Aye, but they tuk one down vower to leave mower wind vower t'other, of reckon."

* * *

Keeping Miserable

"WELL, well," said the rich man, "after all, money isn't everything. I have my troubles, too."

"Perhaps," said his poor friend. "But you can keep miserable in comfort."

* * *

Cockney Pun

"LUMMY!" murmured the cockney, regaining consciousness in hospital, after a black-out accident, "'Ave I been brought 'ere ter die?"

"No mate, said the man in the next bed, "yesterdie."

* * *

In Reply

A SMALL printer got slightly peeved at a letter from a doctor who wanted quotations for several thousand letterheads, different sizes, different grades, and different colours, and wanted the printing forms held standing. So he took his typewriter, and wrote:—

"I am in the market for quotations for one operation for appendicitis. One, two, or five-inch incision—with or without ether, also with or without nurse. If appendix is found to be sound, I want quotations to include putting back and cancelling order. If removed, successful bidder is expected to hold incision open for about 60 days, as I expect to be in the market for an operation for gallstones at that time, and want to save the cost of cutting."

* * *

After-thought

SOMETIMES I wonder, said the Duchess, sentimentally, how the world is going with all those dear people whose enterprising activities used to entertain us in the past.

Do you remember the man who pushed a peanut up a mountain with his nose? The man who literally ate his hat? The craze for swallowing live goldfish? The team who were going to conduct a relay race round and round the boat-deck of a liner crossing the Atlantic? The marathon dancers? The girl who played a saxophone continuously for thirteen hours? The man who walked on all fours, with shoes on his hands, as a protest against a visit from his mother-in-law?

All good work it was, nobly done, in the cause of human sanity. And the fact nearly all its exponents were Americans was surely prophetic of European madness.

* * *

Disciplinary

ONE would like to congratulate Someone Very Important on the ruling that women members of the Auxiliary Territorial Service need not salute officers of the Army.

At the same time one understands, Army officers (and other ranks) are still at liberty to salute members of the A.T.S., if they have received indication that their salutes are acceptable.

In this case, the member of the A.T.S. will first offer the left cheek, subsequently turning the other cheek. The whole movement will be accompanied by a smart lowering of the eyes and a blush which should mantle both cheeks simultaneously.

Blushing classes will be held under the direction of instructors who will have the rank of Minx-Sergeant.

* * *

Gold Fish

JUST as I, says Showman in the "Daily Herald," was pondering on propaganda—we all have our morbid moments—a particularly breezy colleague of mine came prancing into the room like a bee-stung goat on the slopes of Hymettus, and announced that he had seen goldfish swimming in an A.R.P. green canvas tank outside the Guildhall.

He was greeted with kindly laughter.

He swore it was true.
More laughter.
More protests.

Now the point of all this is that a propaganda expert would have asserted that he had seen a submarine in the tank: and his assertion would have carried immediate conviction.

You begin to appreciate the psychology of the racket, don't you?

What I like about propaganda (as I have said before) is its appeal to the adult intelligence.

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min. 49.0	Max. 59.0
Same date, 1938	Min. 37.5	Max. 60.0

Rainfall nil.

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min. 47.1	Max. 61.0
Same date, 1938	Min. 32.0	Max. Nil.

Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 13th:—Normal and steady pressure over China and Japan. Northerly to easterly winds along the China Coast. Fine weather in the north. Cloudy in our Valley.

State on the morning of the 14th:—Overcast and misty weather. Northerly breezes. Normal and steady pressure.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Fine to cloudy and cold weather with fresh south-westerly to north-westerly winds around Shantung. Overcast to cloudy with morning mist and fresh north-westerly to north-easterly winds over our regions and the Eastern Sea.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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TO THE SALVATION ARMY

In memory of Mr. Thomas Alers:—

Dick and Ettie	$25.00
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Royal Navy Sinks Two German Merchantmen

R.A.F. Scout Sinks U-Boat; British Vessels Lost; Raiders Driven Off Paris, Shetlands; English Patrol Cripples Nazi Flying-Boat

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Nov. 14.

AN attack by British reconnaissance aircraft on a German submarine two days ago is officially announced. The U-boat was spotted on the surface and immediately began to submerge. A salvo of bombs, however, was dropped, and one of them appeared to have made a direct hit when the submarine reached periscope depth. The sea was rough and the broken water prevented signs of damage from being accurately observed.

The German steamers, the Mecklenburg, 8,000 tons, and Parana, 6,000 tons, were intercepted today by British warships, according to an official announcement which adds that the warships rescued the crews, who abandoned the vessels in a sinking condition. Later, the ships were sunk by gunfire to prevent them from becoming dangers to navigation. Earlier, a report from Reykjavik, capital of Iceland, said that an S.O.S. signal from the Parana had been picked up by the radio station there stating that she was being attacked by a British destroyer.

A German submarine has sunk the British vessel Ponzano, 1,346 tons, in the Atlantic, according to a German News Agency message from Vigo, Spain. A Japanese ship, the message says, has intercepted an S.O.S. from the Ponzano stating that it tried to escape a U-boat but was stopped and fired upon. The Ponzano is said to have sunk following an explosion. All three passengers and all the crew took to lifeboats and made a safe landing. The vessel sank in 90 minutes.

Shetlands Raided Twice

Four German planes flew over the Shetland islands yesterday and dropped bombs, some of which fell into the sea and some on land. Windows of crofters' cottages were broken by the explosions. According to an Admiralty announcement, there were two attacks, but on each occasion the aircraft were driven off by anti-aircraft fire. The bombs dropped are said to have done no damage.

British fighter machines on patrol duty above the clouds off the English east coast yesterday sighted a German flying-boat 2,000 feet below. The enemy dived, says an official communique, but the British leader swooped close behind and raked it with bullets at a few yards' range. The German rear gunner, the statement adds, replied without effect. A piece of the enemy's wing fell off, and he took cover in the clouds.—Reuter.

British Steamer Lost

London, Nov. 14.

The British steamer Matra (8,000 tons) has been lost in the North Sea as the result of an explosion.

Two men were killed and 22 injured. The captain, pilot, ten officers and forty Lascars were taken off by a lifeboat, which made three trips to the sinking vessel.—Reuter.

German Version Denied

London, Nov. 14.

Statements in a communique issued by the German High Command in Berlin, claiming that two British flying-boats were destroyed yesterday, during an air attack on the Shetland Islands, was authoritatively denied here.

No British flying-boats were lost, it is asserted.

The German communique also claimed that all German aircraft taking part in the raid returned to their base in good condition.—Reuter.

Three Raids Over Paris

Paris, Nov. 13.

Three persons were wounded by anti-aircraft shell splinters when German planes were sighted near Paris this afternoon. It was the third visit by German aircraft to the French capital within 48 hours. The raiders were hardly distinguishable owing to a thick fog. They are believed to have come from the east of France and to have returned home via Belgium. Owing to the apparent intensified German aerial activity, a tightening up of the black-out has been ordered.

The latest French communique records "usual patrol activity, especially east of the Saar." It adds that a number of "enemy aircraft flew over north-eastern France on Sunday night."—Reuter.

German Air Force Losses

Berlin, Nov. 14.

The German Air Force lost seventeen planes on the Western Front between the inception of the war and November 10, it was officially announced yesterday. The announcement said that the Royal Air Force had lost sixteen planes and the French had lost 61. The announcement said that the German Air Force had destroyed three Allied balloons during the period.—United Press.

Dutch Save German Fliers

Amsterdam, Nov. 14.

Three German pilots who were picked up on Saturday in the North Sea were landed by the Netherlands cargo steamer Jeannette when it anchored off Bliehors on Sunday. The plane in which the German pilots were flying fell into the sea, killing another airman. The three men were interned by Netherlands authorities.—United Press.

German Bomber Blows Up in Air

Paris, Nov. 14.

Charles Morice, writing today in Petit Parisien," describes how French fighting 'planes yesterday destroyed a German Heinkel bomber.

"Our aces attacked," he says, "and after three minutes the Heinkel caught fire and lost a wing. Finally the engines were thrown in all directions. The crew were unable to use their parachutes."—Reuter.

British Destroyer Sunk by Mine

One Dead, Six Missing And Many Injured; One Trawler Torpedoed

London, Nov. 14.

A British destroyer has been lost through striking a mine, the Admiralty announced today. Casualties are given as one dead, six missing, and three officers and twelve ratings injured. More than seventy members of the crew were picked up and landed by tugs and drifters.

Following the explosion a tug took the destroyer into tow, but shortly afterwards the warship went down stern first.

A number of the survivors were practically without clothing, and most of them were almost smothered in oil.

This is the first destroyer the Royal Navy has lost since the outbreak of the war.

The Admiralty further announced that a cargo steamer also sank following an explosion about an hour after the destroyer went down. She was about a mile from the position where the destroyer sank.—Reuter.

Survivors Picked Up

London, Nov. 14.

The engineer of a trawler which picked up six survivors made the following statement to the authorities upon landing:

"Last night we heard a loud explosion. At dawn we saw a destroyer which seemed on the point of sinking. A tugboat was near the warship surrounded by several small craft. We thought at the time that all the survivors had been picked up. However, as we were coming nearer to the other vessels we rescued a sailor who was completely exhausted and who said that he had been in the water for over an hour. A few minutes later we picked up five more survivors, four of whom were on a raft. We remained on the scene for some time but did not find any more survivors. Most of the latter were taken on board the tug."—Havas.

U-Boat Sinks Trawler

London, Nov. 14.

The Fleetwood (Lancs.) trawler Creswell, 275 tons, has been sunk by a submarine, according to a radio message from another trawler.

Six of the crew of twelve are reported missing.—Reuter.

German Threat

Berlin, Nov. 14.

A warning that Britain "cannot arm passenger ships and then expect them to be treated like peaceful vessels" is given today in the "Berliner Boersen-Zeitung."

"To claim such a privilege for these vessels," the newspaper adds, "is useless because it contradicts all principles of reciprocity. It is absurd for Mr. Churchill to claim that British merchantmen are only defensively armed. Every British military measure must expect a corresponding military answer."—Reuter.

Lifeboat Rescues Three Crews

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Nov. 14.

After having been out for 17 hours, an East Coast lifeboat returned to its station today with 46 men, rescued from two British ships which struck the submerged wreckage of a steamer sunk off the coast a fortnight ago.

The lifeboat was returning with eighteen men, rescued from the first steamer, when a wireless message was received stating the second ship had struck the wreckage. The lifeboat put back and saved the crew of 28.

On Saturday the same lifeboat rescued the crew of a steamer which also struck the same wreckage.—Reuter.

Czechs Waging War of Nerves, Benes States

London, Nov. 14.

"Yes, Czechoslovakia is at war with Germany, and we are showing her that we can wage a war of nerves too." Dr. Eduard Benes, former President of Czechoslovakia, told the "Daily Mail" here today.

Expressing the conviction that his country would soon be free and independent again, Dr. Benes said:

"Think of the position of the Germans. They don't know when the Czechs will strike against them in the rear. And now they will have difficulties in Poland." The whole nation is spiritually and morally conspiring against the Germans, he added.—Havas.

Eire Wants U.S. Ships To Come to Ports

Dublin, Nov. 14.

Eire has made representations to the United States over the Washington decision to close Eire ports to United States ships. It is declared here that United States ships can safely trade with Eire.—Reuter.

More Gunfire Heard In Paris

Paris, Nov. 14.

Anti-aircraft gunfire was heard again last night, according to reports from various points in the Paris region. The gunfire, it is supposed, was directed against reconnaissance aircraft. The authorities have not issued a communiqué. Noise of gunfire over the Paris region was again heard in the suburbs shortly after noon, but air raid sirens were not sounded.—Reuter.

Finns Claim Talks Merely Suspended

Soviet Allegations Refuted; Helsinki Ready for Agreement

Moscow, Nov. 13.

Soviet-Finnish negotiations are not broken off but only suspended although the Finnish delegation was leaving Moscow for Helsinki at 9.50 p.m. today, informed quarters declared tonight.

Conversation to date nad led to no settlement but Soviet threats, foreign circles added, made no impression on Finnish determination to make just but not suicidal concessions. It was not stated whether the Finnish delegation would return here for further parleys after consultations in Helsinki.—Havas.

Finns Determined

Helsinki, Nov. 14.

Commenting on the breakdown of the Finnish-Soviet talks in Moscow, the press here today reaffirms the country's determination not to yield to Soviet demands for a naval base in the Gulf of Finland.

Although the Finnish delegates are returning empty-handed, it is pointed out, there is no need for pessimism. Finland, newspapers state, is prepared to do her utmost to reach an acceptable solution.—Reuter.

Finland to Persevere

Helsinki, Nov. 14.

Tension revived in Finland over the unfriendly tone of Moscow broadcast, which accuses Finland of failing to inform the Soviet authorities regarding the recent "dangerous" rise in rivers in the frontier area. Under international treaty, the broadcast adds, the Finns are bound to do so. The accusation closely follows the recall of the Finnish delegation which has been negotiating in Moscow.

After five blank days, the Finnish Government considered it necessary to re-establish direct contact with the delegates, hence their recall from the Soviet capital, declared M. Elias Erkko, the Finnish Foreign Minister, in an interview concerning the return of the delegation.

The Finnish attitude concerning the Moscow talks, he said, remained positive. Finland did not intend to suspend the negotiations indefinitely, but would continue to try to obtain a definite and satisfactory result by displaying goodwill and understanding. Until the Finnish delegates had made a personal report, M. Erkko said, it was impossible to say whether they would return to Moscow. The Russian proposals and Finnish counter-proposals, he added, would be laid before the various parliamentary groups, but would not yet be made public.—Reuter.

Soviet Allegations Denied

Helsinki, Nov. 13.

Intentionally false Soviet reports about Finland, destined for home consumption, need no denial, authoritative quarters declared today.

The Finnish people are united and well know the necessity to defend their neutrality and the integrity of their country. Soviet propaganda's allegation that Finland today is an armed camp and that there are many desertions from the Army are totally wrong, they added.

The Finance Minister, M. Viano Tanner, who is a member of the delegation in Moscow, declared in a telephone conversation, that he does not know when parleys may be resumed.—Havas.

South African Militia Force Strengthened

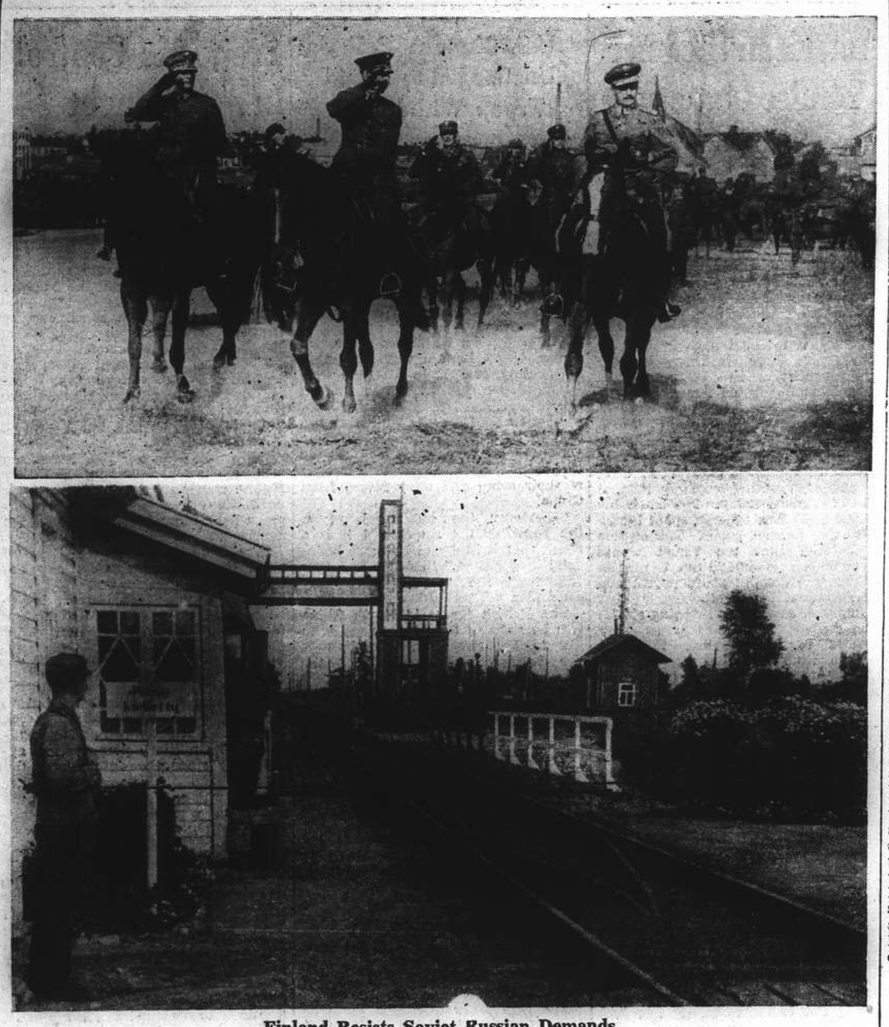
Exports of Beef and Mutton To Britain to Be Assisted

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Pretoria, Nov. 14.

The whole existing active citizen force, plus units still to be formed, is to be brought up to war establishment by volunteers up to the age of 45, according to an announcement today.

South African exports of beef and mutton to Great Britain are to be substantially assisted under the bounty system announced by the South African Meat Industries Control Board. Bounties will be paid on meat exported during the period of 12 months beginning November 16 up to a maximum of 10,000 carcasses, 20,000 sides and 40,000 quarters of beef.—Reuter.



Finland Resists Soviet Russian Demands

Finland is showing the stoutest opposition to the demands of Soviet Russia. These pictures illustrate aspects of the Finnish situation. Above, General Osterman, General Ohqvist, and Field Marshal Mannerheim reviewing the troops on parade. Below, a Finnish soldier regards a Russian soldier across the border.

U.S. Eastern Policy Unchanged By Allied Troop Withdrawal

Decision Seen as Proof of Better Relations With Japan; No Rights in China Abandoned

Washington, Nov. 14.

AMERICAN policy in the Far East will not be altered despite the withdrawal of a portion of British and French troops from China, official quarters, including the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, indicated to the press yesterday.

Asked whether the United States would increase or decrease the strength of its forces in China as a result of the Anglo-French move, Mr. Hull told the press that "our policy remains the same as before."

Asked whether the United States contemplated the transfer of additional troops to China from the Philippines, the Secretary of State replied that the knew of no such plans.

Mr. Hull said at present there was no plan under way to increase American forces in China to replace the British and French troops which will be withdrawn.—United Press.

France Retains All Rights

Paris, Nov. 14.

France has notified all Governments that the withdrawal of troops from China does not mean that France has relinquished its extraterritorial rights in China.

The Government announced that it will maintain a force large enough to assure a guard of French buildings in Peiping and other Chinest cities.

The garrison at the French Concession at Shanghai will be reduced, but the garrison at Tientsin will be kept at full strength in order to insure French rights there. The majority of troops will be withdrawn from Canton for services elsewhere, the Government announced.

The Government stressed that the reductions of French garrisons in China is a temporary measure.—United Press.

Chinese in London Reconciled

London, Nov. 14.

Although scarcely pleased by the withdrawal of British and French troops from China, quarters close to the Chinese Embassy here appeared reconciled to the withdrawal, in view of the assurance of Britain that her policy in the Orient was still unchanged, and that she was not "selling out" China.

In his recent conversations at Tokyo, Sir Robert Craigie, the British Ambassador to Tokyo, emphasized to Japan that the move involves no sacrifice of British rights and interests under treaties pertaining to China. Also, Chinese quarters here pointed out that Britain has notified the United States, France and Italy, as signatories of the Boxer Protocol, who maintain troops in China. Washington is continuously informed of British intentions, they said.

British circles said that garrisons in North China would have been withdrawn earlier, but for Japanese pressure under which British authorities were unwilling to act.—United Press.

Barracks Were Flooded

London, Nov. 14.

The political correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph" learns that the decision to withdraw a number of British troops from China refers only to Tientsin, and that one of the reasons for it is the flooding of the Tientsin barracks.

It would have cost £10,000 to repair the demage caused, he adds, and would have entailed unsuitable conditions for the troops, especially with the approach of winter.

But for the fact that it might have appeared that the Government was acting under pressure, the correspondent asserts, the action would probably have been taken earlier.

It is now felt, he continues, that Britain's relations with Japan permit this step to be taken without misunderstanding.

This action has been taken, it is emphasized in official circles, without abandoning any principle or endangering other Treaty Powers.

At the same time, it is added, it can be construed as an indication

(Continued on page 8, col. 4)

War Risks Reduced In Far East

Gesture Seen as Sign of Improved Relations with Japanese

London, Nov. 14.

The greater assurance now left in the development of Anglo-Japanese relations is reflected in the decision of the Rating Committee of Underwriters to extend to Shanghai the war-risk insurance premium of 60 shillings per cent. hitherto applied from the United Kingdom to Singapore.

The decision adds over 3,000 miles of the South China Sea to the insured voyage at the same rate.

Similarly, the 80 shillings per cent. premium (60 per cent. for neutral ships) now covers trading north of Shanghai instead of east of Singapore.—Reuter.

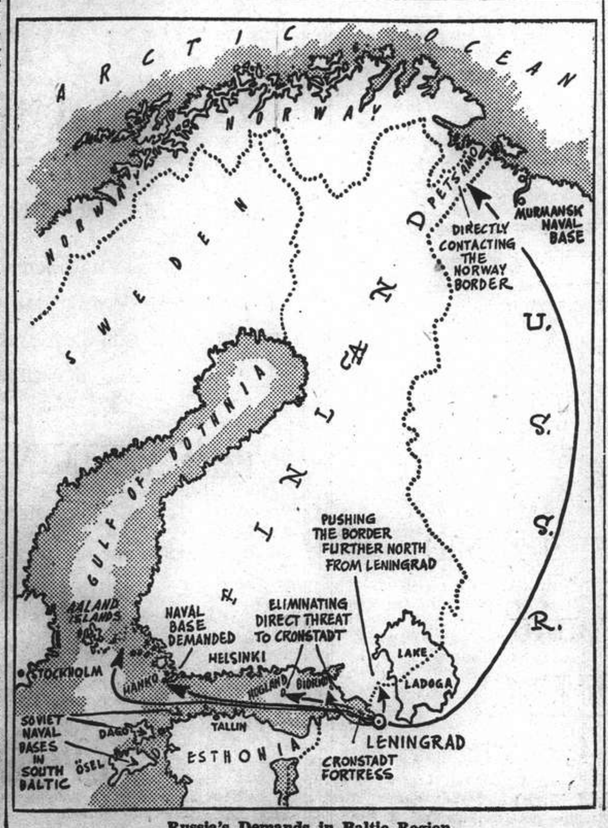
London, Nov. 13.

Extension to Shanghai of the war risk insurance premium reflects the greater confidence felt here as a result of bettered Anglo-Japanese relations.—Havas.

Premier's Health Better

London, Nov. 14.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, continues to improve in health. Today he presided at a meeting of the Cabinet.—Reuter.



Russia's Demands in Baltic Region

British Troops Cheered In Paris Streets

Paris, Nov. 13.

Cheered to the echo by enthusiastic throngs of Parisians, the battalion of the Welsh Guards which paraded here yesterday departed today for the front. The streets along which the Tommies marched were crowded with people who gave the men a heartening send-off, symbolical of Anglo-French friendship.—Havas.

New Commander For 4th U.S.M.C.

Col. De Witt Peck Named To Succeed Col. Fegan in Shanghai Post

Washington, Nov. 14.

Colonel De Witt Peck has been appointed to the command of the Fourth U. S. Marines in Shanghai, the Navy Department announced yesterday.

Colonel Peck will take over the command of the Fourth Regiment at Shanghai sometime in February. He will replace Colonel Joseph C. Fegan, present commanding officer of the Fourth Marines, who has been ordered to report for duty at Headquarters here.

No definite date for the departure of Colonel Fegan from Shanghai has yet been set, but it was understood that he would leave in the "near future."

Colonel Peck's date of the departure also has not been announced, but he is expected to arrive in Shanghai in February. He will proceed to his new post from Headquarters here. He completed his last tour of foreign service in 1931.

A graduate of the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, Colonel Peck joined the Marine Corps on June 5, 1915, as a Second Lieutenant.

A native of California, Colonel Peck was born on May 24, 1894.—United Press.

American Says Russia Sank the Athenia

Move Said Made to Drag U.S. Into War

Boston, Nov. 14.

Russia torpedoed the liner Athenia at the beginning of the European war in order to draw the United States into the conflict so she could take over Germany, the Regent of Georgetown University's Foreign School, Rev. Edmund Walsh, said last night.

"Russia torpedoed the Athenia," he said, "not Germany or Britain, as the Soviets would benefit vitally by the entrance of the United States into the war. United States participation would insure Germany's downfall and the U.S.S.R. could then send armies to the 'rescue' of the demoralized, German population....

"In the event of a continued stalemate, the only victory would go to the Bolshevists who have already taken half of Poland. They would then assume virtual military control of the Baltic countries. Advancing to the Carpathians, it wouldn't be long before Soviet horsemen would be at the Khyber Pass."—United Press.

Freedom Station Again Attacks Nazis

London, Nov. 14.

"The Nazi regime must perish, so that Germany can live again," declares a broadcast from the anti-Nazi German "Freedom" station. It adds: "A system which murdered General von Fritsch and is daily murdering thousands of Germany's finest men, a system which sends hundreds of thousands to be slaughtered on the battlefield, has no right to live."—Reuter.

New Peace Appeal May Be Made by Netherlands

Premier Says Neutrals Must Save Europe from Ruin; German Assurance on Neutrality Issued

Amsterdam, Nov. 13.

SHOULD the present peace appeal by the Belgian and Netherlands sovereigns fail, they and others would in due time take new steps in the same direction, declared Dr. D. J. de Geer, the Netherlands Premier, in a broadcast speech today. A new dawn for Europe, he said, must originate with neutrals. The more countries that remain neutral, he added, the greater the possibility of Europe being saved from ruin.

The Premier asserted that the recent military measures on the German frontier were not due to increased danger but were precautionary. There was no reason, he declared, for rumours of danger to the country to be spread abroad. The reasons for these rumours seemed to lie in foreign wireless and press reports, and certain actions of the Government. "Danger exists no more now," Dr. de Geer added, "than at the beginning of September, when the entire defence force was mobilized."—Reuter.

Brussels, Nov. 13.

"If, despite German assurances, many Belgian and Dutch quarters have been seriously alarmed (by threats of German invasion) they have been the victims of unscrupulous propaganda by our enemies," a semi-official German Note asserted today, according to Belga news agency. "The international press during recent days," the Note said, "centred discussion about reports attributing to the Reich the intention of sending its troops into Belgium and the Netherlands. German quarters in Berlin declare that there was no need for them to make any statements on this subject to date because the German attitude was sufficiently well known, the Reich having stated explicitly that it would respect Belgian and Dutch neutrality as long as it is respected by Britain and France and as long as Belgium and the Netherlands would maintain their attitude of strict neutrality.—Havas.

Washington Issues Denial

Washington, Nov. 13.

A White House spokesman announced today that he knew nothing of the alleged demarche made by President Roosevelt in favour of maintenance of Dutch neutrality.—Havas.

Allied Reply Angers Nazis

Amsterdam, Nov. 13.

Navigation on several streams and canals, among them the Meuse-Waal, Juliana and Wilhelmina Canals, was forbidden by the Government today.

German political quarters here sought this evening to bolster statements of the Reich's peaceful intentions toward the Netherlands by spreading reports about extension of the Siegfried Line along the Belgian and Dutch borders.

The nature of the British and French Notes politely rejecting the Belgian-Dutch offer of mediation angered Nazi leaders, Berlin reports stated today. The German Note of reply is now expected to be forwarded to The Hague tomorrow. It will allege, informed quarters declared, that the Allies are responsible for prolongation of the war and the impossibility for the Reich to accept the mediation offer.

The official German news agency, D.N.B., says German political quarters believed the Allied Notes to The Hague and Brussels have "sabotaged from the outset attempts at mediation in harping on the old themes of Anglo-French propaganda." The Allied Notes are "a provocation to the German people and constitute a provocation which reveals that the true aims of the war waged by Britain and France bear upon the destruction of Germany," D.N.B. alleged.

The strong speech made by Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, was also declared to have caused a great deal of high feeling and even nervousness in Berlin.—Havas.

Ambassadors Confer in Hongkong

French and British Envoys Said to Have Met

Hongkong, Nov. 14.

M. Henri Cosme, French Ambassador to China, reportedly had a meeting here with Sir Archibald Clark Kerr, British Ambassador, although his activities in Hongkong were kept secret.

M. Cosme visited Government House, where Sir Archibald is staying. The French Consul-General refused to reveal when M. Cosme was leaving Hongkong.

Mr. Nelson T. Johnson, American Ambassador, was reported to have arrived here from Chungking. M. Cosme arrived on Sunday morning.—Domei.

German Expert on Time Bombs Called in

Copenhagen, Nov. 14.

A German officer who, during the Great War, caused the death of thirty Frenchmen by placing a time bomb in the town hall of a French village, has been called in as an expert in the investigation now being carried out into the Munich outrage, the Berlin correspondent of the "Politiken" reported today. This officer is said to have stated that time fuses can be adjusted so as to bring about an explosion after three and even six months.—Havas.

Latest Exchange

The closing Interbank selling rates yesterday were as follows:

Sterling 5 7/32d. U.S.$ 8 29/32c.

LONDON METALS AND N.Y. CROSS RATE

London, Nov. 14.

Silver prices declined in London today, with quotations being fixed as follows:—

	Nov. 13	Nov. 14
London spot	23½d.	23 5/16d.
" forward	23 7/16d.	23 3/16d.
" gold	168/–	168/–

London/New York:

	Nov. 13 close	Nov. 14 1 p.m.
One pound	U.S.$4.0200	$4.0200
One U.S. dollar	59.701d.	59.701d.

—Reuter.

French Parliament To Be Called

First Session Since War Began to Review Emergency Budget

Paris, Nov. 13.

The Finance Minister, M. Paul Reynaud, will present France's first war budget to the Parliament, which the Premier, M. Edouard Daladier, has decided to convoke in extraordinary session this month, officials indicated today.

This will be Parliament's first session since the hostilities began, whereas the British Parliament has been in almost permanent session.

M. Reynaud will present his estimates to the Chamber of Deputies Finance Committee with a demand for urgent consideration. It was believed the extraordinary session would begin on November 27, when M. Reynaud will demand final passage before January 7, 1940, the date the ordinary winter session is due to open.

There was no indication today that the government intended to request renewal of plenary financial and economic powers which expire November 30. These powers were granted the Government on September 1, when Parliament voted Frs.16,000,000,000 in military credits.

The question of excluding Communist Deputies from the Chamber will also be raised during the extraordinary session. Forty Communist Deputies who joined the short-lived Peasants and Workers Party when the Third Internationale's French section was dissolved are at present in Santé prison, indicted on charges of illegal reconstitution of their party.

Seven Communist leaders, including the secretary-general, Maurice Thorez, who deserted from the Army, Jacques Duclos and Andre Marty, are fugitives.

A bill may be proposed to exclude Communists from Parliament, with the exception of those who resigned from the party after the German-Russian pact was signed.

M. Daladier is expected to make a statement of war policy during the extraordinary session, and present decree laws issued under his plenary powers for ratification.—United Press.

Dardanus Pilots Deny Infringements

Mail from Airways Craft Sent to Hongkong

Canton, Nov. 14.

"We were followed and fired on ten miles from Waichow Island," said Pilot Wilson, of the Imperial Airways flyingboat Dardanus, to Reuter today discussing the incident in which the British aircraft was forced down by Japanese 'planes, on November 8, at Waichow Island.

Both Mr. Wilson and his co-pilot, Mr. Raeburn, said they were well treated during the period they were held for questioning by Japanese naval authorities, though on all their movements they were followed by an armed guard. A request to see the British Consul was refused.

When shown Reuter messages concerning the incident, Mr. Wilson denied the Japanese allegation that the Dardanus had flown below that proscribed altitude over Waichow. The proscribed height, he added, had never been recognized by the British Government.

The mail carried by the Dardanus arrived in Hongkong yesterday aboard a Japanese steamer from Canton, where it had been held since the incident.

A close examination by the Hongkong authorities of the mail revealed that it had not been tampered with nor damaged in any way.—Reuter.

Britain Buying More Food from Dominions

Whole New Zealand Exportable Surplus to Be Bought

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Nov. 14.

When the rationing of butter and bacon starts, the Ministry of Food is absolutely confident of being able fully to honour its coupons.

In giving this assurance today, a Government spokesman mentioned that bacon supplies were arriving well. Attention was being paid to increasing supplies from the Dominions, he added, and a contract was nearly completed for the purchase of practically the whole New Zealand exportable surplus.

In connection with edible fats, the spokesman said the Government, before the war, made a big reserve of raw materials for margarine, and had since made satisfactory contracts for further large supplies of the necessary oil seeds.—Reuter.

British Labour Party to Elect New Leader

London, Nov. 13.

A new leader for the British Labour Party is to be elected this week, the Executive Committee decided today. Major C. R. Attlee, present leader, is a candidate and Mr. Arthur Greenwood, his assistant, and Mr. Herbert Morrison, may also agree to put forward their names.—Havas.

West Front Zone Described

American Journalist Travels Whole Range Of Maginot Defences

With French Army, Nov. 14.

Four hundred and fifty miles along the Rhine front, from Lauterburg to Basle, two powerful armies, finally in position 2½ months after the war started, stare at each other, each waiting for the other to fire first.

The friendly attitude of the Germans which failed to shake the determination of the French soldiers to see the war through, has given way to solemn, silent hatred as German divisions reached the Rhine from the Polish front. French troops have orders to fire on the Germans attempting to propagandize within range on the other side of the Rhine. Firing has not begun because both armies, from behind their steel and concrete shelters, merely observe every move the other makes.

"I have just travelled the whole length of the Rhine front, from Lauterburg past Strasbourg and Mulhouse to the Swiss frontier. I saw 1,500,000 men holding a defence zone wholly depopulated of civilians," writes Mr. Ralph Heingen, the United Press correspondent in Paris.

Rhine as Effective Barrier

"I saw great numbers of guns of every size and every range," he writes. "I saw the southern arm of the Maginot Line fully manned and terrifically powerful. I saw the Rhine floods swirling round the Siegfried Line's pill boxes on the very river's edge on the German side. I never heard a single shot within the whole 150 miles where warriors are ever present but the war has not yet begun. The only damage I saw was four bridges dynamited voluntarily by the French early in the war to insure against German surprise attacks.

"The Rhine today is still seven feet above normal, but going down. A swift current would prevent either army from building pontoon bridges. All winter long the rains keep the river high and the current swift. When summer comes the heat melts the snows and glaciers of the Alps and the Rhine floods again. Thus, summer and winter, the Rhine may be considered an effective barrier.

"A few days ago when German divisions were resting from the Polish campaign and ready to hove into Rhineland positions, the Austrian divisions were ordered out of the river side of the fortifications and warned the French. Austrian soldiers walked to the water's edge, cupped their hands, and shouted across the river, 'Be careful now! We Austrians are going away. The Germans are moving in tomorrow.' Since that day there have been no more band concerts or speeches by Chancellor Adolf Hitler broadcast by loud speakers for the benefit of the French troops across the river. No more kindly banter and no more unfurling of huge banners by the Germans asking the French, 'Why do you fight us? Why do you bring war to lovely France?'

"As I travelled the west bank of the Rhine, I counted an average of one German fortification every 250 yards along the entire length of the river. Those along the edge are squat concrete blocks whose sides drop directly into the water. There is also no pretence at camouflage. They left the gray forbidding fronts for all to see and the tiny slots in the sides of the fortifications indicate that plenty of fire would discourage any French attempt to force a crossing of the river.

Siegfried Lines of Forts

"From a high position I could see the second and third rows of the Siegried Line forts. They are so close that they form one thick belt of defence between which barbed wire and trenches block the way. There are three or four Siegfried fortresses for every Maginot Line position, but that is no comparison, because each French fortress is three or four times as powerfully built.

"On both sides of the river lowlands are flooded for a considerable distance. From the French end of one of the dynamited bridges, I could see across the river without glasses and watch the Germans in boats crossing a temporary lake a short distance inland from the Rhine as they carry food, munitions, and supplies to the marooned Siegfried fortresses at the river's edge. They were within easy rifle range, but no Frenchman fired although Frenchmen round me watched the Germans push their boat across with a pole.

No Civilian Activity

"Nowhere along the German side could I see any signs of civilian activities. The same was true on the French side. In the three-mile zone which the French ordered evacuated of all civilians, there is only one factory operating along the whole Rhine front—a sugar factory barely two miles from the Rhine, where the great Alsatian beet crop is being converted to sugar before the fighting starts.

"Elsewhere in the three-mile zone, peasants were forced to leave their untouched harvest. Hops and tobacco—the two richest crops in the area—are rotting on their stems. French Rhine vineyards are further inland where the famed wine is made and the pressing is just in the finishing stage with the indication of a bumper yield. Many Alsatian peasants lost whole crops and many of those whose fields are on the German side of the river were unable to cross to harvest their crops when the French dynamited the pontoon bridge. Their land has since been confiscated.—United Press.

Uniformed Chinese Try Day's Hunger Strike

After a reported unsuccessful hunger strike of one day, the sixteen armed Chinese who were arrested by the East Surrey Regiment last Friday were last night still in the custody of the British military. No official or organization in the western area has so far come forward to claim the men, who were evidently "imported" from up-country.

The sixteen were wearing green uniforms somewhat different from those of the "Special Municipality" police when they were apprehended, in Brenan Road, in the British military sector. They were armed to the teeth, being equipped with rifles, pistols and military hand-grenades. Neither Mr. Wang Ching-wei nor the Japanese Gendarmerie would own them when the fact of their arrest became known.

German Train Wreck Kills 43

Berlin, Nov. 14.

Officials announced on Monday that 43 persons were killed and sixty injured in a collision of two passenger trains between Langlieren and Rosengrund, near Oppeln, Prussia, during the peak of Sunday's traffic. The track where the wreck occurred, about 51 miles southeast of Breslau, is a single line.—United Press.

Firmer Stand by Britain Urged

Letter to "The Times" Praises American Policy In Far East

London, Nov. 14.

The question of British policy in the Far East was the subject of a letter to "The Times" today signed by Messrs. A. D. Lindsay, W. H. Beveridge, W. D. Ross and John Lowe.

After expressing admiration for the statesmanlike fashion in which the Washington Government is utilizing the voice of its Ambassador at Tokyo (Mr. Joseph C. Grew), the letter adds:—

"What Mr. Grew stated in such friendly, but uncompromising terms expresses the mind of the British peoples, and we should like the United States Government to be assured that in this matter, Britain stands side by side with America.

"On general grounds, we may applaud our Prime Minister's message to the Japanese people—that Britain cherished no grudges, but we should have it made doubly clear that Britain also very much cherished her principles.

"Among these is fidelity to the cardinal undertaking of the Nine Power Treaty, namely, the upholding of the integrity and independence of China.

"Unless that be safeguarded to the best by Britain, America's ability and confidence will be affected, and the seeds of a long-term disorder will be sown in the Far East.—Reuter.

Monarchist Movement Grows in Bavaria

People Urged to Shake Off Prussian Yoke

Stockholm, Nov. 14.

According to the Social "Demokraten," the monarchist movement is gaining impetus in Bavaria and Wurtemberg, where hundreds of people have been arrested during the past few days and where a strict watch is being kept on all persons or organizations suspected of monarchist leanings.

The paper reproduced two proclamations dated August 38 but obviously meant to be circulated after the outbreak of the then-impending war. One called upon the Bavarians to shake off the Prussian yoke, asserted that the Bavarians do not want to fight for the usurper Hitler, and demanded peace and the maintenance of Christian civilization.

Prince Ruprecht of Bavaria, whose whereabouts are unknown, is said to be the leader of the Monarchist movement. The Gestapo is already spreading rumours of his death, of which there is no confirmation so far.—Havas.

Hitler Purging Hohenzollerns?

London, Nov. 14.

The sensational announcement that Herr Hitler is at present in the act of purging the Hohenzollern Princes and their supporters was made by the "Daily Herald" today.

According to the paper's special correspondent, the Kronprinz has received instructions to remain at home and is practically under arrest. The residences of the other Hohenzollern Princes have been searched by Gestapo officials, following which one of the Princes, Joachim Albrecht of Prussia, was reported to have "died suddenly."

To support its statement, the paper published a facsimile of the death notice which appeared in the German press.—Havas.

Herr Hitler Receives Chief Aides

Munich Investigators Seek Makers of Bomb Parts

Berlin, Nov. 14.

Chancellor Adolf Hitler received his chief advisers yesterday, including Field-Marshal Hermann Goering, high Army officials and the Foreign Minister, Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop. The Chancellory again appeared normal, with no sign of the excitement so evident after the attempted assassination of Herr Hitler at Munich last week. Herr Hitler's special train, "the Fuehrer's headquarters" during the Polish campaign, was lying at Berlin in complete readiness for instant departure.

The States Attorney for the People's Court, working in co-operation with the States Attorney at Munich on the investigation of the bombing, made a detailed report yesterday to the Reich Minister of Justice.

At Munich it was announced the investigation commission were tracing two firms which manufactured the individual parts of the clock-work and time fuse of the bomb used in the assassination attempt. Thousands of clues were also said to be under examination by the commission.—United Press.

Japanese Goods Must Be Registered in Chungking

Chungking, Nov. 14.

In an effort to prevent the alleged smuggling of Japanese goods into Chungking, the local authorities have decided to compile a register of all Japanese goods at present in Chungking.

Registration will have to be made before November 19. Any person found selling Japanese goods after that date, it is said, will be executed.—Reuter.

American Steamer Promised Safety

Germans Pledge Open Sea for ss. City of Flint on Way Home

Washington, Nov. 14.

The German Government notified the State Department yesterday that the American merchantman City of Flint now at Bergen, Norway, will not be molested by German war craft on its voyage to the United States.

The City of Flint was captured and taken by a German prize crew from whom she was returned to the American crew by the Norwegian Government.—United Press.

U.S. Ship Off for Europe

New York, Nov. 13.

The American freighter Mormac Tide left for Bergen, Norway, at dusk on Saturday with a capacity load, it was announced today. The cargo included 5,000 tons of tires, spare motor parts and general goods. The owners re-asserted that the vessel would traverse the Greenland Sea to remain outside the combat zones proclaimed by President Roosevelt.

Immense interest in shipping circles was centred on the trip as they desired to see whether this test voyage would develop results warranting the maintenance of regular service to northern Europe.

Capt. John Ottesen was appointed master. Born of Norwegian parents in Buenos Aires, he became a naturalized American in 1921 and is a Lieutenant-Commander in the United States Naval Reserve.—United Press.

Report of Torpedo

Miami, Fla., Nov. 13.

The American freighter Criple Creek, which left New Orleans for Liverpool, was feared today to have been torpedoed by U-boat not far out from her port of departure. Barrels containing 4,000 litres (900 gallons) of oil and a tobacco pouch with a note signed by one of the sailors on the vessel, were thrown up on the Florida shore near Titusville today, giving rise to the fears.—Havas.

Reports Ridiculed

New York, Nov. 4.

Reports that the American freighter Cripple Creek, bound for Liverpool from New Orleans, was torpedoed by a German U-boat were officially denied today by Lykes Brothers, operators of the ship.

The operators of the Cripple Creek declared that the reports were not only "erroneous but ridiculous. The boat is proceeding normally to Liverpool."—United Press.

Nazis Put Pressure on Neutral Shipping

British Convoy System Seen as Safest Method

London, Nov. 14.

Germany, not having command of the sea outside the Baltic, cannot, like the Alles, exercise legal contraband control, and she has, therefore, been attempting to force neutral ships to pass through the Kiel Canal or to call at ports in north-west Germany, according to competent circles here.

As her efforts in this direction have been futile, the same circles point out, she has resorted to the ruthless sinking of neutral vessels in a desperate attempt to prevent trade with Great Britain. Perils are, however, small, it is stated, when neutral ships follow the instructions of the sea-commanding British Navy. Nearly 3,000 British merchantmen have already been convoyed, with only three losses.—Reuter.

Neutrals Lose Heavily

London, Nov. 14.

Norway has been the heaviest loser of ships sunk by German sea raiders since the war began, authoritative circles said last night. Norway has lost a total of nine ships or 20,001 tons, they said. Greece was second with four ships sunk totalling 19,455 tons. Denmark lost three ships, totalling 12,558 tons, Sweden seven ships, totalling 11,100 tons, Finland five ships, totalling 8,746 tons, Holland two ships, totalling 8,021 tons, and Belgium two ships totalling 8,202 tons, they declared—United Press.

Mr. McAdoo Will Back Pres. Roosevelt

Expects People to Insist On Third Term

San Francisco Nov. 14.

The opinion prevails in Washington that President Roosevelt will be nominated the Democratic Party's candidate in the presidential elections next year, Mr. William McAdoo, former Senator for California, stated here today upon his return from the capital. He added that he would support the President if he decided to run for a third term.

"It doesn't matter whether he wants to or not," he said. "The American people will compel the Democratic convention to appoint him in 1940.

Asked if the President would accept even if he were nominated, Mr. McAdoo said that although he could not speak on President Roosevelt's behalf, he felt sure that the President would not refuse an appeal made by the people of his country at a critical time.—Havas.

Mr. Bridges' Presidential Campaign Continues

Washington, Nov. 14.

Senator H. Styles Bridges, Republican of New Hampshire, will resume his campaign for the 1940 Presidential nomination at Los Angeles on November 17, it was announced here today. Senator Bridges' office announced that he would fly from New York to California on Wednesday to resume a speaking tour interrupted by the special session of Congress. He will be accompanied by his campaign manager, Mr. Charles Hawks, Jr., Republican Representative of Wisconsin.—United Press.

$1,000,000 Damage in Seattle Earthquake

Seattle, Nov. 14.

The earthquake which shook the Pacific north-west yesterday caused damage estimated at $1,000,000, the County Assessor announced last night. In Seattle alone, severe tremors at 25 minute intervals dislodged the needle of the Washington seismograph.—United Press.

U.S. Eastern Policy Unchanged by Allied Troop Withdrawal

(Continued from page 7)

that Britain is prepared to recognize any friendly gesture made by Japan.—Reuter.

Japan Pleased

Tokyo, Nov. 14.

Commenting on the decision of the British Government to withdraw some of its troops from North China, the "Japan Advertiser" says:

"By reducing its armed forces in China, Great Britain would seem to be meeting, at least in part, the wish which Japan indicated two months ago.

"The reasons for the reduction are said to be 'military' and no mention is made of Japan's desire for the withdrawal, by European belligerents, of their army and navy forces from China.

"Whatever the motive, however, the result is the same, and it is a result that is likely to be more beneficial than harmful to Anglo-Japanese relations," the "Japan Advertiser" concludes.

The British forces in North China will be reduced to one company with 100 to 150 effectives, according to the London correspondent of the "Asahi."

He predicts that Britain is likely to withdraw garrison troops not only from North China but also from Shanghai and other parts of China.

The correspondent also reports that American forces will perform the duties hitherto done by the British troops, "in accordance with an agreement already reached between the two countries, which stipulates the taking care of British interests in China by American forces."—Reuter.

Chungking Paper Critical

Chungking, Nov. 14.

The withdrawal of part of the British garrison in North China is subject of editorial comment in the "Ta Kung Pao" this morning.

The newspaper questions the wisdom of this withdrawal, saying that the rights granted to foreign Powers by the provisions of the Boxer Protocol of maintaining garrisons in North China "have been abused by Japan, thereby leading to numerous incidents in recent years between the Chinese and Japanese, culminating in the present Sino-Japanese war."

While appreciating the circumstances of the British decision, the paper doubts the wisdom of such a move at this time, "when Japan is still fomenting the anti-British movement in North China. A withdrawal of forces now may give an impression of weakness on the part of Great Britain."

"The total force of the British garrison in North China," the "Ta Kung Pao" concludes, "is only 1,000 men, and if such an insignificant force is so badly needed by her, it would expose her weakness in the eyes of the Germans."—Reuter.

Settlement of Claims From U.S. Hailed

Prospects for Betterment Of Relations Seen

Tokyo, Nov. 14.

"Highly encouraging from the standpoint of Japanese-American relations is the announcement made yesterday by the Foreign Office, duplicating the announcement of the Japanese Embassy in Washington, of settlement of some of the cases in China involving Japanese damage to or occupation of American properties," says the "Japan Advertiser," American-owned and managed newspaper here.

It adds: "That they are cases of the kind that can be settled most easily does not detract from the importance of their settlement, nor does it matter greatly whether the compensation for damage is called consolation or indemnity. What matters is that progress is being made in negotiation of settlements and that the Japanese and American authorities in China are gaining experience in reconciling differences and reaching agreements.

"If enough progress is made in disposing of cases of this kind," the "Japan Advertiser" continues, "an atmosphere will be created in which it may be possible to approach more difficult cases, those involving important principles, with some confidence that they can be solved."—Reuter.

Economic Control In Asia Sought

Japanese Expert Says All Chinese Resources Must Come Under Tokyo

Tokyo, Nov. 14.

Japan must secure control of supplies of iron, coal, raw cotton, salt, and other military resources in Manchuria, North China and the Yangtze valley region in order to terminate the China conflict in a satisfactory manner, according to Mr. Tadao Tanabe, a noted economist.

Mr. Tanabe resigned from the economic department of Tokyo Imperial University several years ago following an altercation between a university faction and the Education Ministry.

"Now that Japan has taken up arms against the Chiang Kai-shek régime she must not lay them down until the full objective of the campaign has been achieved," Mr. Tanabe declared.

"We have sacrificed the lives of more than 100,000 soldiers and expended more than Y.10,000,000,000 on the altar of the China conflict and so it must be disposed of in a manner favourable to us no matter what obstacles arise.

Prepared for War

"We must have autonomy, but to achieve this we must be fully prepared for war. But actually has Japan increased its military preparedness appreciably since the outbreak of the conflict? If not, it is very strange.

"At the time of the outbreak of the European war Britain and France were unprepared to all intents and purposes. That conflict is not yet six months old but we find that they have increased their output of arms and munitions more than ten times.

"We would do well to follow this example as the only way to settle the China incident is to concentrate on increased armaments. We must have military strength sufficient not only to crush the Chiang régime but to make it impossible for Powers assisting it to continue in their present attitude."—Domei.

Eight Robberies Here During Evening

Foreigner is Held Up On Columbia Road

An epidemic of armed robberies, in houses and on the streets, was experienced in the International Settlement and western area last night. Eight lootings were reported to the Settlement Police up to 10.30 p.m., including the robbing of a foreigner.

The foreigner was held up while walking in Columbia Road at 7.25 o'clock, when he was halted by two men, one of whom pointed a pistol at him. He lost money and other property to the value of $120. No shots were fired and the bandits escaped.

Fifteen minutes later another armed robbery took place in Bubbling Well district. Five armed Chinese entered House 14, Lane 32, Jessfield Road, and took money, jewellery and clothing. The value of the loot was about $3,000.

Four other house robberies and two highway robberies took place in other parts of the Settlement during the evening. No shots were fired by the bandits.

British Services Given Bigger Allowances

Grants to Families Now Appreciably Increased

London, Nov. 14.

Increased allowances for families of men serving in the Army, Navy and Air Force were announced by Mr. Leslie Hore-Belisha, War Minister, in the House of Commons today.

The present maximum of £2 had now been modified, he said, and allowances for all children after the first would in future be four shillings weekly for the second child, and three shillings each for all others, compared with three shillings for the second, two shillings for the third, and one shilling each for the remainder as at present.

The existing marriage allowance of 17s., plus five shillings for the first child, would remain unchanged, the Minister added.—Reuter.

No Strikes in British Coal Mines

Rapid Rise of Employment Figures Expected

London, Nov. 14.

A meeting at Manchester of representatives of mine-owners and miners has agreed to have no strikes or lock-outs in the Lancashire and Cheshire coal industry during the war and for six months afterwards.

Discussing the British employment situation, Mr. Ernest Brown, Minister of Labour, points out that a temporary increase in unemployment is inevitable owing to the change-over from peace to war conditions. The increase, he says, is less than in 1914, although the change-over has been more rapid, and the total population between the ages of 16 and 64 years is 5,500,000 persons greater than in 1914.

A rapid rise in the demand for labour for war purposes is expected shortly. Mr. Brown emphasizes the immense importance of a free organization uniting employers and workpeople. Employers and employees, he declares, sometimes have differences, but when they have hammered out the points at issue and reached an agreement, they go to work with a will that is far more effective than anything a regimented and dragooned industry can achieve.—Reuter.

OBITUARY

Brig.-Gen. R.T.I. Ridgway

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Nov. 13.

Brigadier-General Richard Thomas Incledon Ridgway, C.B., died today at the age of 71.

Born in 1868, he was educated at Wellington College at Sandhurst and entered the Army in 1887, two years later joining the 26th Punjab Infantry, I.S.C. He was with the 40th Pathans in 1891, and later became Adjutant, 2nd in Command, and finally Commandant of the Punjabis in 1912.

Brigadier-General Ridgway served on the North-West Frontier of India from 1807 to 1809 during which time he received many medals. He obtained his C.B. in the Great War. He was with the Afghan Campaign in 1919 and retired in the year 1920.

Brigadier-General Ridgway wrote several books, among which are "Notes on Pathans," "Air Post Stamps," and "A Short History of Campden Hill Square," published in 1933. He also wrote "A Short History of Kensington" in 1935, and "Past Nobilities of Kensington" in 1936.—Reuter.

Sino-Japanese Inter-Marriage Seen As Solution of Asiatic Problem

Newspaper Puts Forward Proposal; Professor Says Japan Will Be Eaten Up If Suggestion is Followed

Tokyo, Nov. 14.

"In connection with co-operation between Japan and China, a question which is being given considerable attention vis-à-vis the possibility of settlement of the Sino-Japanese hostilities and the creation of a New Order in East Asia, a debate is raging in certain quarters regarding the feasibility and propriety of promoting amicable and permanent relations through inter-marriage."

This comment is made today by the "Hochi Shimbun," which supports the suggestion, claiming a broad section of opinion in Japan has come to the conclusion "that only through inter-marriage can East Asia be welded into a single entity."

The newspaper adds that those opposing the idea assert such a policy would be disastrous, leading only to ultimate racial absorption of Japan by China.

Dr. Tomosaburo Takagi, Dean of the Law School at Hosei University, one of the leading opponents of the inter-marriage policy is quoted as follows, in stating his case:

"China is much stronger numerically than Japan. China has 400,000,000 people while the population of Japan, exclusive of Korea and Formosa, is only 80,000,000.

"Besides Chinese today are of mixed blood, while the Japanese are of relatively pure blood. According to the law of heredity, a race of a single strain is more readily absorbed than a race of mixed blood."—Reuter.

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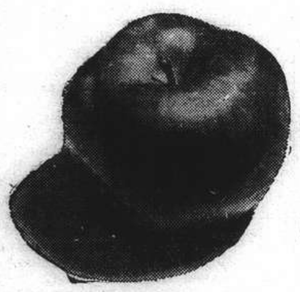

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FROM DAY TO DAY

PROFESSOR A. Wittenberg is giving a violin recital today at 9 p.m., at the American Women's Club, with Mrs. E. Lerman-Vitenson at the piano.

DR. J. L. Caughey will continue his lectures on the "Sermon on the Mount" over XMHD, 760 k.c., today at 8.30 p.m. All are cordially invited to "tune in."

THE President of France, M. Albert Lebrun, has received a reply from King Victor Emanuel III of Italy to the telegram he sent a few days ago on the occasion of the monarch's birthday.

PROFESSOR Mor Porge, well-known Hungarian violoncellist from Budapest will give a violoncello-recital, at the American Women's Club with collaboration of Hans Baer, (piano) November 29, at 9 p.m.

THE committee of the British Women's Association War Work Fund thank all those who helped to make their bridge and mahjongg party such a success, and report that the nett proceeds are $365.10.

LIEUT.-Gen. Susumu Fujita, appointed Commander of the Japanese Army Forces in the Shanghai area, gave a cocktail party at the Astor House Hotel on Monday, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported yesterday.

LOCAL firms and residents are reminded that all returns for the 1940 edition of the China Hong List must be in the hands of the publishers, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., today, when entries will definitely close.

THE exhibit of paintings by Miss Anne Hsi on behalf of Chinese war refugees will be held in the Tom Ying Gallery in New York, between December 1 and 16. The showing on the opening day will be by invitation only.

AT today's meeting of the "Keys" to be held in the club rooms, 999 Bubbling Well Road, the guest speaker will be Miss Georgina Fuller on "Success in careers and hobbies." Friends and all those interested are invited to attend. Tea will be served at 5.30 p.m.

THE complete results of the money collected at the Comic Dog Show on Sunday show that a total of $751 in entrance fees were taken in. As children were only charged 50 cents and adults $1 it is presumed that there were over 800 people present at the show.

THE King's Daughters' Society are now busy preparing their Xmas puddings and Mincement, and would be grateful if their Shanghai friends would send in their orders quickly, as owing to the high cost of ingredients they can only fulfil orders and will have no extra puddings for sale.

COMMANDER Naoaki Hazama, newly-appointed Japanese resident naval officer here, made a courtesy visit to the "Shanghai Mainichi" offices on Thorne Road on Monday, the local Japanese daily reported yesterday. Cmdr. Hazama was formerly with the Information Bureau of the Cabinet in Tokyo and came to Shanghai last Friday, the paper said.

THE Commissioner of Public Health has reported to the Municipal Council that cholera is no longer epidemic in Shanghai, as there were only four cases in the week ending November 7, and nineteen cases in the previous week. These figures cover all known cases and not merely International Settlement cases which, for the same periods, were one and nine respectively.

THE American Legion (Gen. Frederick Townsend Ward Post No. 1) will hold its annual meeting this evening in the American Club when installation of officers will take place. Mr. C. S. Franklin, Past Commander, will officiate. This will be followed by a dinner at 8.30 p.m. Official guests include Admiral T. C. Hart, Rear-Admiral W. A. Glassford, Col. J. C. Fegan, Mr. C. E. Gauss and Judge Milton J. Helmick.

THE health report of the French Municipality for the week ending November 11, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Concession were—Foreigners 5 and Chinese 186. Deaths from notifiable diseases were —Foreigners, Typhoid Fever 1; Pneumonia 1 and Tuberculosis 1. Chinese, Tuberculosis 16; Dysentery 8; Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fever 6; Diphtheria 3; Cerebrospinal Meningitis 3; Pneumonia 2 and Cholera, Marsh Fever 1 each.

THE Shanghai Municipal Council health report for the week ending midnight, November 11, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Settlement were—Foreigners 17 and Chinese 485. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners: Tuberculosis 4; Typhoid Fever 1 and Dysentery 1. Chinese, Tuberculosis 34; Typhoid Fever 24; Dysentery 9; Diphtheria 3; Malaria 3; Cerebrospinal Fever 2 and Beri-beri, Choleraic Diarrhoea 1 each.

NEWS has just been received by the local branch of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China of the death of Mr. W. B. White, one of the managers at their head office in London. Mr. White was formerly manager of the bank at Madras and Singapore and subsequently went on an inspection tour before assuming his post in London a few years ago. He was held in high esteem and was extremely well-liked by his colleagues and business friends who will mourn the loss caused by his untimely passing.

THE programme for the sixth Sunday Symphony Concert to be given in the Lyceum Theatre, on Sunday, November 19, at 5.15 p.m. is as follows:—

Overture "Coriolano" .....Beethoven
Violin-Concerto in G major with Orchestra acc .....Mozart
(a) Allegro; (b) Adagio; (c) Rondo-Allegro.
Soloist: Leonora Valesby
Interlude from Opera "Dafni" ....Mule
(First Performance)
Tarantella "puro sangue" (con passaggio della Processions). (A "Veritable") .....Rossini-Respighi
Tarantella interrupted by the passing of the Procession.
Symphony No. 4 in E flat ....Glazounow
Andante—Allegro moderato
Scherzo: Allegro vivace
Finale: Andante—Allegro—Presto
Deputy-Conductor: Prof. Arrigo Foa.

Plaintiff Causes Surprise in Court

Claims That He was Not in His Senses When Making Previous Statement

Sodagar Singh, Indian watchman, represented by Mr. K. E. Newman, who pleaded not guilty to charges of having done grievous bodily harm and maliciously wounding Getha Singh, faced a jury in H. M. Supreme Court yesterday and assistant Judge Grant Jones after an all-day hearing, adjourned the case to 10 a.m. today. Mr. John McNeill, Crown Advocate, appeared for the prosecution and a sensation was caused late in the afternoon when Getha Singh, under cross-examination, said that he had not been in his senses when he made his statement from the witness-box of the H. M. Police Court on September 28. Yesterday he claimed that he did not remember any part of the deposition then made.

Mr. W. D. M. Neil, who had been ordered to attend as a juror, was fined £5 for not having been in court when his name was called out. The following were then asked to act as jurors. Messrs. L. Underwood, R. Baxter, A. D. Dent, L. F. Wood and R. T. Abery.

As will be recalled, Sodagar Singh is charged with having injured Getha Singh in the head and on the right leg with a spearlike instrument consisting of a bamboo pole to which a piece of iron had been affixed. While reserving his defence in the lower court, he pleaded not guilty to the charges when they were proferred against him yesterday by Mr. C. H. Haines, H. M. Registrar. In opening his case, Mr. McNeill said that the wounding occurred at about 10 p.m. on August 24, when Getha Singh was walking with Feroze Din, who saw Sodagar Singh strike the complainant with a spear-like instrument. The accused, according to Mr. McNeill, left the scene, as he said, to summon the police. All this, Mr. McNeill continued, was witnessed by Tai Sue Hwa, a wine shop owner. At 10.30 p.m., according to the prosecution, Sodagar Singh rushed into Wayside police station and stated that he had been assaulted by four Indians. The police took the matter up immediately and unfortunately, the instrument with which the injuries—two on the scalp and one in the right leg—were produced, could not be found.

Feroze Din was the first witness called to give evidence and he stated that he lived only 15 yards away from Sodagar Singh. He described how he had seen the victim lying on the bed in front of Sodagar's house on Hwakee Road and how he first noticed that something was amiss when he saw Getha Singh being attacked by Sodagar Singh.

Tai Su Hwa was next called and was followed by a large number of Indian witnesses who all related what they had seen.

Doctor Gives Evidence

The first witness to be heard in the afternoon was Dr. B. Herz, of the General Hospital, who told the court that he attended Getha Singh when he was brought to the hospital at about 11.30 p.m. with two wounds to the scalp and one in the right leg. He was of the opinion that the wounds must have been caused by a sharp instrument because the edges of the wounds, particularly on the leg, were sharp. Under cross-examination, witness stated that none of the wounds were of a nature as to endanger life.

Det.-Sub. Insp. P. A. J. Coleman then entered the witness box to state that Sergt. H. R. C. Sharp, who had given evidence in the lower court and who, at the time when the incident was reported had been on charge room duty in Wayside police station, had left Shanghai for England on November 7, and could therefore not give evidence. Mr. J. J. McGeown, Marshal of H. M. Court, testified that he was present in H. M. Police Court when Sergt. Sharp gave evidence and that counsel for the defence had an opportunity to cross-examine Mr. Sharp.

Complainant's Evidence

After a number of further witnesses had been heard, Getha Singh stepped into the witness-box and revealed that he was not attacked at 10 p.m. as he had stated in H. M. Police Court, but at 7 p.m. and that he did not know what happened afterwards, only faintly recollecting that he had been at the police station and later at the Hospital. He said that at the time when Sodagar Singh attacked him from behind, he was slightly under the influence of alcohol.

During cross-examination, Mr. Newman, read out to the witness the statement he had signed in H. M. Police Court sentence by sentence, and almost invariably received the answer: "I don't remember" when he asked witness whether he remembered having made the statement referred to in the lower court.

In referring to witness' admission that he had been under the influence of alcohol, Mr. Newman asked: "Where did you get into that condition?"

His Lordship: "Don't put it that way, just ask him where he got drunk.

Before the hearing was adjourned at 5.30 p.m., Mr. McNeill said that he had two more witnesses to call, while Mr. Newman said that he had three more.

Stole Money to Open Own Theatre

Strange Motive in Theft by Chinese Youths

In order that they might establish a theatre to stage shows of their own instead of paying to other theatres thus enabling them to satisfy their pleasure-seeking desire, three youths aged between 17 and 20 were alleged to have stolen $3,680 from their own grandfather yesterday by the Gordon Road police who charged them with larceny at the First District Court. In addition to the trio, there were two other youths, the cousin of the lads and Chao Bing-ying, who were also charged with the crime.

Police evidence was that on November 8 the two boys and their sister, who are students of a local school, stole a passbook of the Pootung Commercial Bank, a ring and gold bangle from their grandfather's drawer at their home at 6-815 Seymour Road. The passbook showed a balance of $3,680 which the youths withdrew from the bank and handed over to their cousin, who is connected with a Chinese theatre on Avenue Edward VII. The old man notified the police, who had the lads arrested.

Blood-Stained Taxi Found Abandoned

The mystery of a blood-stained hire-car, which was found abandoned near the Race Course, engaged the police yesterday. The vehicle was discovered in Race Course Road, at Lungmen Road, at 8.55 a.m., bearing fresh blood on the cover of the driver's seat and on one of the doors. The chauffeur was missing. Inside the vehicle were found one round of .32-calibre pistol ammunition and a spent bullet of the same calibre. The car was subsequently traced to a Woosung Road garage but the whereabouts of the driver had not been ascertained at a late hour yesterday.

Chinese May Remove Haiphong Cargoes

German Goods May Be Taken From Indo-China Port

German goods bought by Chinese merchants and stored in godowns in Haiphong may now be removed or freely transported to other places in this country without any time limit but hereafter, excepting German goods, all other foreign goods bought by the Chinese and destined for the interior can pass through the Indo-China port without intervention by local authorities.

The above information which is contained in a notice issued by the Chinese Chamber of Commerce in Haiphong and published by the Chinese press yesterday evening will relieve the merchants in Shanghai of their anxiety because many of them had bought German goods before the European conflict and transported to Haiphong awaiting transportation to the interior for sale. The authorities in Haiphong once threatened to confiscate those goods if they were not taken away at the end of October and then only after the goods had been certified by the French Consul-General in Shanghai that they had been paid for before September 3, previous reports stated.

The Haiphong Chamber of Commerce notice asks Shanghai merchants to quickly send their certificates to Haiphong so that their representatives at Haiphong might be empowered to transport the goods to the interior or Shanghai. The notice further states that authorities in Haiphong have rescinded their order requiring the merchants to remove the goods on and before October 30.

The notice indicates that Chinese merchants are no longer allowed to transport German goods through the French port, it being asserted that "henceforth, excepting German goods all other goods may freely pass through the port." Two newly organized Chinese transportation firms here will undertake to transport the Haiphong goods to the interior.

Marine Birthday Parade Will Be Held Today

Admiral Hart to Present New Regimental Standard

One hundred and sixty four years of illustrious history will be officially observed by the Fourth Marines at their Marine Corps Birthday Parade at the polo grounds at the Race Course at 11 a.m. today. Originally scheduled for the 164th anniversary of the U.S. Marines on November 10, the parade was postponed because of the sodden condition of the polo grounds following a heavy rainfall. Following the parade there will be an official reception at the Fourth Marines Club in Bubbling Well Road.

Three rifle companies of two platoons each will compose the regiment which will pass in review before Admiral Thomas C. Hart, Commander-in-Chief of the United States Asiatic Fleet, and a host of other distinguished foreign naval and military officers in Shanghai. During the ceremony Admiral Hart will present the Fourth Marines with a new Regimental Standard.

A feature of the parade will be the appearance of a colour guard of marines dressed in the uniforms which marines wore in 1775. This colour guard will carry the old Gadsden Flag and the Grand Union Flag. The Gadsden Flag, which bears the likeness of a rattlesnake and the inscription "Don't Tread on Me," was a product of the Southern colonies. The Grand Union Flag, with its field of thirteen alternate red and white stripes and the King's Colours in the canton, was the old colonial flag and was raised at Cambridge on January 2, 1776, by General George Washington.

Thanksgiving Day in Shanghai

Service to Be Held at Holy Trinity Cathedral

The annual Thanksgiving service of the American Community of Shanghai will take place at Holy Trinity Cathedral on Thursday, November 23, at eleven o'clock in the morning. The service will be concluded promptly at twelve o'clock.

Judge Milton J. Helmick, of the United States Court for China, will preside at the service, and the President's Thanksgiving Proclamation will be read by Mr. Frank P. Lockhart, American Consul-General, who will be stationed in Shanghai during the absence of Consul-General Clarence E. Gauss. Other parts of the programme will be in the charge of Rev. Coughey of the Community Church, who will deliver the Thanksgiving sermon. A special Thanksgiving chorus is being arranged by Mr. L. C. Perry.

The proceeds from the Thanksgiving collection will be given to civilian relief.

At a later date the full programme for the day will be given to the press. Mrs. R. T. McDonnell is Chairman of the Committee in charge of arrangements. All Americans and their friends are cordially invited to be present on the occasion.

SENOR Manuel Pradao was elected President of Peru on Monday when he polled 271,306 votes against 76,376 for Senor Jose Quesada. He succeeds General Oscar R. Benavides, elected on April 30, 1933, to complete the term of his predecessor.

Kuomintang Holds Session

Many Committee Members Absent Owing to Duties Connected With War

Chungking, Nov. 14.

The first formal business meeting of the 6th Plenary Session of the Central Executive Committee of the Kuomintang was held yesterday afternoon.

Various Ministers made reports on affairs in their departments, and subcommittees for the examination of proposals were appointed.

General Ho Ying-ching, Minister of War, reported on military affairs, while General Chang Chun, Secretary-General of the Supreme National Defence Council, gave an account of political affairs.

Mr. Chu Cheng, President of the Judicial Yuan, made a report on Party affairs.

The following sub-committees and officers were appointed:

Party Affairs Sub-Committee; General Chen Cheng, Chairman; Mr. Chang Li-sen, Vice-Chairman.

Political Affairs Sub-Committee; Mr. Wang Chung-hui, Chairman; General Chang Chun, Vice-Chairman.

Military affairs Sub-Committee; General Ho Ying-ching, Chairman; General Chen Chi-tang, Vice-Chairman.

Economic Affairs Sub-Committee; Mr. T. V. Soong, Chairman; Mr. Hsu Kang, Vice-Chairman.

Educational Affairs Sub-Committee; Mr. Chen Li-fu, Chairman; General Pai Chung-hsi, Vice-Chairman.

It is announced that 32 members of the Central Executive Control Committees were unable to attend the conference owing to their duties at the front.

These included General Li Tsung-jen, General Chen Chien, General Ku Chu-tung, General Yu Han-mou, General Chu Shao-liang, General Fu Tso-yi, General Hsueh Yo, General Yu Hsueh-chung, General Chen Yi, General Lu Chung-lin, General Li Yang-ching and General Hsian Han-pin.

General Wu Chung-sin, Chairman of the Mongolian and Tibetan Affairs Commission, was also absent. He is at present en route to Tibet to attend the coronation of the new Dalai Lama at Lhasa.—Reuter.

Lecture on China's Black Pottery

Interesting Feature of R.A.S. Meeting Tomorrow

Recent archæological research in various parts of China has revealed the presence of pottery remains of an extremely interesting nature, and dating from very early periods. Some of the most interesting of this material was discovered in Shantung and, on account of its colour, was called Black Pottery. It is believed to date from a period preceding the famous Shang Dynasty (1776-1122 B.C.), possibly belonging to the Hsia Dynasty, of which no other archæological remains have been discovered so far.

Some very similar pottery remains have lately been found on the southern banks and neighbouring areas of the Tai Hu Lake in Northern Chekiang, and this and other ancient pottery found in China forms the subject of an interesting lecture to be delivered before the Royal Asiatic Society tomorrow, November 16, at 20 Museum Road at 5.30 p.m. by Mr. Y. Laurell, entitled "The S.C. Black Pottery of China." The lecture will be illustrated with specimens of this remarkable material in Mr. Laurell's possession. It is open to the public.

During the month of October some 2,795 persons visited the Shanghai Museum (R.A.S.), while 803 persons made use of the Library and Reading Room of the Society.

The Society's Library was increased by the donation of a large number of books, pamphlets and journals by Dr. Esson M. Gale, former editor of the Society's Journal, who is visiting Shanghai prior to his departure for the United States. Altogether this accession includes well over a hundred items.

It has been decided to hold the Society's annual soirée or social gathering on December 7, and invitations will shortly be issued for this event, which proved such an outstanding success last year.

Pro-Wang Official Slain In French Concession

Avenue Edward VII Killing Unconnected with Looting

The French Concession Police were yesterday investigating the assassination of one Chao Fan-chiu, an official in the "Special Service Corps of the Chung Kuo Kuomintang Anti-Comintern and National Salvation Army," a pro-Wang Ching-wei organization.

Chao, who was about 30 years old and a resident of Siccawei, was leaving a restaurant with a friend at 7.30 p.m. on Monday when he was attacked by three or four gunmen. He was shot through the back outside the Hsi Hsing lodging-house in Avenue Edward VII, near the intersection of Rue des Pères. He died almost instantly. His companion was not wounded.

It was believed by the French Police after the shooting that the victim was a casual passer-by who was shot as a gang of robbers were fleeing the scene of a simultaneous looting at 417 Avenue Edward VII.

No arrests had been reported in the case yesterday.

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White Shirting and Cottons for bedding and professional coats. White and coloured table covers in all sizes, only best qualities for **Hotels, apartments and households.** Favourable prices. Samples unbinding. Apply "Cotton," Post Office Box 994.

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Husky Throat

Let a tasty, cooling Vicks Cough Drop dissolve in your mouth. It bathes irritated throat-lining for 12 to 15 minutes with soothing ingredients of Vicks VapoRub.

VICKS MEDICATED COUGH DROP

FUNERALS

Mr. Carl Y. Wondracz

The funeral took place at the Hungjao Road Cemetery on Saturday of the late Mr. Carl Yan Wondracz of the Polish Community whose death occurred at the Country Hospital at the age of 65 years. In the morning, Mass was sung in the Church of the Sacred Heart by the Rev. Father Farmer, S.J. who also conducted the last rites at the cemetery later in the day. The chief mourners were, the widow, Mrs. Anna Wondracz, Karl and Joseph (sons) Mrs. M. A. dos Remedios, Mrs. H. Hausmann, Caroline and Margaret (daughters). The pallbearers were:—Messrs. E. J. Hausmann, C. J. dos Remedios, M. Tsitsinky, E. J. F. dos Remedios, A. F. Levtchenko and H. J. dos Remedios. A heart of red roses from the widow and a spray from the children were lowered into the grave with the coffin.

Others sending floral tributes were:

Mr. and Mrs. B. Palmer, Ernest, Mary and Sonnie, Mr. and Mrs. G. Morphew, Cecil and Henry, D. J. Negris family, Caroline and Jack, D. J. Negris, W. G. Nulty and Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Remedios.

The funeral arrangements were carried out by Messrs. Thomas Macdonald & Co.

Mr. Thomas Aiers

In the presence of many mourners, the funeral was held yesterday afternoon at the Bubbling Well Cemetery for the late Mr. Thomas Aiers, aged 53 years, for many years associated with the Revenue Department of the Shanghai Municipal Council. The chief mourner was the widow, Mrs. Maggie Aiers. The services in the Chapel and at the grave were conducted by Dean Trivett. A beautiful cross of white flowers from his wife and a spray from his mother were lowered into the grave with the casket, carried to the grave by six uniformed members of the Shanghai Municipal Council Revenue Department, namely Messrs. W. G. Stone, P. Saveloff, P. Tollefson, W. Dunn, H. Griffiths and H. Robb.

Among those sending flowers were:

Maggie; Mother; Ada, Tom, Dawill; Shanghai Municipal Council; Shanghai Municipal Council-Finance Department; The Members of the Revenue Office, Outdoor Social Club; Chinese Outdoor Staff (Foreign Rate) S.M.C. Revenue Office; Deputy Commissioner, Officers and Members of the S.M.P. Specials; The Central Club; Bodega Bar; Mr. and Mrs. Atkins and family; Mrs. B. Crank; Maud Hunter; Mr. and Mrs. T. Hennaby; Tom Marks; Mrs. E. Sprenger, Mara and Helmut; Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Tibble; Mr. and Mrs. J. Walker; Mr. H. E. Walker; Boy; and others.

Those sending donations to the Salvation Army will be announced later. Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Soviet-Japan Relations Return to Normal

Tsuruga, Nov. 14.

Japanese and Russian relations were gradually returning to normal, Mr. Funao Miyakama, Japanese Consul-General at Vladivostok, said upon his arrival here today.

One indication of the improvement of relations, he said, was the fact that there was no anti-Japanese slogan at this year's anniversary of the Soviet revolution. The only references made, he stated, were to the reinforcement of national defences and the encouragement of patriotism.

Mr. Miyakawa arrived here in the K.N.K.K. liner Kiki Maru to report on the release of Japanese vessels detained by the Soviet authorities and other current questions.

The proposed Soviet-Japanese fishing treaty, he said, was now being discussed in Moscow.—Domei.

Magic Money Doubling Trick

Chinese Merchant Falls For Hoary Swindle

Two foreign women, a gypsy and a taxi-dancer named Lela Petrova and Ludmila Himich respectively, were brought before the First Special District Court yesterday on suspicion that they might have been involved in a fraud case in which a Chinese merchant was recently in danger of losing $10,100. They were ordered to be detained for a week, during which the police will try to arrest a Russian crook who played the part of magician boasting that he could double the amount of bank notes by a chemical duplicating process.

It was revealed in court that the Russian at large told the Chinese merchant, a Mr. C. W. Woo, that he could duplicate banknotes by dipping the paper money into a basin of chemicals. Believing that he possessed such an ability the merchant had a meeting with the Russian in a house off Bubbling Well Road where, in addition to the magician, the two accused women were alleged to be present. The merchant handed over a suitcase in which was $10,000. After stuffing the notes into white sheets of paper, the Russian put the bundle into a basin full of chemicals and then after a few minutes he took it out.

The magic was supposed to have been finished and he then handed over the bundle, supposed to contain the double amount of the original sum of money, to Woo who was asked to pay a certain percentage to the Russian. The Chinese merchant, however, never thought that the original bundle had been replaced by an identical one before the Russian crook went into action in the basin.

When he opened the bundle and found only blank sheets the police were informed. The officers hurried to the scene in time to arrest the two women. The original bundle, which never went into the magic basin, was recovered but the Russian man had slipped away.

Hold-up Downtown Nets Y.8,000; One Arrested

Owner of Hongkew Shop Robbed in Museum Road

The owner of a Chinese shop in Boone Road, while riding in his private rickshaw with Y.8,000 which he intended to change at a Szechuen Road native bank, was held up and robbed of the money by two armed Chinese bandits at 8.45 o'clock yesterday morning.

The bold crime took place in full view of scores of passers-by at Museum and Hongkong Roads shortly after the victim had passed over the Chapoo Road Bridge. One of the gunmen took the money and then separated from his accomplice. The latter, however, was arrested a few minutes later by a police search party from Central Station, who challenged him as a suspect. The police took from him a loaded pistol which had a cartridge in the breech. No shots were fired.

A search was on throughout the day for the other gunman, who had the stolen money.

Another armed pair, likewise Chinese, robbed two Chinese women of a total of four gold finger-rings in Yu Yuen Road, near the entrance of Lane 805, at 2.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. These robbers escaped. The value of the rings was estimated at $100 altogether.

Crew of Clement Arrive At Liverpool

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Nov. 14.

Forty-one members of the crew of the British freighter Clement which was sunk by a German raider, believed to be the pocket-battleship Admiral Scheer, in the Atlantic in September, have arrived at Liverpool. One sailor said they were in lifeboats for two and a half days before they reached safety.—Reuter.

Chungking Bans Mailing Of Banknotes

Chungking, Nov. 14.

From today, any banknotes found enclosed in the mail from Chungking to Shanghai will be seized and confiscated, according to an announcement made here today.

Owing to the high charge on remittances to Shanghai, many persons have been smuggling notes out of Chungking by mail.—Reuter.

Going out this Evening?

POPULAR INFORMAL NIGHT CLUB

The Pelican

8th Floor CATHAY HOTEL

DINNER AND DANCING FROM 8:30 p.m.

FLOOR SHOW

Definitely THE PLACE TO GO!

TEL. 11340

HIGH QUALITY

AMERICAN SHOES FOR MEN

Liquidating at

$25 PER PAIR

(Larger sizes, slightly higher cost)

All Styles and Sizes

131 MUSEUM ROAD, ROOM 228

-7683

GOOD BREAD COSTS NO MORE THAN SECOND BEST!

Bakerite Breads are now retailing at the following prices:

White (14 oz.)	33 cts.
Small White (8 oz.)	20 cts.
Graham (16 oz.)	30 cts.
Wholewheat (14 oz.)	28 cts.
French (13 oz.)	23 cts.
Small French (7 oz.)	15 cts.
Baby Pullman (10 oz.)	23 cts.
Pullman, Brown or White (21 oz.)	45 cts.
Pullman, Brown or White (29 oz.)	60 cts.
American Rye (16 oz.)	33 cts.
German Rye	33 cts.
Coburg Milk (14 oz.)	33 cts.
Raisin Bread Brown or White (16 oz.)	40 cts.
Raisin Bread (8 oz.)	25 cts.
Vitamin Malt Loaf	33 cts.
Raisin and Nut Bread	90 cts.
Baton (7 oz.)	17 cts.
Half and Half	23 cts.

CHOCOLATE BAKERITE SHOPS

221 Nanking Road — Telephones 15001-5
883 Bubbling Well Road — Telephones 34317-8
530 Avenue Petain — Telephone 78224

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COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money & Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

Tuesday, November 14, 1939

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 5⅛ ....$ 46.83
U.S. $100 @ 8⅜ $1,194.03

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 5 9/32 ....$ 45.44
U.S. $100 @ 8 11/16 ....$1,151.07
London—demand 5 5/32
4 months' sight credits 5 5/16
4 months' sight docts 5⅜
6 months' sight credits 5 11/32
6 months' sight docts 5 11/32
New York—demand ..........U.S. $8 11/16
4 months' sight credits 8¾
4 months' sight docts 8⅞

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling .... 5 5/32 U.S. $8 9/16
Hongkong/London 1/3

Netherlands Trading Society

Netherlands Guilders ......Buying 16½
Java Guilders .... " 16¼
Netherlands Guilders ......Selling 16
Java Guilders .... " 15¾

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,159.420 £1=$45.714
Selling U.S.$100=$1,194.029 £1=$46.829

Italian Bank for China

It. Lire 1.66=$1 Swiss Frs. 37½=$1
Tourist Lire 1.84 ....$1

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 0.52¼=$1 Belgas 24.00=£1

Hua Hsing Commercial Bank

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per H.H.$ 1
" Buying " @ 6 1/32 " H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling " @ 9⅛ " H.H.$100
" Buying " @ 10¼ " H.H.$100

LOCAL DOLLAR (FAPI)

Selling Rate @ 115 per H.H.$100
Buying " @ 119 " H.H.$100

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

Inter Bank Cash Delivery

	Highest	Lowest
£	5¼	5 5/32
U.S. G.$	8 9/16	8 11/32
Yen	—	—

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

Selling Nov.		Buying Nov.	
£ T.T.	5 3/16	4 m/s. l.c.	5 11/32
G.$ T.T.	8½	4 m/s. l.c.	8⅝
Fcs. T.T.	380	4 m/s.	392
Rs. T.T.	29	15 d/s.	29½

BAR SILVER

	Ready	For'd
London pence per std. oz.	23½	23 5/16
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34¾	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	62.02	—

Bombay offtake Nil bars.

London silver was unchanged both ready and forward, being 23½ for ready and 23 5/16 forward. New York was unchanged at 34¾ and Bombay was 6 annas up at 62.02.

It was reported market quietly steady. There was no special feature. After the official fixing the market remained quietly steady.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 5 3/16 sterling and 8 5/16 U.S.$.

The Interbank market opened uncertain with sellers at 5 5/32 sterling and 8 11/32 U.S.$ but jumped to 5 5/32 sterling and 8 7/16 U.S.$ before 9.30 a.m. after which the market was steady to firm for the rest of the day. The peak rates were 5¼ sterling and 8 11/32 U.S.$, but towards the close the market was slightly easier. At the close there were sellers at:—

5 11/32	sterling	8 7/16	U.S.$	Cash
5 5/32	"	8 11/32	"	Nov.
5 5/32	"	8 11/32	"	Dec.

Foreign Exchanges

London £ Sterling T. T. on: Nov. 13.

New York	402.00	Shanghai	5¾d*
Paris	176.00	Bombay	1/6 1/32*
Berlin	—	Hongkong	1/3 1/32*
Amsterdam	7.52	Singapore	2/4 1/32*
Brussels	24.50	Yokohama	1/2 11/32*
Madrid	39.75 *	" (buying)	1/2 3/8*
Malin	75.50 *	Prague	—
Berne	17.80		

*—Unofficial Rates.

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.10	Montreal	87.000
Spain	10.25	Brazil	5.10
Holland	53.09	Japan	23.48
Paris	2.23½	Shanghai	8.50
Brussels	16.36	Hungary	17.60
Italy	5.05	Rumania	0.73
S'zerland	22.43	Yugo Slavia	2.33
Sweden	23.83	Greece	0.72½
Norway	22.73	Bulgaria	Unq.
Denmark	19.32	Finland	1.95

**—Quoted.

London	3.93¾
" Demand	3.93¼
" Bankers' 60 days bills	3.92⅜
" Commercial 60 days bills	3.92⅜
Buenos Aires Paper	Unq.
Buenos Aires Paper, market rate	23.25
Montreal on London	4.52⅞

The Bombay Exchange market remained closed today.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London: Nov. 13.

Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	1 1/32%
Bank Bills,	6 months	1 1/16%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2¾%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3¼%
Call Money		0¾%

New York:

Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0½%B
	0 7/16%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0 9/16%B
	0½%A
Call Money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

Nov. 14.	Bid Prices a.m. Closing	p.m. Closing
Atoks	.165	.17 S
Antamok	.14 S	.14 S
Baguio Gold	.14	.145 S
Batong Buhay	.009	.010
Benguet Consolidated	11.20 S	11.10 S
Big Wedge	.205 S	.205 S
Coco Grove	.17 S	.165 S
Consolidated Mines	.003 S	.003 S
Demonstration	.07	.07
I. X. L.	.375	.375
Ipo Gold	.14	.14
Itogon	.23 S	.225 S
Mambulao Consolidated	.040	.040
Masbate Consolidated	.0675 S	.0675 S
Mine Operations	.09	.0875
North Camarines	.13	.13
Paracale Gumaus	.165	.165
San Mauricio	.74 S	.73 S
Surigao Consolidated	.165	.165
Suyoc	.125	.125
Syndicate Investment	.020	Unq.
United Paracale	.305 S	.30 S
Mindanao Motherlode	.0725 S	.07 S

S—Sales.

Turnover for the Morning: 83,500 Pesos.

Shares Index: (Morning Session) 72.19.—Reuter.

Paris Bourse

Paris, Nov. 13.

The Bourse opened irregular today amid light trading. During the session, the atmosphere improved and, under the leadership of a few internationals, the market gained until the close, which was steady.—Havas.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The short afternoon session was not distinguished by any special feature, with public interest very small and speculators inclined to wait till the next account which starts on Thursday. Prices remained much the same though there were inclined to be more sellers than buyers on any rise in industrials.

Rubbers were slightly easier.

Official Averages

1939 High	Low		Today's Averages	Changes
215.78	105.32	General	192.61	+0.35
274.80	95.55	Rubbers	242.99	—5.76

Total 69,869 shares, 135 bonds.

Afternoon Session

T2,000	China Realty 8% Debs.		T 72.50
$2,000	S. M. C. 5% Debs.	D	$ 74.50
$9,000	Power 5½% Debs.		87.00
1,000	I. I. Trust		8.50
500	Yangtsze Finance		8.35
1,500	S'hai Land		10.10
500	New Eng. (Ord)		17.60
1,700	New Eng. (Ord)	D	17.60
100	New Eng. (Ord)	D	17.70
100	New Eng. (Ord)		17.70
500	New Eng. (Ord)		17.60
300	New Eng. (Ord)		17.50
200	Wheelock	D	59.50
100	Wheelock	D	60.00
100	Wheelock		60.50
200	Wheelock	D	60.50
100	Wheelock		60.00
400	Telephone		18.60
100	Telephone		18.50
100	Telephone		18.60
1,000	Telephone		18.50
100	Tram (Bearer) £1		39.50
100	Tram (Bearer) £1	D	39.50
2,700	Metal		12.40
500	Metal	D	12.40
200	Metal		12.30
200	Metal		12.40
1,700	Metal		12.30
2,000	Exploration		8.30
20	Power (Pref)		125.00
90	Power (Pref)	D	125.00
300	Ewo Mills (Ord)		22.10
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	D	22.10
1,200	Ewo Mills (Ord)		22.20
1,200	Ewo Mills (Ord)		22.10
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)		22.00
400	Ewo Mills (Ord)		22.10
600	Ewo Mills (Ord)		22.00
800	Anglo Java		33.00
7,000	Batu Anam		0.91
500	Bute	D	7.00
500	Bute		7.10
1,000	Chemor		1.80
3,000	Consolidated		6.10
500	Dominion	D	8.55
1,000	Java Consolidated		4.05
1,000	Kota	D	4.60
1,000	Kota		4.60
2,000	Kota		4.65
1,000	Kroewoek		2.45
200	Langkat		22.50
2,000	Repah		0.78
1,000	Rubber Trust	D	6.50
1,500	Rubber Trust		6.50
500	Rubber Trust		6.55
2,000	Samagaga		1.92
1,000	Samagaga	D	1.92
10,000	Semambu		0.99
7,000	Senawang		1.16
500	Kedah		8.90
1,000	Kelantan		0.47
100	Sumatra		27.00
100	Sungei Duri		48.00
1,000	Tebong		1.06
300	Ziangbe		22.00
1,000	Cathay Land	D	1.60

ODD LOTS

200	Samagaga		$ 1.90
73	Ewo Mills (Ord)		22.00
100	S'hai Land		10.20
300	S'hai Land	D	10.20
25	Ewo Mills (Ord)		22.20
200	Bute		7.10
250	Tebong		1.02
1	Power (Pref)		125.00
100	S'hai Land		9.95

D—Direct Business.

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Nov. 13.

Cheerful conditions prevailed at the opening of the London Stock Exchange today, owing to weekend quietness in the international field. British gilt edged securities occasionally strengthened.

From November 14, the retail price of motor fuel in the United Kingdom will be raised by 1½ pence to 1/9½d. per gallon.—Reuter.

	Nov. 10	13
War Loan 3½% (Red.)	£91⅛	91½
JAPANESE BONDS		
Japan 5% Stg. Loan 1907	47	46
Japan 6% Stg. Loan 1924	55	54

Osaka, Nov. 14.

Kogo 5% Y.105.32

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL		
Allied Ironfounders	15/3	15/3
Armstrong Stevens	6/-	6/-
Assoc. & Elec. Indus.	39/-	39/-
Austin Motors, ord.	16/3	16/-
Bristol Aeroplane	16/7	16/7
British American Tob.	92/6	93/9
Cable & W., new from	48½	48½
Cammell Laird, ord.	6/4	6/4
Courtaulds	29/7	29/9
Distillers	65/6	65/-
Dunlop Rubber	27/3	27/3
General Elec. (Eng.)	75/-	74/9
Guinness (A) Son & Co.	83/-	84/-
Hawker Siddeley Aircraft	16/4	16/1
Imp. Chem Indus.	29/10	30/-
Imp. Tobacco	118/1	118/9
Leyland Motors	87/9	87/6
Marks & Spencer "A" ord.	51/4	51/9
Pressed Steel, com.	14/7	14/4
Rolls-Royce	97/6	97/6
Smethwick Drop Forgings	13/3	13/3
Tate & Lyle	58/6	56/9
Turner & Newall	71/3	71/3
United Steel	22/1	22/-
Vickers, ord.	17/1	17/3
Woolworths	62/-	62/3
MISCELLANEOUS		
Anglo Dutch	27/6	27/6
Rubber Pltn. Inv. Trust	31/9	31/9
MINES		
Burma Corp.	9/7	9/9
Commonwealth Min.	Unq.	Unq.
Marsman Invests.	14/9	14/9
Randfontein Ests.	36/10	36/10
Sub-Nigel	197/6	197/6
Tanami Gold Min.	3d.	3d.
Western Holdings	10/6	10/6
OILS		
Anglo Iranian	60/7	61/3
Burmah	63/1	63/9
Mexican Eagle	6/7	6/10
Shell Trans. & Trad.	83/1	84/4
CHINESE EXTERNAL LOANS, ETC.		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	£55	55
5% Gold Bonds, 1925-47	50	50
4½% Anglo-French Loan	50	50
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	28	28
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	40	40
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	12	12
5% Honan Rly., 1905	15	15
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	17	17
5% " " (Ger. Is.)	16	16
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	14	14
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	20	20
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	14	14
G.	14	14
5% " " (Supl. Loan) B.	14	14
" " (Supl. Loan) G.	14	14
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	17	17
S'hai Elec. Construction	13/9	13/9
S'hai Waterworks "A"	11	11
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	22½	22½
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	8⅝	8¼
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	85	85
" " (Col. Reg.)	84	84
Mercantile Bank of India	11 7/32	11 7/32
Chinese Eng. & Min.	18/-	18/-
Chosen Corp.	5/6	5/6
Pekin Syndicate	—	—
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	18/1	18/3

October Rubber Outputs

	lb.
Padang Rubber Co., Ltd.	22,600
Consolidated Rubber Estates (1914), Ltd.	76,294
Shanghai Kedah Plantations, Ltd.	55,751
Bute Plantations (1913), Ltd.	51,023
Tanah Merah Estates (1916) Ltd.	74,500
Dominion Rubber Co., Ltd.	48,150
S'hai Pahang Rubber Estate, Ltd.	33,327
Sungei Duri Rubber Estate, Ltd.	42,800
Kota Bahroe Rubber Estates (1921), Ltd.	49,634

New York Foreign Exchange Market

Sterling Bloc Currencies Rally Sharply; Futures Remain at Big Discount

New York, Nov. 13.

The lifting of the tension in connection with the Low Countries, and especially the statement made by the Netherlands' Premier, Dr. D. J. de Geer, that there was no ground for uneasiness, despite the alarm during the past few days, brought about a spectacular rally of foreign currencies, under the leadership of sterling, in the New York Foreign Exchange market today.

The advance was apparently caused by heavy short-covering, although the high levels attracted some resistance.

Sterling Advance

Sterling advanced more than eight cents in a thin and erratic market, which was characterized by the absence of offerings from neutral countries.

Sterling opened at 3.89 and closed at 3.93¾, compared with the previous closing level of 3.86½. The high for the day was 3.94¾ and the low 3.88½.

Hongkong Dollar

Sterling bloc currencies, including the Hongkong dollar, also smartly advanced. The franc hardened from the previous close of 2.19½ to 2.23½; the guilder from 53.08 to 53.09; and the Belga from 16.08 to 16.36.

The Finnish currency was not materially influenced by news of the breakdown of negotiations with the Soviet.

Bankers reported that commercial buyers were still in the market, whilst offerings have dried up.

Sterling Futures

On the other hand, despite the strong tone of the spot market, sterling futures remained at a wide discount. The one month forward rate on London was listed at 1⅜ discount, compared with 1 1/16 discount, while the three months' rate was placed at 4¼ discount against 4⅜ discount.—Reuter.

U.S. Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Nov. 13.

The cotton market early ruled narrow, with speculative and trade buying being offset by liquidation. Later, the market rallied on general buying and covering and a continued foreign demand. Conditions at the close were firm, with quotations ranging from 2 points down to 10 points up.

Prices in the rubber market today moved higher in a quiet session with lower cables and liquidation being offset by some nervous short covering, professional buying and mild trade support. At the close, quotations ranged from unchanged to 13 points up.

After opening steady, wheat prices in Chicago moderately eased in reports of beneficial rains, profit taking, liquidation and the lack of speculative interest. At the final bell, losses of ⅜ to ⅝ of a cent, were recorded.

New York Cotton

Dec.	9.57-58	+10
Jan.	9.49 N	+10
Mar.	9.38-38	+09
May	9.20-20	+06
July	8.90-90	+03
July (N.C.)	9.10 N	+03
Oct. (N.C.)	8.49-50	—02

New York Rubber

Dec.	20.45-45	unc.
Mar.	18.78-85 B/A	+13
May	18.30-30 B/A	+10
July	17.85-87 B/A	+10

N. Y. Sugar No. 4

Mar.	1.47½-48 B/A	+1½
May	1.49-49½ B/A	+2
Sept.	1.52½-53 B/A	+3

N. Y. Silk No. 1

Dec.	3.21-22 B/A	+1

Chicago Wheat

Dec.	87½-87⅝	—⅝
May	85⅞-86	—½
July	84-84⅛	—⅜

Chicago Corn

Dec.	50⅛-50⅛	—⅜
May	52⅜-52⅜	—⅜

Winnipeg Wheat

Dec.	70⅝ B	—¼

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Nov. 13.

Among commodities, rubber ruled quiet.

London Rubber: Spot, buyers 11⅛ —1/16 sellers 11 3/16 —⅛; Dec. delivery, buyers 11 1/16 —⅛; sellers 11 3/16 —⅛.

Liverpool Cotton: American Futures: Nov. 6.62 +10; Jan. 6.62 +10; Mar. 6.58 +10; May 6.53 +11. Egyptian Futures (Giza, F.G.F. No. 7) No. 2 contract: Nov. 7.64 +13; Jan. 7.74 +13; Mar. 7.84 +13; May 7.93 +14.

London Metals: Tin, Standard, Cash, quoted £230 unc.; 3 mths quoted, £230 unc.—Reuter.

U.S. Steel Mill Operations

New York, Nov. 13.

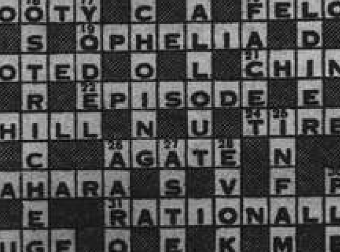
The American Iron and Steel Institute, in its weekly report, places steel mill activity for the week commencing November 13, at 93.5 per cent. of capacity.

This represents a gain of 1.0 over the previous week and of 30.9 per cent. over the corresponding period last year.—Reuter.

Finance Companies Share Values

The statistical value of the International Investment Trust Co., of China, Ltd., shares at noon on Friday last was $11.66, and of the Yangtsze Finance Co., Ltd. $10.66.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 36



New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Nov. 13.

Stock prices on Wall Street today finished with moves of mostly fractions either way. With indications of a more active phase of fighting in Europe still lacking, traders were very cautious. The market was very slow and more or less at a stalemate.

Favourable earnings and dividends were the principal bulwark of the market although, with many industries working around recovery peak, there was further talk of a possible flattening-out of the recovery curve shortly.

Meanwhile, although it has not yet been translated into market action, there is considerable bearishness in Wall Street, based largely on the sluggish behaviour of the market on recent rallies.

The turnover today amounted to 650,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	149.70	148.55	149.07	—0.02
20 Rails	33.09	32.79	32.83	+0.09
15 Utilities	25.71	25.49	25.57	—0.14
40 Bonds	—	—	90.34	+0.11
11 Commod.	—	—	55.80	+0.02

	Nov. 10	13
Adams Express	9⅛	8⅞
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	22⅛	22¼
Allied Stores	10	9⅞
Allis Chalmers	39⅜	40⅛
Aluminium Ltd.	102	103½
Amer. Can	108	109
Amer. Cyanamid "B"	31½	31½
Amer. & For. Power	2¼	2¼
" $7 pfd.	28	27⅜
Amer. Gas & Elec.	37½	37⅜
Amer. Locomotive	24	24¾
Amer. Metal	25¾	25
Amer. Radiator	9⅞	9⅞
Amer. Rolling Mill	18¼	18⅛
Amer. Smelting & Ref.	51⅝	51⅜
Amer. Sugar Refining	22	22
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	168⅛	168¼
Amer. Tobacco "B"	80	81
Amer. Waterworks	12	11⅞
Anaconda Copper	32	31½
Atchison T. & S. Fe	28½	28½
Auburn	3⅝	3⅞
Baldwin Locomotive	17½	17¼
Baltmore & Ohio	6½	6⅝
Barber Asphalt Corp.	16⅛	16⅛
Barnsdall Oil Co.	14⅛	14⅛
Bendix Aviation	31⅜	31¼
Bethlehem Steel	84¼	83½
Bliss (E.W.)	17⅛	B 16½
Boeing Airplane	27⅜	27¼
Borg Warner	27	26½
Briggs Mfg. Co.	23½	24
Bklyn-Manhattan Trans.	11¼	11½
" $6 pfd.	B 38½	B 39¼
Budd Mfg. (E.G.)	6⅜	6¼
Can. Pacific Rly.	5⅛	5
Case J.I.	B 77¾	76⅛
Celanese Corp.	27¼	27⅜
Chase Nat. Bank	B 36¾	B 36¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	40⅝	40
Chrysler	87¾	86⅞
Climax Molybdenum	47	47⅜
Colt's Patent Fire-Arms	87	86
Columbia Gas & Elec.	6¾	6¾
" 6% "A" pfd.	81¾	81½
Coml. Credit	46⅛	46½
Comm. & Southern (ord.)	1⅜	1⅜
Consolid. Edison	30¾	30½
Consolid. Oil	7⅞	7¾
Continental Can	42¼	41¾
Continental Oil	25½	25⅛
Corn Products	62¾	62⅞
Curtiss Wright (com.)	11⅜	11⅜
" "A"	30¼	30⅜
Deere & Co.	22½	22¼
Distillers Corp. Seagrams	16¼	16½
Douglas Aircraft	80¾	80¼
Du Pont de Nemours	177	177
Eagle Picher Lead	12½	13
Eaton Mfg. Co.	28¾	28½
Elec. Auto Lite	37½	37½
Elec. Bond & Share	8½	8⅜
" $5 pfd.	58⅝	58¼
" $6 pfd.	68⅝	68½
Elec. Pwr. & Lt.	31¾	31⅝
Flintkote	20½	20
Gen. Amer. Trans. Corp.	54¼	53¾
Gen. Elec.	39	38½
Gen. Motors	55	55½
Gen. Rly. Signal	18¾	20
Gen. Tire & Rubber	22½	22¾
Glidden Co.	17¾	17½
Goodrich (B.F.)	19⅞	19¼
" $5 pfd.	65	B 65⅜
Goodyear Tire & Rubber	25	24¼
Great Nthrn. Iron Ore	18	17⅞
Great Nthrn. Rly.	28	27¾
Great Western Sugar	30½	30⅞
Greyhound Corp.	17⅜	17½
Hercules Powder	84	83⅝
Homestake Min.	56½	57½
Int. Harvester	62	62¼
Int. Nickel	40	40
Int. Tel. & Tel.	4¾	4¾
Johns Manville	75½	75
Jones & Laughlin	73⅜	B 72
Kennecott	40	39½
Lakey Foundry & Machine	4½	4½
Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass	51	51¼
Lockheed Aircraft	30½	30
Loew's Inc.	34⅞	34½
Mack Trucks	31	31¼
Martin, Glenn L. Co.	41¼	40½
McKesson & Robbins	B 17⅛	B 17⅛
Monsanto Chemical	106	106
Montgomery Ward	54¼	53⅞
Nat. Aviation	13¼	13
Nat. City Bank	B 27½	B 27½
Nat. Dairy Products	16	15¾
Nat. Distillers	23¾	23⅞
Nat. Gypsum	11⅜	11⅜
Nat. Lead	21⅝	21
Nat. Power & Lt.	8⅝	8½
Nat. Steel Corp.	74	74
Nat. Supply Co.	9¾	9⅞
New York Central	19⅝	20
Niagara Hudson Power	7⅜	7⅛
North Amer. Aviation	27¼	27⅝
North Amer. Co.	22½	22⅛
Nothern Pacific	10½	10¼
Owens-Illinois-Glass	62⅞	62¾
Pacific Gas & Elec.	31⅞	31⅞
Pacific Lighting	48¼	47
Packard Motors	3⅞	3⅞
Paramount Pictures	8⅜	8¼
Pennsylvania R.R.	24¾	25⅛
Phelps Dodge	40⅝	40
Phila. & Reading Coal	0¾	0¾
Phillips Petroleum	41⅜	41¼
Pittsburgh Coke & Iron	10	B 10
Public Serv. of N.J.	39⅝	39¼
Pullman Inc.	36	35¾
Pure Oil	8½	8⅝
Radio Corp. of Amer.	6	6
Reading Co.	17¾	17½
" 1st pfd.	B 25	26
Remington Arms Co.	B 5½	B 5¼
Republic Aviation	7	6⅞
Republic Steel Co.	23¼	23¼
Revere Copper & Brass	15½	15¾
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	37¾	37⅞
Richfield Oil	9	8⅞
Safeway Stores	47¾	47¾
Schenley	13¼	13½
Sears Roebuck	82⅜	82
Shell Union Oil	13	13
Socony-Vacuum	13⅛	12⅞
Sthrn. Pacific	16	15¾
Sthrn. Rly. 5% pfd.	31½	31½
Sperry Corp.	47⅞	47¼
Spicer Mfg.	B 29½	B 30¼
Stand. Brands	5⅞	5¾
Stand. Gas & Elec.	2¾	2¾
Stand. Oil of Calif.	27¼	27¼
Stand. Oil of N.J.	47½	48⅜
Stone & Webster	12¼	12⅛
Swift International	31½	31¼
Technicolor	13	12⅞
Texas Corp.	46½	47
Texas Gulf Sulphur	33¼	33⅞
Transamerica	6⅞	7
Tw. Century Fox	13¾	13¾
" " pfd.	23⅞	B 23⅜
Un. Carbide & Carbon	86⅝	86¼
Un. Pacific	101	100
Un. Aircraft	47½	47
Un. Air Lines Trans.	12¼	13⅛
Un. Corp.	2⅝	2⅝
" $3 cum. pfd.	38	38½
Un. Gas Corp.	2¼	2¼
Un. Gas Improvement	14¼	14¼
U. S. Indus. Alcohol	22	22½
U. S. Rubber	39	38⅝
" 8% n-c pfd.	113¾	113½
U. S. Steel	70	69⅞
Vanadium	34	33¾
Walworth	7½	7½
Warner Bros. Picts.	4⅛	4⅛
Westinghouse Elec.	111	112
Woodward Iron	25½	24½
BONDS		
Amer. & For. Power	62	62
Baltimore & Ohio R.R.	27½	27
Brazil	14¼	14¾
Cities Serv. Pwr.	84⅛	85⅛
Erie R.R.	15¾	15⅜
Int. Tel. & Tel. 5s	49⅜	49½
New England Gas & Elec.	69¼	69⅝
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	49½	48¾
Stand. Gas & Elec.	67¾	68

B—Bid.

Dow-Jones Summary

By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices fluctuated narrowly on a small volume today. The bond market presented a mixed appearance. Wheat lost fractionally, while cotton ruled firm. Operators continue to adopt an attitude of cautious waiting, while some demand for selected issues was noted. Recognized leaders yielded slightly. Curtiss Wright "A" was active, with a block of 7,500 shares changing hands at the opening. Steels failed to respond to the announcement of mill activity running at 93.5 per cent. of capacity. Chrysler held a small gain; General Motors ruled firm; and, tyres eased. However, a slightly easier tendency was witnessed at the close.

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(Incorporated in England)

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Subscribed Capital **£1,800,000**
Paid-up Capital **1,050,000**
Reserve Fund **1,075,000**

Branches throughout India, Ceylon, Malaya and in Hongkong and Mauritius. Agencies in all principal countries of the world.

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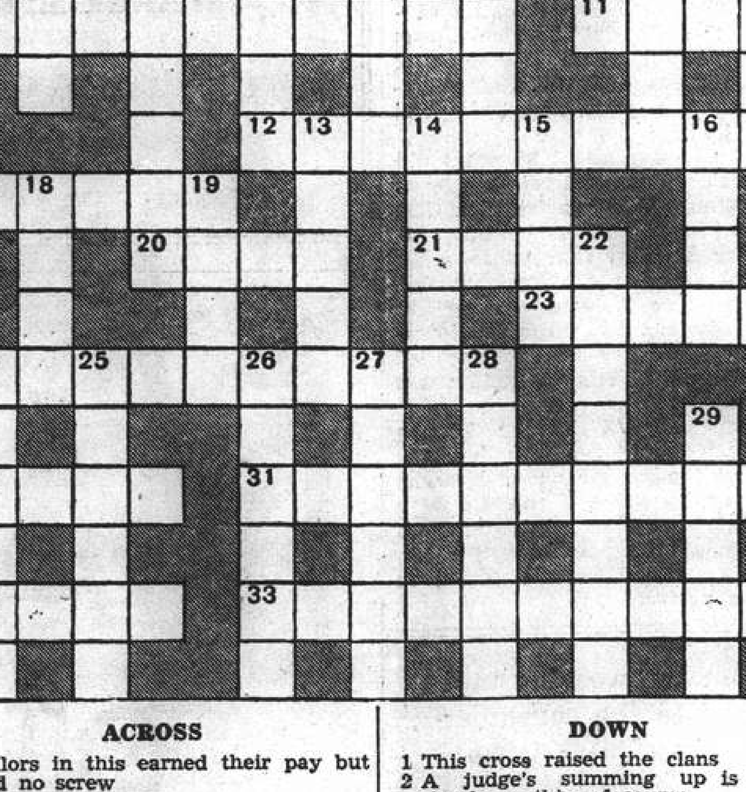
J. R. HUXTER, *Manager*.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 37

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

8 Sailors in this earned their pay but had no screw
9 Festive occasion
10 This no doubt might produce waves of madness in a person
11 On tip-toe with expectation
12 After which one can occupy oneself with ease
17 There's too much water with it!
20 Think of a number and take two-thirds of it
21 The umpire puts it in its place
23 This falls, but it is its opposite that breaks
24 Asinine amusement on the sands (two words)
30 The confirmed criminal's this would appear to be its anagram
31 You may want chapter and verse for it—you will certainly have it then!
32 Fish common in the Solent
33 Sharp people don't annoy their mentors by this

DOWN

1 This cross raised the clans
2 A judge's summing up is not as simple as this, of course
3 Not a wire but a cable
4 Tax claiming to be full of letters
5 E. Coast resort
6 Useful for a tight squeeze, but it isn't usually the first half that turns it
7 Firewood finally obtained after initial tiredness
13 Nearly every day is this sort of day to a fireman
14 Resting evidently (two words)
15 Part of another insular place
16 The man who rode the 17 across
18 Many do in Venice
19 The innocent victim is not down-hearted
22 At 23 across this is artificial for observation
24 Summary
25 Mostly in good time almost
26 A colour
27 Classically completely (two words)
28 This is going out
29 The end of a well-known quarry

NEDERLANDSCH INDISCHE HANDELSBANK, N.V.

255 KIANGSE ROAD, CORNER OF KIUKIANG ROAD

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All Banking Transactions.

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C. J. SCHAAP, *Manager*

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	*From*	*Consignees*
Dahpu	Ningpo	Wallem
Akagi M.	Keelung	N.Y.K.
Ryoyo M.	Nagasaki	M.B.K.
Tyosa M.	Keelung	T.K.K.
Daikokusan M.	Japan	Showa S.S.
Randi	Fauling	O. Thoresen
Patti	Sanhokong	V. Chieri
Myoko M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Luise	Hsinkong	G.M.C.
Kiangting	T'lungkong	Foo Hwa
Tachibana M.	River Ports	T.K.K.
Liesel	T'lungkong	Chin Dah
Conte Verde	Hongkong	Lloyd T.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	*Flag*	*Despatcher*
Hwaping	Jap.	Hwa Chung
Talien	Jap.	Wan Woo
Anwoo	Chi.	Dah Hsing
Taiko M. 18	Jap.	T.K.K.
Romolo	Ital.	V. Chieri
Sandro Sandri	Ital.	Chu Foong
Hoten M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Nagasaki M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Lipari	Ital.	Dong Shing
Uga M.	Jap.	Showa S.S.
Gert. Maersk	Dan.	Maersk L.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	*Flag*	*Type*	*Berhted*
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
Augusta	Am.	Cr.	B.N.B.
Finch 9	Am.	Swp.	U.S.N.B.
Guam	Am.	Gbt.	C.N.C.B. 1/2
Isabel	Am.	Slp.	U.S.N.B.
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
Piegon 6	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	J.N.B.
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	J.N.B.

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MALAYAN SHAREBROKERS ASSOCIATION

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Issued and Fully Paid-up	HK$20,000,000
Reserve Funds { Sterling	£6,500,000
Reserve Funds { Hongkong Currency	HK$10,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	HK$20,000,000

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TŌA K. K.

Nagasaki Express Service

	Arrival	*Departure*
Shanghai Maru	Nov. 16 (Wayside Wharf)	Nov. 17 at 9 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)
Nagasaki Maru	Nov. 18	Nov. 19 at 9 a.m.
Shanghai Maru	Nov. 21	Nov. 22 at 9 a.m.
Nagasaki Maru	Nov. 23	Nov. 24 at 9 a.m.

Kobe Express Service

Taiyo Maru	Nov. 21	Nov. 23 at 5 a.m.

Passengers are cordially requested to get on board before night.

Taiyo Maru	Nov. 30	Dec. 3

For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel. Telephone 42255

TŌA KAIUN KAISYA

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ms. Tai Shan loads Shanghai .. .. November 17

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GENERAL AGENTS

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Post Office Notices

The following times apply to the Head Post Office, Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

WEDNESDAY, November 15.		Reg.	Ord.
Ninghsien Wenchow etc. via Chinhai		*20.00	7.45
Chefoo and Tientsin		10.30	11.00
Hongkong		10.30	11.00
Tsingtao		14.30	15.00
Japan and Korea Canada U.S.A. and Europe via Pacific	A	14.00	16.00
Central America and Canal Zone	BE	—	—
Indo-China (Z) via Haiphong	C	—	—
Klangpei offices south and east of Jukao		19.30	20.00
THURSDAY, November 16.			
Tsingtao Chefoo and Tientsin		10.00	10.30
Aust. N.Z. Manila and Java Ports	D	10.00	11.00
Amoy Hongkong and Canton		10.30	11.00
Fukien Province via Amoy		10.30	11.00
Hongkong and Haiphong		10.30	11.00
Klangpei offices south and east of Jukao		19.30	20.00
FRIDAY, November 17.			
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki		*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao and Dairen		*20.00	7.15
Aust. N.Z. Manila S.S. Ceylon India Suez and Europe via Suez	E	*20.00	8.30
Hongkong and Canton		*20.00	8.30
U.S.S.R. and Europe via Siberia		9.00	10.30
Weihaiwei Chefoo and Tientsin		10.00	10.30
Nantung		14.30	15.00
Aust. N.Z. and Indo-China	FX	15.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton		15.30	16.00
Tsingtao Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin		19.30	20.00
Amoy Swatow and Hongkong		19.30	20.00
Fukien Province via Amoy		19.30	20.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for U.S.A., Canada and Europe, closes 12.00 on 15th.
B Parcel mail for Central America and Canal Zone, closes at 16.00 on 15th.
C Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 16.00 on 15th.
D Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 15th.
E Parcel mail for S.S., F.M.S., Ceylon, India, Egypt, E.Soudan, Italy and other countries, closes at 16.00 on 16th.
F Parcel mail for S.S., F.M.S., Ceylon, Holland and other countries, closes at 12.00 on 17th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service per steamer on November 16, at 10 a.m. for registered and at 11 a.m. ordinary due London on November 29.
Pan-American Airways Service per steamer on November 17, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on November 29.
Air France per steamer on November 17, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary.
Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Batavia-Naples) per steamer to Hongkong.
Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.
Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service: daily at 8 p.m.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 9.45 a.m. and 13.00, at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 9.15 a.m. and 11.30 a.m.
Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.
Ningsia, Shensi, Szechwan, Yunnan, Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.
Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan Shanhaikwan, Tsingtao, Tungshan, Shihkiachwang, Changte, Taiyuan, Kaifeng and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hua Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—
Per steamer, via Suez, Nov. 17, due L'don Dec. 14.
Per steamer, via Suez, Nov. 20, due L'don Dec. 22.
Per steamer, via Pacific, Nov. 20, due L'don Dec. 20.

Weather, Time and Tide

Wednesday, Nov. 15, 1939 (5th day of 10th moon)	SICCAWEI			
	Nov. 13		Nov. 14	
	10.00	21.00	4.00	9.00
Barometer inches	30.31	30.30	30.27	30.27
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.02	—0.04	—0.08	—0.12
at 32 F. (" " 12 hrs.)	—0.04	—0.09	—0.04	—0.03
Wind (direction)	N	NNE	N	NW
" (miles per hour)	6.8	5.6	1.9	6.6
Temperature (Fahr.)	55.0°	52.5°	50.7°	55.0°
Humidity %	68	88	97	89
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	9	0	10	9
Rainfall inches	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report November 13	Mean 1939	24 hrs. variation	66 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.34	+0.04	30.24
Temp. Min. 52.°9 Max. 63.°9	58.°4	—1.°0	53.°1
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	45.30	—	42.46

Time and Tide	15/11	16/11	17/11	18/11	19/11
Sun rises at Shanghai	6.21	6.21	6.22	6.23	6.24
Sun sets at Shanghai	16.56	16.56	16.56	16.55	16.55
Moon rises at Shanghai	9.42	10.27	11.08	11.45	12.20
Moon sets at Shanghai	20.32	21.26	22.20	23.13	—
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	13.20	13.00	13.58	15.10	16.40
Ebb makes Shai. 6 to 18	17.45	18.30	6.00	7.00	8.24
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	13.55	14.45	15.45	16.45	5.45
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	9.10	7.97	7.14	6.30	6.10

Passenger Lists

DEPARTURES

Per Kaiping, for Chinwangtao: Mr. D. G. Woo, Mr. B. T. Feng, Mrs. M. Rumgahn and Child, Commander Overesch, Mrs. Hope Gill, Father Rolland, Mr. K. A. Munro, Mr. P. W. Feng, Mr. & Mrs. D. K. Tsai, Mr. N. S. McBain, Mr. F. A. Pilock, Mr. & Mrs. N. Mackels, Father Schmid, Mr. E. Winter.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening

From DAIREN: Tsingtao Maru, with mail, due between 2-3 p.m. Whangpo Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From OSLO
Nagara — 29/11

From ANTWERP
Tamesis 20/10 6/12
Zuiderkerk 8/11 2/1

From TRIESTE
Volpi 5/10 29/11
C. Rosso 3/11 30/11
Cortellazzo 28/10 14/12

From BOMBAY
C. Rosso 15/11 28/11

From COLOMBO
Volpi 8/11 29/11

From SOERABAYA
Tjisadane 10/11 27/11

From MANILA
Niel Maersk 8/11 16/11
P. Coolidge 15/11 20/11

From HONGKONG
See "China Ports" below.

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK
G. Maersk 10/10 25/11
H. Maersk 25/10 10/12
Vigrid 10/10 19/12
M. Maersk 10/11 28/12

From SAVANNAH
M. Maersk 15/11 26/12

From LOS ANGELES
G. Maersk 31/10 25/11
Asama M. 30/10 2/12
H. Maersk 15/11 10/12

From SEATTLE
Capitio 25/10 17/11

From HONOLULU
Asama M. 7/11 2/12

From HONGKONG
See "China Ports" below.

From NAGASAKI
Shanghai M. 15/11 16/11

From KEELUNG
Tyosa M. 20/11 22/11

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN
Ruys 18/10 24/11
Boissevain 15/11 23/12

From MOMBASA
Ruys 4/11 24/11

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN
Dairen M. 15/11 17/11

From HONGKONG
Niel Maersk 11/11 16/11

Vessels Discharging

ANDRE LEBON. From Marseilles via Ports arrived on Nov. 11, 1939, and discharging her cargo at Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf-Shanghai. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for exchange of Delivery Orders and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by consignees and claims against this steamer must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival or they will not be recognized. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Friday, Nov. 17, 1939, at 9 a.m. at the wharf by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. No Insurance effected. Cie des Messageries Maritimes. 15-11

TAMERLANE. The ms. Tamerlane, from Oslo via Ports is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Old Ningpoo Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns is to be borne by Consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within fifteen (15) days after vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Old Ningpo Wharf on the 18th instant, at 9 a.m. when Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy will be in attendance, Dodwell & Co., Ltd., Agents, 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11369. 16-11

DEUCALION. From Liverpool arrived on Nov. 14, and is discharging her cargo at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Free storage period expires on November 23, 1939. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Saturday, November 18, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 17-11

GLENFINLAS. From London.—Cargo ex this vessel arrived from Hongkong per Deucalion on November 14, and is being discharged at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Free storage period expires on November 23, 1939. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Saturday, November 18, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Inward Agents. 17-11

Vessels Sailing

The undermentioned vessels are due to sail from Shanghai upon the dates indicated.

For LONDON
Hakone Maru 23/12

For OSLO
Tai Shan 17/11

For TRIESTE
Conte Verde 17/11
Conte Rosso 1/12
C. Biancamano 22/12

For CAPETOWN
Ruys 26/11
Boissevain 25/12

For BOMBAY
Zinsan Maru 28/11

For CALCUTTA
Lima Maru 24/11

For JAVA
Tjitjalengka 16/11
Tjisadane 30/11

For HONGKONG
Heiyo Maru 15/11

For MANILA
Capilo 19/11
G. Maersk 26/11
H. Maersk 11/12

For NEW YORK
Agaki Maru 15/11
Niel Maersk 16/11
Titania 21/11
Hokuroku Maru 26/11
P. Maersk 1/12
Naruto M. 10/12
Gret. Maersk 15/12

For S. AMERICA
Heiyo Maru 22/11

For San FRANCISCO
Pres. Coolidge 21/11
Pres. Taft 6/12
Asama Maru 8/12
P. Cleveland 18/12
Tatuta Maru 23/12

For KOBE
Taiyo Maru 23/11

For NAGASAKI
Shanghai Maru 17/11
Nagasaki Maru 19/11
Shanghai Maru 22/11
Nagasaki Maru 24/11

For DAIREN
Tsingtao Maru 17/11
Dairen Maru 19/11
Hoten Maru 22/11
Tsingtao Maru 25/11
Dairen Maru 28/11
Hoten Maru 30/11

Vessels Leaving

SOUTH CHINA COAST

TJITJALENGKA Nov. 16. AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA, CEBU, MENADO, MACASSAR, BALI, SOERABAIA and JAVA N.C.—The J.C.J.L. m.s. Tjitjalengka sails from Holt's Wharf, Pootung on Thursday, November 16, at 4 p.m., taking cargo to Java and transhipment in Java. Passengers tender leaves Customs Jetty at 2 p.m. Excellent passenger accommodation. Through tickets issued to European, Australian and African Ports. For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V. Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. 16247 (4 Lines). 16-11

STRAITS AND EUROPE

CONTE VERDE Nov. 17. VENICE and TRIESTE via HONGKONG, MANILA (optional), SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, PORT SAID.—Lloyd Triestino—26 The Bund. Tel. 16885. 16-11

TAI SHAN Nov. 17. ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, OSLO and GOTHENBURG via ADEN, PORT SUDAN, PORT SAID.—Motorship Tai Shan of the Wilhelmsen Lines will be despatched from Shanghai for the abovementioned ports on or about November 17. For freight or passage please apply to the agents, Dodwell & Company, Ltd., 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11366. 17-11

AMERICA

NIEL MAERSK Nov. 16. Via JAPAN for LOS ANGELES and via PANAMA to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, SAVANNAH and NORFOLK.—For Freight and Passage apply to MAERSK Line Shanghai Agency, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 16-11

TITANIA Nov. 21. LOS ANGELES and NEW YORK via PANAMA CANAL.—Barber Wilhelmsen Line motor vessel Titania sails from Shanghai on November 21, accepting cargo for all Overland Points. Dodwell & Co., Ltd., Agents, 21 Canton Road. Tel. 11366. 21-11

Vessels Discharging

GERTRUDE MAERSK. The Maersk Line m.s. Gertrude Maersk, from New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Norfolk, Savannah, Los Angeles, Yokohama and Kobe via Ports is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns to be borne by consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within (15) fifteen days after the vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Damaged cargo to be examined at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes Davy on Friday morning, November 17, at 9 a.m. Maersk Line Shanghai Agency, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 17-11

TALISMAN. The ms. Talisman, from New York via Ports is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Old Ningpo Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns is to be borne by Consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within fifteen (15) days after vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Old Ningpo Wharf on November 21, 1939, at 9 a.m. when Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy will be in attendance. Dodwell & Co., Ltd., Agents, 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11369. 17-11

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE

Orient-San Francisco Line via Honolulu
*KAMAKURA MARU .. Nov. 28
ASAMA MARU ..... Dec. 8
TATUTA MARU ..... Dec. 23
*from Kobe

Orient-Seattle Line via Vancouver
From Kobe
HEIAN MARU ..... Nov. 29
HIKAWA MARU ..... Dec. 12
HIE MARU ..... Dec. 29

Orient-New York Line via Los Angeles and Panama
AKAGI MARU ..... Nov. 15
NARUTO MARU ..... Dec. 10

Japan-Australia Line via Hongkong and Manila
From Nagasaki
KAMO MARU ..... Nov. 20
ATUTA MARU ..... Dec. 18

European Mail Line Marseilles, London, Antwerp and Rotterdam via Hongkong, Straits,
HAKONE MARU ..... Dec. 23
KASIMA MARU .... Jan. 5

Bombay and Calcutta Line Singapore, Penang, Rangoon and Calcutta.
LIMA MARU ..... Nov. 24

Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi.
ZINSAN MARU ..... Nov. 28

Orient-South America Line via San Francisco
HEIYO MARU ..... Nov. 22
†YASUKUNI MARU ... Jan. 12
†from Yokohama

For Hongkong
HEIYO MARU ..... Nov. 15

31 The Bund **NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA** Telephone 12842
General Passenger Agents, Cunard-White Star Line

THE SWEDISH EAST-ASIATIC COMPANY LIMITED

HOMEWARDS:

ms. TAMARA, loading . . . . . December

Agents: **The Ekman Foreign Agencies Ltd.**

HAMILTON HOUSE TELEPHONE 11330

D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

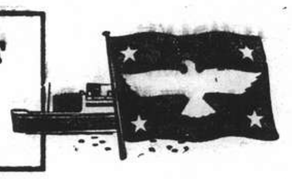
	Arrival.	Departure.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Nov. 15	Nov. 17 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Nov. 17	Nov. 19 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Nov. 20	Nov. 22 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Nov. 23	Nov. 25 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Nov. 26	Nov. 28 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Nov. 28	Nov. 30 at 9 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN-LINE
(Freight only)
ss. HAKKA MARU ..... Nov. 19

For Passage and Freight apply to
DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19648

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER Sailings



TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Japan and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Leave Shanghai		Leave Shanghai	
Pres. Coolidge	Nov. 21	Pres. Coolidge	Jan. 16
Pres. Taft	Dec. 6	Pres. Taft	Jan. 29
Pres. Cleveland	Dec. 18	Pres. Cleveland	Feb. 12
Pres. Pierce	Jan. 1	Pres. Pierce	Feb. 26

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA:

Leave Shanghai		Leave Shanghai	
Pres. Coolidge	Jan. 3	Pres. Coolidge	Apr. 24
Pres. Coolidge	Feb. 28	Pres. Coolidge	June 19

ROUND-THE-WORLD: Fortnightly service from the Orient to New York and Boston via Straits, Ceylon, India, Egypt and Italy.

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LLOYD TRIESTINO
ss. CONTE VERDE
will leave Shanghai
on Friday, November 17, at 11 a.m.
from SHANGHAI & HONGKEW WHARF for
BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE
via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Massaua and Port-Said
Tenders conveying passengers on board will leave Customs Jetty on Friday November 17, at 9 a.m.
No visitors will be allowed on the tender nor on board unless in possession of a special pass issued by our Office.
Hand packages only will be accepted by tender.
Heavy luggage must be sent to Messrs. Marden & Co., Ltd., Race Course Market Godown, Corner of Myburgh and Burkill Roads, where it will be accepted during office hours, from November 15 to November 16 at noon the latest.
No nailed cases will be accepted unless escorted by a Customs Permit, obtainable through Messrs. Marden against payment of a small fee.
For Further Particulars Apply to:
LLOYD TRIESTINO
Telephone 16885 26 The Bund, Shanghai Telegr. LLOYDIANO

TRAVEL DUTCH

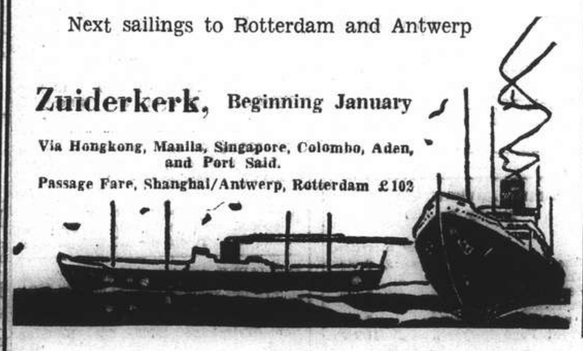
Hongkong, Manila Bali and Java
Attractive Round Trip Fares
Next sailings from Shanghai:
ms. TJITJALENGKA (new vessel) Nov. 16
ms. TJISADANE .. .. .. Nov. 30

By **"DUTCH MAILS"**
TO EUROPE
Via BALI and/or JAVA

1st Class	about fl.1350	Leave Batavia
1st Class, J.C.J.L. / 2nd Class, Dutch Mails	about fl.1050	Tonnage 1939
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Nov. 15
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	Nov. 29
ms. Baloeran	17,000	Dec. 6
ms. Sibajak	12,000	Dec. 20
ms. Christiaan Huygens	15,700	Dec. 27
ms. Oranje (new vessel)	20,000	Jan. 2
ms. Dempo	17,000	Jan. 17
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,000	Jan. 31
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Feb. 7
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	Feb. 21
ms. Baloeran	17,000	Mar. 2
ms. Oranje (new vessel)	20,000	Mar. 13

HOLLAND-EAST ASIA LINE
Far Eastern Freight Service

DIRECT TO EUROPE
Next sailings to Rotterdam and Antwerp



Zuiderkerk, Beginning January
Via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Aden, and Port Said.
Passage Fare, Shanghai/Antwerp, Rotterdam £102

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ms. RUYS	From Shanghai	Nov.	26, 1939*
	From Hongkong	Dec.	7, 1939
ms. BOISSEVAIN	From Shanghai	Dec.	25, 1939
	From Hongkong	Jan.	5, 1940

*Connecting Steamer from Shanghai: ms. "Tjisadane" Nov. 30th

SPACE FOR REFRIGERATOR CARGO AND VEGETABLE OIL IN BULK AVAILABLE

For further particulars re passage and freight apply to
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133 Szechuen Road Telephone 16247

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Homewards:
ms. NIEL MAERSK
Loading Nov. 15/16
ms. PETER MAERSK
Loading Nov. 30/Dec. 1
ms. GERTRUDE MAERSK
Loading Dec. 14/15
via Japan for LOS ANGELES and via Panama to NEW YORK and BOSTON direct. Also Philadelphia, Baltimore, Savannah, Norfolk and other Atlantic Coast Ports.
Outwards:

	arr. Shanghai
ms. GRETE MAERSK	Nov. 25
ms. HULDA MAERSK	Dec. 10
ms. VIGRID	Dec. 19

From New York, Norfolk, Savannah, Panama, and Los Angeles.
Excellent accommodation for a limited number of passengers.
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BLUE FUNNEL LINE
Two conveniently placed sailings during November to UNITED KINGDOM PORTS

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Frequent and regular sailings by modern and comfortable passenger and cargo liners serving:
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Information relating to sailings, ports of call, freight and passage rates will be gladly given on request to intending passengers and shippers.
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Agents
21-23 French Bund Telephone 82020

O.S.K.

Shanghai Sailing
For New York Via Panama Canal
*HOKUROKU MARU ..... Nov. 26
Kobe Sailings
For South America via S. Africa
SANTOS MARU ..... Dec. 23
For South America via E. & S. Africa
AFRICA MARU ..... Nov. 29
For Bombay
MELBOURNE MARU .. Nov. 26
NITTI MARU ..... Dec. 11
Nagasaki Sailings
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
TAKAO MARU ..... Nov. 17
Keelung Sailings
For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
SAIGON MARU ..... Dec. 8

Kobe Sailings
For New York via Panama Canal
*KINAI MARU ..... Nov. 27
For European Ports via New York
*KYUSYU MARU ..... Nov. 18
*TOKAI MARU ..... Dec. 22
For Australia and New Zealand
SYDNEY MARU ..... Nov. 30
CANBERRA MARU ..... Dec. 29
For West Africa
NAN-A MARU ..... Dec. 24
For Africa

*Cargo only

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East Asiatic Co. Ld.
of Copenhagen
Next arrival from European Continental Ports
M.S. KOREA
Next Vessel loading at Shanghai for
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M.S. JAVA
Further particulars of arrivals and departures on application
The vessels have accommodation for a limited number of passengers. Passage fare £97.10.0 to Rotterdam.
Agency of
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Tokyo Plans "Appeasement Offensive" in China

Effort to Propitiate Third Powers Seen Behind New Moves; End of Hostilities Anxiously Sought

Washington, Nov. 14.

THE Japanese Government, including the Japanese army, was believed by some observers here today to have launched an "appeasement offensive" against third Powers in China.

The Japanese objectives, it is believed are to hasten the end of the Sino-Japanese war, avert American economic retaliation, and place Japan in a position to benefit from the new world trade situation resulting from the outbreak of war in Europe.

Observers believed significant the fact that Japanese actions toward third Powers in the past week, particularly toward the United States, have been exactly the opposite from the hostile tone adopted by the Japanese press which apparently has intended the major portion of its editorial dynamite against the United States for domestic consumption.

At a time when the Japanese press was declaring that Japan would "never retreat a single inch even if forced to arise against the United States," it was pointed out, the Japanese Embassy in Washington announced the broadest single group of concession to the United States since the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese war.

Missionaries Considered

The disclosure in Shanghai yesterday that officials of the Japanese-controlled Nanking régime were seeking to remove the grievances of foreign missionaries in the Nanking area was seen as another indication of Japan's new efforts to improve her relations with third Powers, including the United States.

Japanese business circles here believe that Japan has far more to gain trading in the world market as a neutral during the European war than she can gain in many years of development work in China.

Consequently, it is believed the Japanese are seeking to develop more friendly relations with third Powers in the hope that these nations will support Japan's plan for ending the hostilities in China through Wang Ching-wei, ousted Kuomintang official.

The Japanese peace plan, it is understood here, calls for the establishment of a new Chinese régime under the leadership of Wang, with whom Japan would quickly "conclude peace."

The Japanese hope that once the new régime is established in China, alleged "peace elements" in Chungking will persuade Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek to negotiate peace with Wang Ching-wei.

World Trade Wanted

There are indications here that the Japanese, because of their desire to end hostilities in China and resume trading in the world market, would be willing to empower Wang to offer the Chungking Government far more attractive peace terms than Japan herself might respectably offer China directly.

Some Japanese quarters, including a section of the Japanese press, have begun to predict this week that Japan will pay American nationals additional indemnities and restore access to additional American properties as a result of current and forthcoming diplomatic negotiations.

These negotiations already have opened in Tokyo between the American Ambassador, Mr. Joseph Grew, and the Japanese Foreign Minister, Admiral K. Nomura. Parallel talks, it has been announced, will begin in Shanghai soon between the American Consul-General, Mr. C. E. Gauss, and the Japanese Minister in China, Mr. Sotomatsu Kato.

Businessmen Coming Here

Attention also has been drawn to the delegation of Japanese businessmen, representing Japan's largest companies, which will soon visit Shanghai on a tour of inspection. The purpose of the trip, according to Japanese reports, is to seek means of co-operating with third Power interests in China and "remove their grievances."

Observers believe it is too early to predict the results of the Japanese "appeasement offensive" because thus far its results have been minor, but the trend of Japanese policy is believed to be evident.

Japanese business and government circles realize that Japan can take advantage of the wartime world trade situation only if the hostilities in China are terminated and Japan's own wartime economic restrictions removed.

Present wartime trade restrictions in Japan, it was recalled, prevent imports of most raw materials, so it is impossible for Japanese manufacturers to produce goods for export.

Although there is as yet no confidence here that the Japanese "appeasement offensive" will bring the Sino-Japanese war to an earlier end, unofficial Japanese quarters are at least hopeful that the policy will avert threatened American economic retaliation against Japan and possibly even promote anew Japanese-American trade treaty to replace the abrogated treaty of 1911 which expires on January 26, 1940.

However, the ultimate Japanese objective, it is believed, is to secure third Power support in influencing the Chungking Government to negotiate peace with Wang Ching-wei after the establishment of the new Nanking régime.—United Press.

Briton's Brave Act As Ship Sinks

Officer Shoots Away Lock to Save Chinese In Ill-Fated Sirdhana

Singapore, Nov. 14.

Eleven Asiatic deck passengers, mostly children, lost their lives when the British-India 7,745-ton liner Sirdhana sank in the Singapore roads yesterday. Nine other passengers are missing.

The ship, which is believed to have struck a mine, foundered in 15 minutes. The passengers included 137 Chinese deportees, most of whom were imprisoned behind a steel grille in the forward hold. They were saved by the prompt action of the British inspector in charge of their police escort, who blew open the lock of the grille with five gunshots. With water flooding the hold, the Chinese rushed out and reached a life-boat.

The survivors included the well-known American magician, Mr. William Nicola, with the wife and troupe, who were returning home after a tour of Australia and the Far East. Their hundred tons of equipment, luggage and jewellery were lost.

Mr. Nicola said he and his wife managed to board the last life-boat holding 70 persons just as the ship sank. After rowing for half an hour, the life-boat was taken in tow by a rescue launch. "Two men of my company, unable to get into the life-boat," Mr. Nicola said, "dived off as the vessel heeled and clung to some wreckage. After they were picked up by the launch, they helped in the rescue work. All my property was not insured. I have lost a fortune."—Reuter.

Japanese General Calls On Admiral Hart

New Commander in Shanghai Area Visits Augusta

Lieut.-Gen. Susumu Fujita, newly-appointed commander of the Japanese army forces in the Shanghai area, called on Admiral Thomas Charles Hart, Commander-in-Chief of the United States Asiatic Fleet, on the latter's flagship the U.S.S. Augusta at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. Accompanying Lieut.-Gen. Fujita were Major-Gen. Shozo Sakurai, chief of staff of the Shanghai Area Command; Lieut.-Col. Naokata Utsunomiya, Japanese Army Liaison Officer, and other Japanese officers.

Major-Gen. Sakurai later called on Rear-Admiral R. V. Holt, Commander of the British Yangtze Flotilla, and on Rear-Admiral William A. Glassford, Commander of the United States Navy's Yangtze Flotilla.

Lieut.-Gen. Fujita reviewed a Marine guard of honour aboard the Augusta.

Soviets Plan Shipping Route Through Arctic

Ice-breakers Assigned to Prepare the Way

Tokyo, Nov. 10.

The Japanese press devoted much attention today to the proposed Soviet plan to begin a Trans-Arctic steamship service from Nikolayevsk to Murmansk via Kamtchatka.

The newspapers pointed out that four icebreakers, each of 17,000 tons, had already been assigned to the Trans-Arctic route. The Soviet Union also plans to construct a harbour at Nikolayevsk and would assign two first-class freighters to the Far East for the Trans-Arctic run.

It was planned by the Soviet, the newspapers said, to open the route in 1942. The proposed route will cut in half the distance from the Far East to Northern Europe, the newspapers said.

Of the 625 vessels with a tonnage of 1,219,000 in the Soviet mercantile marine, 110 vessels totalling 300,000 tons are assigned to the Far East, the newspaper stated.—Domei.

Generalissimo's Son in U.S. Seeks Aerial Aid

Hongkong, Nov. 14.

Mr. Chiang Wei-kuo, second son of Gen. Chiang Kai-Shek, was understood today to be negotiating with American aircraft companies to obtain American assistance in reorganizing China's air force.

He has been studying military science in Germany and proceeded to America in October en route home, it was learned.

According to Chinese sources, no definite conclusion had been reached in the reported deal, but it was claimed that the negotiations were progressing favourably.—Domei.

Japan Independent of U.S. Scrap Metal

Tokyo, Nov. 14.

Japan would be able to continue the production of steel without the importation of scrap iron from the United States, the "Miyako Shimbun" claimed today.

The newspaper said that the Japan Institute of Steel Products was conducting experiments in the production of steel, and added that it was "confident that steel production could be maintained at its present rate without importing scrap iron from America."—Domei.

Refugees Held for "Y" Thefts

Heinz Bernstein and another Jewish refugee were brought before the First Special District Court yesterday and charged with larceny in which they were alleged to have stolen, a camera from an Italian boarder at the Foreign Y. in Bubbling Well Road. The hearing was postponed for a week. It was alleged that the first accused was seen by the No. 1 boy in the hostel on Monday afternoon trying to steal the clock in Room 428 on the fourth floor during the absence of the occupant. The second accused was seen standing in the corridor and he too was suspected. When a policeman arrived a camera was alleged to have also been found in Bernstein's possession.

U.S. Seamen to Enter Training Schools

Washington, Nov. 14.

Rear Admiral R. R. Waesche, commandant of the United States Coast Guard, announced last night that American seamen "beached" as a result of the shipping restrictions of the new neutrality act will be enrolled in government maritime service schools.—United Press.

Reich Propaganda Discounted

British Individual Superiority Proved; Forces' Morale High

London, Nov. 14.

The common form of propaganda emanating from Germany is the misrepresentation of British morale and character, and this is often echoed by malevolent neutrals, competent quarters here point out today.

Such erroneous views, they add, are based on the notorious worthlessness of German estimates of anything British and the wishful thinking of malevolent neutrals. The slightest knowledge of Britain, they declare, shows the falseness of such a view. The best replies are the speeches of Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, and Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty.

Great Britain, the same quarters assert, has never been so determined to crush an enemy. The standard of her youth and the virility of the nation are reflected in the magnificent physique and morale of the Army, Navy, and Air Force. Wherever clashes have occurred on sea or in the air, the Briton has shown individual superiority over the German. German hesitation to seek a decision, they say, is probably due to this knowledge.

Great Britain, they add, has never been so confident of victory in the full knowledge of her growing strength, stamina and national, political, economic and military fitness. Those who listen to German boasts and threats, the same circles declare, should compare them with the British phlegm and confidence in the ultimate victory.—Reuter.

Greater Tientsin Will Rise from the Floods

Plans for Reconstructing City Prepared

Tientsin, Nov. 14.

Returning to normal after the worst flood in its history, Tientsin will start work at the beginning of next year on a gigantic reconstruction programme spread over a period of five years and entailing expenditure of $50,000,000.

Completed plans for building a greater Tientsin include development projects at Taku at the mouth of the River Pai.

A Bureau for Construction of Greater Tientsin, as well as a branch office at Taku, will be organized to commence operations early in 1940. Reclamation of low land already has been started.

Special Administration District No. 3 is being reclaimed to an average height of 5.50 metres above water level. Mud from the Pai River is being heaped up 2½ to 3½ metres high at some places.

Officials in charge export to complete reclamation work in district No. 3 next year.—Domei.

New Military Command In S. Africa

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Nov. 14.

Creation of a new military command in South Africa is announced. It is designated the South-West Africa Command, comprising mandated territory and Malvis Bay.—Reuter.

Medical

Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
320 Szechuen Road, Arnhold Building
Hours: 10.30-1, 3-6 Telephone 17779
86 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
Hours: 8-10, 6-8, Telephone 83992

Dr. R. HOLPER, M.D.
has returned and resumed practice
(Paris University)
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
Consulting hours: 11-1, 4-6
59 Peking Road Telephone 10734

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(Berlin and New York Clinics)
Specialist in
Urology and Skin Diseases
Hamilton House, Office 217
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

Dr. I. M. STEINMANN, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Internal Diseases
Hours: 10-1 and 4-6 or by appointment
120 Nanking Road, 4th Floor
(corner Szechuen Road)
Tel. Office 14422; Residence 71133

SEXUOLOGICAL CLINIC
Dir. Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
Debility, Gland Disorders, Neurasthenia
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Minimum of 16 words

Replies to Box Numbers should be addressed care of "North-China Daily News," 17 The Bund (or P.O. Box 707), Shanghai, unless otherwise stated.

In applying for positions copies of references and not originals should be sent.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

YOUNG ambitious Chinese with good English and Chinese education, wanted by well-known American selling organisation. Address Box 4229, NCDN. -7670

FIRST-class night-club, requires singing guitarist or violinist. State last position. Box 4223, NCDN. -7661

ENERGETIC salesman wanted to push liquors, wines. Excellent prospects for pre-Christmas sales. Address Box 4236, NCDN. -7692

BRITISH or American lady stenographer with business office experience required by British firm. Address, stating previous experience, age, education, etc., Box 4208, NCDN.

FIRST-CLASS entertainer for night-club wanted, singer or dancer. Apply with particulars, salary, etc. to Box 4202, NCDN. -7624

WANTED, experienced reliable salesmen. Address Box 4211, NCDN. -7641

QUALIFIED piano tuner, local or outport work. Apply stating lowest salary to Box 4191, NCDN. 12374

WANTED, salesman for canvassing machinery business. Best prospects for the right man. Address Box 4043, NCDN. -7266

A NINE months correspondence course in bookkeeping is more effective than several years of class tuition. Elementary and advanced courses. Easy payments in Shanghai dollars. Text books free. British School of Accountancy, 264, Kiangse Road, Telephone 14967. Principal, J. Webster Watts (Chartered Accountant). -5730

WANTED: salesmen with good private connections for selling men's suit materials and ties. We pay allowance daily. Apply to Mewa, 324/26 Tiendong Road, 2nd. floor, Room 18, 9-11 a.m., 4-6 p.m. -7511

POSITION open for reliable man for import business. Only Chinese with executive ability need apply. State salary, education and experience. Address Box 4062, NCDN. -7371

RADIO engineer, preferably but not necessarily British, wanted take responsible charge up-country representation established company desirous developing market for telecommunication apparatus. Must possess good business ability and sufficient radio experience, amateur or professional, to warrant specialised training. Good prospects for young, keen, capable man. Replies treated in confidence, must include particulars, age, qualifications, references, married/single, salary expected. Write Box 4040, NCDN. -7239

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of five dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.80.

YOUNG lady seeks position to children or as lady-companion. Only half-day. Please reply Box 4230, NCDN. -7676

FRENCH steno-typist, good knowledge of English, seeks half/all day position. Address Box 4222, NCDN. -7660

RUSSIAN woman speaks English well, seeks job as a nurse to children, invalid or old lady. Only for day hours. Box 4210, NCDN. -7640

PART-time power plant superviser (Chinese), boiler room, internal combustion and steam engines. Competent and reliable. Salary no object. Box 4206, NCDN. -7628

YOUNG, well-educated gentleman, fluent English, French, German, seeks position in an office or as salesman. Box 4213, NCDN. -7643

YOUNG Briton, good family, two years' overseering experience, wants outport job. Fluent Chinese. Box 4178, NCDN. -7579

AMERICAN university graduate, with B.Sc. degree in civil engineering, seeks employment out of Shanghai. Will accept any reasonable offer. Box 4049, NCDN. -7277

AVAILABLE shortly, experienced embroidery, sundries export supervisor; good correspondent; well-connected; neutral. What offers? Box 3958, NCDN. -7102

INTELLIGENT, college-educated Russian, 29, experienced in office routine, technical supervision, salesmanship, driving, seeks suitable position. Excellent references. Moderate remuneration. Address Box 4063, NCDN. -7382

FRENCH-Italian correspondent-typist seeks position. Experienced office worker, knowledge Chinese. Best references, outport no objection. Address Box 4042, NCDN. -7265

ACCOUNTANT, foreigner, not refugee, highly qualified diversified experience, well acquainted statistical works, financial investigation, open for immediate engagement, best recommendations. Outport no objection. Box 4147, NCDN. -7504

YOUNG Chinese, American university M.A., long office administration experience, perfect interpretation work, seeks secretarial or journalistic position. Accepts reasonable offer. Box 4193, NCDN. -7611

Radios

PURCHASE all kinds of radios. Repairing with guarantee. Huhn Radio Service, 1916 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 73109. -7650

PHILLIPS Radio Short Wave, cheap sale, 497 Weihaiwei Road, 5 Young Terrace, Room 6. 12378

EXPERT radio service and antenna installations by the Radio & Electrical Industries. 145 Route Sayzoong, Telephone 78644. -7391

RADIO O. K.? For minor repairs, balancing, cleaning, $2. Telephone 43383. Chang's Radio Corporation, 102 North Chekiang Road. -7568

FOR SALE, Phillips radio, seven tubes, various famous paintings. 12 Rue Consulat, Apartment 501, Telephone 84207. -7448

W. KORBUT radio engineer, radios repaired on the spot promptly, efficiently. Telephone 36559. -6753

NEW RCA 6-tube motor-car radio at special price, $290. Radio Corporation of Asia, Telephone 5..77, 86149. -7601

RELIABLE repairs. All make radios. Foreign engineers. 1940 models, RCA Victor, Zenith, stocked. Universal Radio Co., Authorized R. C. A. Service Station, Telephone 19225, 232 Nanking Road. 12328

Boats

FOR SALE, motor launch, length 72 feet, breadth 12 feet. Strongly built steel hull, teakwood decks. Suitable for passengers or towing. Apply Box 4174, NCDN. 12362

Educational

CHINESE lady gives lessons in Shanghai dialect, Mandarin. Box 3801, NCDN. -7646

ENGLISH teacher for Chinese high-school. Apply own handwriting, qualifications, salary expected, hourly basis. Box 4217, NCDN. -7651

WANTED, English teacher, only British or American, for conversation and correspondence. Apply Hahn, 1162 Avenue Joffre. -7629

FRENCH and German lessons, conversation and grammar, given by experienced gentleman teacher. Easy method. Exceptional references. Twice weekly $15 per month. Apply from 8 to 9 a.m., or by letter to Room 1, 2 Quinsan Gardens. -7019

LE FRANÇAIS enseigné par institutrice diplômée. Progrès garanti. Téléphoner 72928, 1-3 heures. 55 Rue Molière, Appartement 5. -6618

ATTRACTIVE embroidery and artificial flowers making lessons given by experienced lady. Stocks carried. Best Christmas presents. Apartment 3D, 265 Avenue Haig. Telephone 74414. -7451

DRAWING lessons in designing of ladies' fashions, given by experienced gentleman-teacher at pupil's home. Write to Stein, 328 Tiendong Road, Room 7. -7332

RUSSIAN and Mandarin lessons by experienced young Russian lady speaking English/French. 437 Rue Ratard, Apartment 2B, Telephone 77452. -7443

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Thoroughly dependable. Shorthand, typewriting, English. Crystal-clear explanations. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 12130

MISS Moalem's School, 218 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, has a few vacancies in the kindergarten and primary grades. -7464

JAPANESE lessons given by foreign young lady with certificate. Speaks some English Box 4194, NCDN. -7613

PROFESSOR Carstens gives English private lessons. Moderate fees. Apply 81 Jinkee Road, Room 202, Telephone 11929. -7592

RADIO code lessons given privately by experienced radio instructor, results guaranteed. Address Box 3988, NCDN. -7170

Personal

FRENCHMAN, 28, would like to meet English-speaking lady, independent, preferably working woman, view friendship and language exchange. Address Bor 4225, NCDN. -7662

TWO attractive, intelligent girls wish to meet gentlemen for friendship and outings. Ages from 25-50. No refugees. Address Box 4234, NCDN. -7680

AMERICA-returned Chinese gentleman, literary, seeks companionship of middle-aged, financially disinterested lady. Any nationality. Box 4193, NCDN. -7611

Business Opportunities

EXPORT firm desires to export to America, N. E. I. and South Africa any kind of novelties and goods. Kindly call between 10-11 a.m. Transmarina Trading Co., 405 Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building. -7672

AMERICAN just arrived buys for export patents novelties and toys. Kindly address Box 4219, NCDN. -7653

WANTED compradore and Chinese salesman for first-class registered article. Address Box 4212, NCDN. -7642

GERMAN refugee, jeweller, wants association with diamond trader, buying and selling. Address Box 4207, NCDN. -7632

Lost

LOST, gold wrist-watch. Reward offered. Box 4201, NCDN. -7623

Miscellaneous

RITA, dressmaking salon. Orders taken, from $12. Prompt and accurate work. 461/53 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 80680. -7678

REFRIGERATING installations, repairs and service thoroughly performed by foreigners. European Mechanical Works, 819 Avenue Foch, Telephone 76990. -7631

FOREIGN machine shop, machine construction/repairs. Lathe works. European Mechanical Works, 819 Avenue Foch, Telephone 76990. -7631

TOOTAL, Duro and Wemco shirts, made to measure for small sizes with 40 per cent. discount. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 11886

TYPEWRITERS, bought, sold, rented, repaired, rebuilt, Hermes-Baby Dealers: Bartlett Yung Co., 132 Kiangse, Telephone 11875. -7507

SKILLED graphologist, long successful experience, tells you all worth knowing concerning qualifications of character of your contemplated matrimonial or business partner. Send at least five lines written in ink by the person in question and enclose $2 in registered letter to Joseph Jonas, 185 Chaoufoong Road. -7317

REFRIGERATORS G.E. Buy, sell, hire, repair. Russian Electric Co., 334A Avenue du Roi Albert, Telephone 74816. -6019

CARPETS cleaned chemically, 10 cents per square foot. Rugs dyed, repaired, stored. Esso Company, Telephone 12170. -7184

DOLLS (broken), repairing, renovating perfectly done. Dollies' coats, dresses, hats, shoes, stockings and wigs. Doll's Hospital Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -6818

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

MASSAGE, manicure, pedicure, 9, Central Arcade, upstairs, Corner Szechuen Road, entrance from Ezra Road. Telephone 11984. -7033

LADY gives massage from 2 to 8, 1225 Bubbling Well Road, Room 231, Telephone 34200. -6987

360 RUE Bourgeat, Room 2, near Route des Soeurs. Massage, from 2 to 8. -7021

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30. Second Floor. 12133

LADY gives general massage and manicure. 2-9 House 33, Flat 2, Lane 1025 Bubbling Well Road. -7094

For Sale—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE, very good typewriter made by Smith & Bros. 7F Route Grouchy. -7688

RED caviar, $1,80 pound. Sardines from 20 cents. Sugar, 42 cents. Salmon, 50 cents. Toilet paper $1 four rolls. Many others. Delivered everywhere. Zimmerman's, 215 Szechuen Road, Telephone 13233. -7686

BOOKS, magazines sale. From 40 cents. Detectives, biography, China, psychology; first editions, old books. Books bought, exchanged. Popular Bookstore, 215 Szechuen Road. New or old books we sell cheaper. -7687

BERETS, ladies' fashionable hats for sale; cheap, by manufacturer. Address Box 4215, NCDN. -7647

LADY'S Persian lamb fur coat. Bargain. 1017 Avenue Joffre, "For You." -7577

BARGAINS from emigrants' properties: one dinner set, flowers, and coffee set, $130. One dinner set, white-gold, $75. One dinner set white-blue, $50. All sets for 12 persons, finest German porcelain. Crystalware, porcelain, oil paintings in stock. Martin Futter, Wolff & Cohn, Hongkew, 912 East Seward Road, House 11, hours 9-12, 12-6. -7636

OCCASION. Table-cloths, napkins, bed-sheets and pillow-cases, for sale. 1182 Avenue Road, Room 19. -7580

LADY'S Persian lamb coat for sale. Best quality, beautiful thing, reasonable price. 12-5 p.m. daily. 925 Avenue Joffre, House 1, Room 6. -7311

SUN LAMP ("Original Hanau"), big size, with floor stand, 90% new, having been used only in a private household. Inspection 11-12 noon, Room 145, Hamilton House, 170 Kiangse Road. -7669

AMERICAN shoes, men's, high quality, all styles, liquidating at $25 per pair, some higher price, 131 Museum Road, Room 228. -7270

OPPORTUNITY real Afghanistan, yammuth, rug, to sell, 497 Weihaiwei Road, 5 Young Terrace, Room 6. 12380

BARGAINS, crystals, porcelain, pictures, bronzes, etc., 497 Weihaiwei Road, 5 Young Terrace, Room 6. 12380

SINGER sewing-machine. Bargain, 497 Weihaiwei Road, 5 Young Terrace, Room 6. 12379

WRITING Table, only one in Shanghai, special make, 497 Weihaiwei Road 5 Young Terrace, Room 6. 12379

LACES and linen, embroideries, table sets, handkerchiefs, etc. retailing below wholesale price. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 12351

ONE violin, one portable Columbia gramophone with records, one portable Corona typewriter, and one Electrolux vacuum cleaner, complete with transformer, all in excellent condition. Address Box 4145, NCDN. -7501

AMERICAN dresses liquidated below cost, from $20 to $55. 1412/2 Yu Yuen Road, Flat D., Telephone 21043. -7205

BEAUTIFUL cut-crystal-ware, porcelain figures, coffee/dinner sets, etc. 12 Rue Consulat, Apartment 501. -7448

WINTER pyjamas made to measure, from $8.90. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 12129

100 ladies' hats of latest models are on clearance sale at prices far below cost. Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -7600

THERMOSTATS, $18. Bottom heaters, $7, $8, $9. 3-phase regulator heaters, $25. Antidiscrassicum, $15-$40. Shanghai Aquarium, 210 Kiaochow Road. -7592

FOR SALE: dental unit engine and chair, slightly used, also some materials. 28 Broadway, Telephone 40255. -7603

ATTRACTIVE crystal glassware, porcelain figures, dinner, tea-sets, oil paintings, ivory miniatures, bronze statues. 421 Avenue du Roi Albert, Apartment 5. -7583

DOUBLE-barrelled 12-bore shot-gun with case, $200. Write 77/15 Edinburgh Road, Joe. 12320

SECONDHAND furniture store. Buying and selling, new and secondhand furniture and household effects, etc. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -6697

DINNER, coffee/tea sets, beautiful crystal-ware, glassware, porcelain figures, selection cups, Persian carpets, oil-pictures. 150 Tifeng Road, House 15, Flat 2. -7388

FOR SALE, private, best silverware, crystalware, porcelain, carpets, down-quilts. No brokers. 118 Route des Soeurs, House 4, Flat 3. -7469

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before November 16, after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 3081, 3095, 3217, 3219, 3337, 3393, 3446, 3453, 3512, 3532, 3551, 3554, 3556, 3575, 3582, 3584, 3596, 3601, 3612, 3618, 3648, 3650, 3688, 3706, 3748, 3754, 3760, 3764, 3765, 3826, 3829, 3838, 3899, 3953, 3976, 3979, 3980, 3987.

Chinese Servants

EMPLOYER recommends honest cook-boy. Telephone 23395. 12392

GOOD cook-boy, clean, honest, willing to work. Highly recommended. Address Box 4226, NCDN. -7663

GOOD cook seeks position, any cooking in every way. Experienced, reliable, references. Box 4227, NCDN. -7664

AVAILABLE one cook-boy, reliable and with good record. Address Box 4216, NCDN. -7649

GOOD cook-boy for small family, speaks English well, honest clean, reliable. Highly recommended. Box 4228, NCDN. -7667

RECOMMENDED No. 1 boy, excellent as cook-boy. Address Box 4200, NCDN. -7622

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). Only one with 3,000 satisfied customers. Cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen. -7289

MR. Reader Harris strongly recommends his house-coolie and cook, latter able to do cook boy. Telephone during office hours, 19570. 12373

HONEST cook-boy or cook, wife as amah, speaks good English, seeks position immediately, well-recommended. Address Box 4179, NCDN. -7576

ADVERTISER leaving Shanghai recommends baby-amah, Telephone 21179, 12-2. -7581

Wanted to Rent

WANTED to rent, one room, couple, use of kitchen, steamheating, French Concession. Address Box 4231, NCDN. -7676

BRITON requires three/four-roomed flat, Bubbling Well district. Furniture taken over, if price reasonable. Address Box 4220, NCDN. -7654

REQUIRED immediately. Suitable houses or flats in good locality in International Settlement for families of members of the British Army. Each should consist of at least one living room, kitchen, bathroom and one, two or three bedrooms. Reply to Officer Commanding, R.A.S.C., Ash Camp, Great Western Road, giving particulars of locality, size, monthly rental and date available. 12394

UNFURNISHED house, eight or more big rooms, garden. Concession or Settlement, available February first. Box 4218, NCDN. -7651

RESPONSIBLE American family want furnished house or apartment, minimum three bedrooms, available January 1, for four months. Telephone 73384. 12384

QUIET couple wants unfurnished/furnished room near Joffre. Address Salon Renomé, 659 Avenue Joffre. -7630

WANTED for bachelor, single, furnished room in vicinity of Grosvenor House, with/without breakfast. Address Box 4204, NCDN. -7626

WANTED, one big room or two rooms, preferably unfurnished, with private bathroom. Bubbling Well district. Box 4209, NCDN. -7639

FOR two persons only, wanted two bedrooms with private bath. Please state rent and district. Box 4214, NCDN. -7644

WANTED by responsible party, furnished house or apartment. Willing to pay the best price. Telephone 78499. -6853

LEADING children's dancing school requires suitable premises. Reply Box 3327, NCDN. 11894

WANTED, flat, apartment or good house. Willing to pay best price. Address Box 4197, NCDN. -7615

RESPONSIBLE foreigner requires two/three-roomed flat, furnished unfurnished. Address Box 4196, NCDN. 12377

WANTED by cultured family: furnished, steam-heated apartment. Two/three rooms, bath, kitchen. State particulars, etc. to Box 4182, NCDN. -7586

ENGLISHWOMAN requires three-roomed flat or half house. Unfurnished. Address Box 4187, NCDN. -7597

WANTED by responsible party, apartment or house, three to four rooms for short or longer term. Reply to Box 4188, NCDN. -7596

Wanted to Purchase

PIANO wanted. Apply Telephone 73606. -7652

WE buy jewellery, diamonds, platinum and gold at best prices. Sennet Freres, 307 Hamilton House, office hours: 10-11 a.m. 12393

WANTED: oil filter press, about 20 plates with pump. Offer with particulars to Box 4192, NCDN. -7610

WANTED to purchase (second-hand) one or two Singer double hemstitch machines No. 72 W12 or W13. Please telephone particulars to 18845. -5708

WANTED to purchase used radios and radiograms. Address Box 4071, NCDN. or Telephone 38488, 12-2 p.m. -7333

LATHE wanted, small screw-cutting. About 18-in. between centres. Reply Box 4183, NCDN. -7589

Motor Cars and Cycles

1934 Austin 7 excellent condition, price $3,300. Telephone 39935. -7684

HILLMAN Minx, 10, de luxe 1937 saloon, excellent condition, 14,000 miles, sale price £150. Address Box 4221, NCDN. -7655

MORRIS Major, 1933. Perfect mechanically, appearance. Good tyres. Owner driven. $2,000. Telephone 10887. -7665

FORD, 4-door sedan de luxe 1934, for sale, in perfect order. Cheap. 467 Cardinal Mercier, 1-4 p.m. -7635

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. -6059

WE buy and sell used cars and trucks, Auto Trading Co., 673 Szechuen Road, Telephone 17289-19351. -6287

1936 Ford V8 de luxe touring sedan, excellent condition, for sale, at US$550. Owner leaving. Telephone 18225 extension 78. -7618

SNAPPY sports DKW 2 stroke coupe with dickey, 35 m.p.g., perfect condition. Too small for present owner, will trade, or sell outright for $1,400 or nearest offer. Reply Box 4199, NCDN. -7620

1937 Ford de luxe sedan, excellent motor, leather upholstery, Address Box 4091, NCDN. 12322

WE have in stock a complete line of used cars. We also buy, exchange and lend money on cars. American Motors, Fed. Inc. U.S.A. 444 Avenue Foch, Telephone 35646. 12264

Office Cars

GENTLEMAN offers lift in closed car to a working lady from Petain-Magniny, down Avenue Joffre. Address Box 4224, NCDN. -7662

Garages

WANTED: garage for Chevrolet car near Park Hotel. Reply Box 4195, NCDN. 12376

Dancing

MISS Lilian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -6967

Animals

FOUND, Scotch terrier. Telephone 73045. -7657

BLACK male Scottie, answers to name Georgie. Reward. Telephone 30859. -7681

TRAINING school for dogs, any kind of training. Also boarded, $20 monthly. For sale: fox-terriers, Alsatian dogs. 187 Hungjao Road. -7648

Houses and Land

WANTED lease of small site of land (about 200 sq. metres) for erection of fumigating chamber. Address Box 4235, NCDN. giving full particulars. -7686

WILL buy foreign house (shops), lot 0,5-1,5 mow, French Concession or International Settlement; at buses, tramways' lines. Box 4205, NCDN. -7627

FOR long lease, corner lot about 1 mow. Address Box 4127, NCDN. -7438

FOR SALE, foreign residence, large garden, French Concession. No brokers. Address Box 4131, NCDN. -7469

Offices, Shops, Godowns

EMBROIDERY concern requires office, centrally located, for export, space about 1,000 sq. ft. Address Box 4232, NCDN. -7677

DENTAL office, use instruments, to sub-let for morning hours only. Nanking Road. Box 4233, NCDN. -7682

TO LET, bright office in central district, steam-heating, etc. in modern building. Telephone 14060. -7690

Unfurnished Houses

IMMEDIATELY, warm, newly decorated 6-roomed, modern house, garden, garage. International Settlement. No refugees. 750/3 Hart Road. -7387

Furnished Apartments

TO LET, furnished flat, also rooms. Apply Lane 1050, House 29, Yuyuen Road. -7668

TO LET, Avenue Road, 2½-roomed apartment. Rent $190. Furniture $1,700. Agency Korlin, 146A/1 Route des Soeurs. -7648

TO LET, two-roomed, modern, fully-furnished steam-heated apartment, verandah, bathroom, kitchen, taxes, hot water, steam heat, inclusive rent $260. Only people with references need apply. Suitable only for two. Tifeng Road. Telephone 20666. 12385

APARTMENT. One room, hall, bathroom, steam heating, hot water. Rental $160. Furniture $500, 1331 Ave. Joffre, ask apartment watchman for Mrs. Sablinsky. 12208

Unfurnished Apartments

TWO/three-roomed, unfurnished apartments, best location French Concession, occupation next month, cheap rent. Apply General Investment Co., 120 Jinkee Road. -7656

Rooms Without Board

FOR bachelor. Modern, steam-heated, furnished room, all conveniences. $130. Rue Paul Henry, Telephone 74065. -7675

FOR quiet, responsible gentleman: beautiful big room, nicely furnished, Centre Concession. All modern conveniences. Telephone 17779 or 83992. -3148

TO LET, one confortable room in modern apartment for single person only. Telephone 76094 between 1-2 and 7-8 p.m. -7660

TO LET, large furnished room with big verandah, Telephone 22143. -7637

CENTRAL, near Dollar Building: attic flat, unfurnished three rooms, bath, kitchen, $90. Furnished room, single person, $65. Box 4181, NCDN. -7586

ROOMS, big, small; flats, apartments, shops, houses; furnished, unfurnished. Small properties for sale. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -6965

FURNISHED southern room with verandah to single person. Vacant November 15. 54 Route Grouchy. -7447

Rooms with Board

ONE/two large south rooms with verandah, private bathroom, steam-heating, hot water, large garden, good food. Bus 2, 14, 7. 157 Edinburgh Road, Telephone 23555. -7671

BEST part French Concession, steam-heated room, hot and cold water, for couple or single person, available immediately, 365 Route Cardinal Mercier, Telephone 70614. -7685

BIG room with closed large verandah, facing South, full accommodations. 467 Cardinal Mercier. -7634

BIG, well-furnished room, steam-heating, share bath. Excellent European food. Available immediately. Villa Victor, 2032 Avenue Joffre. -7564

IMMEDIATELY, by family's boarding house. Furnished room, verandah, suitable foreign couple, with board. 715 Avenue Petain. -7616

THE Villas, 969 Avenue Foch. Single room available, suitable for lady, gardens, garage. Good food. Telephone 75433, Manageress. -7604

FURNISHED room with private bathroom. Full board. Arcola heating. 14 Kelmscott Gardens, Telephone 72385. -7608

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